E. Ag. 79.

Pt I

Class-representation in Public Servi

Containing Petition from Veerabasavarra

and Statements received from Heads of

Departments and Dy. Commissioners and

notes connected therewith.

D

G.R.S. 11]

1914-15

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(G & MB)

NOTES.

File No. 3-14

FILE HEADING.

Class Representation in the public Service

From

No.	Dated	Received

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

NOTES—First Sheet.

GPB—35,000—15 6

E.A.B.

Confidential

sl 7

Mr N. Rama Rao will kindly undertake this work and put the matter into shape within a week from this date:-

(i) The proportional representation of the various communities in the public service of Mysore.

(ii) Ditto in High School & Collegiate & University Education.

(iii). The best method of encouraging qualified people in deficient communities represented ~~[illegible]~~ in the public service.

(iv) Measures already taken here & in Br India in this matter.

Dwan
28/4

Dewan's oral orders on 27/4/14

Dewan's Orders:

"Mr N Ranga Rao will kindly undertake this work, & put the matter into shape within a week* from this date:

(1) The proportional representation of the various communities in the public service of Mysore

(2) " in High School, & Collegiate & University edn.

(3) The best method of encouraging qualified people in communities differently represented in the public service

(4) Measures already taken here and in British India in this matter" (27. 4. 14)

- subsequently extended by 3 weeks

2 Note submitted.

The delay was due to the necessity of collecting information and tabulating figures, & may be kindly condoned.

NR 15. 6. 14

3 Please put up the original order

Draft 16/6

4 Put up

NR 16.6.14

5 Ret^d to the Govt Secy with reference to Mr Veeraraghavaya's representation sent to him today

Draft 17/6

4 5

REPLY.

(*To be written on this margin.*)

Office of the Dewan of Mysore.

NOTE.

Dated.....15th June.....*1914* .

6 The accompanying petition from Mr. H.K. Veerabasavaiya giving a list of the gentlemen belonging to the backward communities who have either not succeeded in getting any appointment in public service or who having entered public service, have not got on as well as they deserved, is transferred to the Efficiency Audit Section for study and return with a note.

15-6-14. RG

7 This may be dealt with in continuation of the Note prepared by Mr N. R. Rao

Dwan 17/6

M 8 The accompanying statement showing the distribution of Govt appointments among the several castes has been prepared from Cstt Schedules and is not very satisfactory. As the caste is not entered in these schedules, it was generally guessed from the name. For a ~~prosperory~~ study of the question, I think it necessary to obtain several accurate information from the ~~Heads of~~

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | 3A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

Departments of Govt as well as local bodies. If approved, information will be called for in the form appended.

The question of class representation in public service has engaged the attention

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB--25,000--2-12-14

6 7

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

of the Govt of India and of Local Govts, and I have found reference to certain Resolutions passed by them. As copies of these Resolutions are necessary for a comparative study of the subject, a draft letter to F. A. Resident requesting to be furnished with the same is put up

NEE 6/10/14

Secretary)

A draft calling for information may also be proposed. The Form seems to require slight revision. Shall be glad if the Dt Secy will kindly see me with the file.

Dewan 14/10

Munsiff.

NEE 14/10

A draft is put up, with a revised form.

NEE 15/10

Secretary)

Both the drafts may be approved. The information suggested in the draft is necessary to settle the point frequently urged for consideration, quite satisfactorily. The Statement in regarding to Gazetted officers will be prepared in the E. D. B.

Dewan)

Dewan 15/10

Drafts approved by the Dewan. Dewan 21/10

20/10/14

NEE 21/10

1947
16-10-14

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

P.T.O

GPB—60,000—7-11-13

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

GA File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
1	To the First Asst Resident No Pol 868 dt 26/10/14 Requests him to obtain copies of orders if any, passed by the Govt of India and ~~Govt~~ local Govts in the matter of giving special encouragement in the public service to members of communities which are backward in education.
2	To Heads of Depts Dy Comrs of Depts Presidents of Bangalore & Mysore City Municipal Councils. No 50-92 dt 26/10/14 Calls for certain information regarding class representation in the Public Service.
3	From the Supdt, Govt Museum No 71 dt 28/10/14 Submits a list showing the representation of the various communities in the Museum office.
4	From the Meteorological Reporter No 186 dt 31/10/14. Submits the information regarding his dept.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—10,000—13-6-14

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
5	From the Inspt. Imam Settlement No 45 dt 31/10/14 Submits his information regarding the Imam office.
6	From the Govt Advocate No 124 dt 2/10/14 do - do - regarding his office
7	From the Dr of Industries & Commerce No 1228 dt 4/11/14 do do -
8	From the Inspector Inspt. No 555 dt 5/11/14 do - do -
10	From the Registrar of Cooperative Societies No 1004 dt 25/11/14 do - do -
12	From the Economic Botanist No 794 dt 25/11/14 do - do about Govt Gardens
13	From the Chief Commandant No 236 dt 30/11/14 do - do about the Chief Commandants office

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G A · File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

14 From the Senior Surgeon
No G 231 dt 1/12/14
Furnishes the information about his office

15 From the State Geologist
No 830 dt 6/11/14
do - do -

16 From the Insurance Secretary
No 1144 dt 3/11/14
do - do -

17 From the Amount- Inchal Supt
No 140 dt 7/11/14
do - do -

18 From the Director of Agriculture
No 2355 dt 9/11/14
do - do -

19 From the Officer in charge of Archaeological Researches
No 74 dt 10/11/14
do - do -

20 From the Supt, Govt Press
No 565 dt 9/11/14
do - do.

21 From the Secy, Exe Committee and Officer in charge of the Public Library Bangalore
No 62 dt 14/11/14 - do - do.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G & A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
22	From the Supt, Rev Survey. No 69 dt 21/11/14 Furnishes the information about Clerc Representation in this office
23	From the Rev Comr. No 5966 dt 23/11/14 Furnishes the information regarding his office and in the Veterinary Deptt.
24	The Engineer in chief, Ry Constn Deptt No 8023 dt 23/11/14 Do - Do - about his office
25	From the ~~Dy of Deptt~~ Chief Electrical Engr No ~~1464~~ 5357 dt 24/11/14 Do - Do -
27	From the Dy of Prisons No 1427 dt 13/11/14 Do - Do -
28	From the Comptr No 3677/R 195 dt 18/11/14 Do - Do. about the Civil Branch of his office
29	From the Supt, Govt Stationery No 574 dt 17/11/14. Do - Do -

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G. A. File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

80 From the Comptroller, P.W.D. Ry Branch
No 3041 dt 18/11/14
Furnishes the information about his office

82 From the Dy Comr, Madura Distt
No 274 dt 24/11/14
Furnishes the information regarding the Rev Deptt of the Distt.

83. From the First Distt Resident
No 9767 dt 30/11/14
Forwards the Madras Govt orders on the subject of giving special encouragement to backward classes.

84 From the Dy Comr, Mysore Distt
No 397 dt 1/12/14
Forwards a letter from the President of the Mysore City Municipal Council re Class Representation in the Municipality.

85 From the Stamps Comr.
No 363 dt 29/11/14
Furnishes the information re. Stamps Deptt

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—26,000—2-11-14

13

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G A B File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
36	From the Dy Commr in Mysore No 9287/394 dt 30/11/14 Forwards his information re- the Excise Deptt.
37	From the Secy, Economic Conference No 977 dt 27/12/14 Do - Do - about the Conference offices
39	From the Sanitary Commr No 2675 dt 5/12/14 Do - Do about the Sanitary Deptt.
40	From the Dy Commr, Bellary Distt. No 240 dt 11/12/14 Do - Do about the Rev Deptt of his Distt.
41	From the D.C. Kolar Distt. No 225 dt 7/12/14
42	From D.C. Bangalore S 323 dt 9/12/14 Forwards his information for the Rev Finct and Excise Deptts.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-14-14

[F. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G A B File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
43	From the Dept of Revenue No 1394 dt 10/12/14 Furnishes the information rec. from the Revenue Deptt.
44	From the D.C. Bangalore No 5329 dt 14/12/14 Furnishes the information about the Police & Judicial Deptts of his office and forwards a fresh list for the Rev Deptt.
45	From the Secy Chief Engr No 11705 dt 15/12/14 Do - do Re. P.W.D.
46	From the President, Bangalore City Municl Ck No 168 dt 14/12/14 Do - do about the Bangalore Municipality
47	From the First Asst Resident No 10314 dt 19/12/14 Forwards copies of the ~~Govt~~ orders on the subject of special encouragement to backward classes of the Govts of Bengal and Bombay

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB--25,000--2 11-14

R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G AB File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No. 48

From the Foreign Secretary.
No 10358 dt 22/12/14
~~Forwards the information~~
Forwards copies of the Govt of India Resolution and Circulars on the subject.

13 Asst Secy's order
"The receipt of the copies of the G.Os may be acknowledged with thanks"
(Initd) N.M.
25/12/14

14 Asst-Secy.
"The letter may be sent, if thought necessary."
31/12

15 Secretary)
The draft may be approved. After this issue, a Note will be submitted on the subject in regard to Mysore.
(Dhoran)
Draft approved
1/1/15

3623
2-1-15

17 I shall be glad if Govt the Govt & to have an opportunity of reading the Govt of India circulars once more.
(Draft Govt can approved) 5.1.15 RG

To be dealt with as an urgent case 5/1

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | E. & B File No. 8 of 1914-15

Serial No.

49. From the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan
No 205-/s dated 2nd/9th January 1915
Submits six statements under class representation

50. From the Excise Commissioner in Mysore
No 5138 dated 16th/18th January 1915
Forwards a class-representation statement for the Excise Department

52. From the Inspector-General of Police in Mysore
No 3089/375 dated the 26th January 1915
Forwards statistics under class-representation for certain departments as I. G.'s Office, Provincial Police Training School, Railway Police and Provincial Special Reserve.

53 From the Conservator of Forests in Mysore
No 6847 dated the 13th January 1915
Forwards the statement for the Forest Department

54 From the Registrar, Chief Court, Bangalore
No 3211/195 dated the 22nd/26th January 1915
Forwards the statement for the Civil Courts in the State.

57 From the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga
~~Forwards the statement six only for the~~
~~Several departments in the District~~
~~under his Control.~~

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-12-14

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | E. A. 68 File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
	No 323/Reo.214 dated the 30th January 1915 Forwards six statements of class-representation for the Several Departments under his control in the District
58	From the Secretary to the Govt of Mysore for Railways, Bangalore. No 1634 dated the 30th January 1915 Forwards a statement for the staff of the Railway Secretariat.
59	From the Military Secretary to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore No 3023/6 dated the 3rd February 1915 Forwards statistics under class-representation in the Establishments under his control
60.	From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District No 5-96/1 dated the 8th February 1915 Submits a statement for officials in the District
61	From the Chairman, City Improvement Trust Board Mysore. No 104/, dated the 11th February 1915 Forwards a statement for officials in Trust Board.
63	To the First Assistant, to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore, Bangalore. Pol. No. 641 dated 6th January 1915 Acknowledges with thanks the receipt

NOTE.—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | E. A. File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

of the Govt orders on class-representation

64 From the Deputy Commr Tumkur District No 412 dated 9th/21st February 1915
Submits a statement of class-representation in the Tumkur Distt

All the Deputy Commissioners have not given full information with respect to the several departments in the District under their control. Submitted with a draft calling for information before the 20th instant.

6-5-15 The statements should have been examined as they were received and any infn that was wanting should have been immediately called for. What is the explanation for the omission. The commns should have been submitted as they came in each within 5 days of receipt. This omission also has to be explained. Some the letters.

Mr. Narayana Rao said that this was explained personally to the Asst Secy

7/5/15

7/5/15

Do

65- The Deputy Commissioners of districts.

D.O. letters nos. 623-30 dated 8/10th May 1915
Requests that information as regards the

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | E. A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

Departments noted, information may be kindly furnished as regards class-representation before the 20th of ~~this month~~ may 1915.

66. From the Deputy Commissioner Kadur District

Letter no 530 dated the 20th may 1915.

Stating that statements under class-representation in Public Service in Kadur have been submitted.

67 From the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District

D.O. Letter no 22 dated the 21st may 1915

Forwards statements of class-representation in Public service.

In the statements received from the Deputy Commr Kadur for the Forest, Local + Municipal Funds, and the Police Departments, consolidated figures are given for 'other Hindus', 'other Castes', 'Madaliars and Sudras.' If approved a draft will be put up requesting the Dy. Commr. Kadur to furnish more details as regards the castes of the number shown in the respective columns.

Submitted

24/5

26.5.15

Submitted with a draft on the lines suggested above.

25.5.15

Issue. Please see my note of the 7th inst & let me know how long I am to wait for a reply

26/5

× flag N

⊗ flag O

| flag P.

MN 24/5

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-3-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 3 of 1914-5

Serial No.

68. To

The Deputy Commr, Kadu

D.O. Letter no 698 dated 26th may 1915.

Requesting for further information in regard to statements under 'Forest' Local and Municipal Funds' and 'Police' departments

69. From The Deputy Commr Jammu

D.O. no 338 dated the 30th may 1915.

Forwarding six statements under class representation in Public Service.

Flag M. In the copy of the statement received from the Dy. Commr Jammu for the Police only castewise figures are given for the total number of appointments. It is necessary that figures should be given for appointments on Rs 50 & above and for those below Rs 50.

Flag O. In the copy of statement for the Excise Deptt figures are given under column "And so on". A draft forwarding these statements for more particulars being furnished is put up.

29.5.15

Issue
31/5

To

The Dy. Commissioner Jammu

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-1-15.

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

E. A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
70	Letter no 706 / E-A dated the 31st May 1915 Returns the statements for the Police and Excise departments in his District for furnishing further information. From the Deputy Commissioner Kadur
	Letter no 557 dated the 29th May 1915
71	Submitting revised statements of class-representation in public service in the Forest Local Funds and Police departments. The necessary alterations have been made in the consolidated statement which is being compiled in the office. If approved a reminder will be put up on monday for such of the Deputy Commissioners as have not furnished the required information. Submitted. 4.6.15
MN 4/6/15	
72	From the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore. D.O. Letter no 731 dated 12th June 1915 Submitting statements of class-representation in public service.
73	From, The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore Letter no 999 dated 11th June 1915

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-3-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

E. A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

Submits class-representation in Public Service for the Police Exclusive of city Police, Judicial Bench and city Magistrate's Courts, Municipal and Veterinary Departments and states that information regarding the Excise, Registration and Forest Departments has been forwarded to the heads of Depts.

74 From, The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore
Letter no 1003 dated the 12th June 1915—
Submits statement of class-representation in public service for the Mysore City police.

75 From, The Deputy Commissioner, Kankan
D.O. no 361 dated the 11th June 1915.
Submits corrected Statements of class-representation in public Service for the police and Excise Departments.
Submitted. The figures have been compiled in the Statement which is being prepared in the office. The Deputy Commrs of Kalar, Shemoga and Chitaldroog have not yet furnished the information. The last reminder was issued on the 8th instant. If approved a reminder will be put up on Monday the 21st instant.
17.6.15

Yes
18/6

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-3-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

E. A File No. 3 of 1914-15

	Serial No.	
	76	From, The Dy. Commr. Chitaldroog. Letter no 581 dated 16th June 1915 — Submits class-representation statement for all departments under his control except Revenue.
Flag P.		In this statement three persons are shown in the column under "other Hindus". A draft is put up to the Dy. Commr. Chitaldroog to furnish the particulars of caste for those three persons. Submitted. 19. 6. 15 Issue NEN 19/6
	77	To The Dy. Commr Chitaldroog. Letter no 874 dated 21. 6. 15 Returns the class-representation statement in public service for mentioning the caste of those under Hindus.
	78	From, The Dy. Commr. Chitaldroog. Do. Letter no 248 dated the 28th June 1915. Returns the statement noting against the castes to which the persons shown under column "other Hindus" belong. The Deputy Commrs of Kolar and Shimoga have not yet furnished the information. Submitted with reminder 6. 7. 15 Issue NEN 6/7/15

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

CPB—25,000—22-3-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | E. A File No. 3 of 1914-15

Serial No.

Reminders issued to the Dy. Commrs Shemoga and Kolar on 7. 7. 15 nos 65 and 66/S.A.

From

79. The Deputy Commissioner, Kolar,

Letter no 22/6. dated 15th July 1915.

Submits six statements of class representation in public service and states that the figures given for Revenue Deptt includes the those for the Treasury Department as well, and that there is no Bench Magistrate court nor a separate Mugarai Establishment.

Entries have been made in the statements under compilation in the office. Information is still due from the Deputy Commissioner Shemoga. Inasmuch as a reminder was issued on the 7th instant, the next reminder will if approved be submitted on the 1st of next month.

Submitted

20. 7. 15

[illegible]

From the Deputy Commissioner Shemoga

80. D. O. no 30. dated 12th August 1915.

Forwards statements under class-representation for the General Deptts and also a revised one for the Revenue Deptt.

NOTE--Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-3-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

E-A File No. 3 of 1914.

Serial No.

Submitted with a draft requesting certain officers to furnish further information in regard to the castes of persons shown under the column "others".

Dove
26/8

24.8.15

Do.

The Supt. Govt. Press.
The Engineer-in-chief Ry. construction Deptt.
The chairman Trust Board.
The Stamp Commr.
The D. G. of Education
The Excise Commr.
The chief Engineer in mysore
The D. G. of Registration
The Senior Surgeon & Sanitary Commr.
Deputy Commr Kadur
Deputy Commr Bangalore.

81 Letter no. 396-406 G.A dated 1.9.15.
Requesting for detailed information re the castes of the several communities entered under the col. "others"

From
The Engineer-in-chief, Railway construction Deptt.
Letter 8962 dated 4th September 1915.
Returns the statement noting the necessary particulars.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—30-4-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | E. A File No. 3 of 1914.

Serial No.

From the Deputy Commr. Kadur Dt.
Letter no 163 dated 7/8th September 1915
Submits a fresh statement for the Rev. Deptt of the Dt.

From the Superintendent Govt Press.
Letter no 632 dated 6.9.15
Returns the statement giving detailed information

From the Excise Commissioner
Letter no 106 dated 6/8th September 1915
Flag u — Stating that it is not practicable to give details re the various castes under "Hindus-others"

From the Inspector General of Registration
Letter no 661 dated 15th September 1915
Flag w. — Stating that it is not practicable to give details of castes for "other Hindus."

From the Stamp Commissioner Bangalore.
Flag y. — Letter no 191 dated 4/6th September 1915
With reference to his letter no 661 d 15th Sept. 1915 in his capacity of the head of the Registration Deptt
Submitted with a draft to the Excise Commr, the I. G. of Regn and Stamp Commr to give information under certain columns. This could be given, easily from the gradation lists submitted to the Head of the Deptt, annually. If approved the letter may issue. A reminder is also sent up to such of those as have not sent their replies.
20.9.15

Issue
27/9

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—30-4-15

. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191

Serial No.

Reminder issued on. 28. 9. 15.

To The Excise Commissioner
The Stamp Commissioner
The Inspector General of Registration

Letter no. 665-667. dated 5-10-15.

Requests for details for other Hindus in the form appended

From The Inspector General of Education

Letter no 5619 dated 21st September 1915.

Submits a fresh statement of class-representation as it stood on 1st July 1914.

From The Deputy Commr Bangalore
Letter no 230 of 4. 10. 1915.
Submits revised statement of class representation in P.S.

From The Senior Surgeon
Mysore Government

Letter no 197 dated 6. 10. 1915.

Furnishing detailed particulars re the statement of class-representation for other Hindus.

From The Sanitary Commissioner
Bangalore

Letter no 1480 dated 7th October 1915.

Forwards revised statement of class-representation in the service in the Sanitary Department.

From The Stamp Commissioner

Letter no 226 dated the 13th October 1915.

Submits a revised statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—20,000—30-6-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191

Serial No.

in the Stamp department as it stood on 11th October 1915.

Submitted.

20/10.15.

From the Inspector General of Registration
Letter no 887 dated 11/16th October 1915
Forwards a statement of various castes to which the officials of this department.

From
The President, city municipal council, Mysore
Letter no 112 dated 23/26th October 1915
Resubmits the class-representation statement giving details for 'other classes'.

From The chief Engineer of Mysore
~~stating~~ Letter no 437 dated 2nd Novr. 1915.
Stating that details under "sudras" will be furnished on receipt of information from the Superintending Engineer Cauvery Reservoir works.

From The chief Engineer of Mysore
Letter no 11697 dated the 15th December 1915
Forwards the modified statement of class-representation in public Service.

From The Excise Commissioner in Mysore
Letter no 255 dated 11th January 1916.

NOTE--Contn. sheet.

GPB—20,000—30-6-15

E. A. G. 79.

27
26

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.	E. A File No. 3 of 1914.
Serial No.	

Forward a statement showing the representation of several communities in the Excise Deptt.

Submitted with a statement.

22/1/16.

For further action please see file No. E. A. G. 79.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.		File No. of 191 .
	Serial No.	

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191

Serial No.

N O T E

In order to deal with the question satisfactorily, the Heads of Departments and Deputy Commissioners have been requested to furnish statistics of public servants belonging to the various classes employed under them. As these statistics have not as yet been received from all the officers addressed, this note is prepared provisionally on the basis of the figures compiled from available sources, viz., the Civil List and the establishment schedules. The caste has been guessed generally from the names, and though the results of such a process cannot be quite satisfactory, they may be regarded as sufficiently accurate for practical purposes. Persons in superior service are alone taken into account, the menial establishments and the village service being excluded for obvious reasons.

The other figures given in the accompanying table are taken from the last Census Report. The statistics given in that report as regards persons employed in Public Administration do not appear to take Government servants of all Departments into consideration, while as regards such Departments as are so taken, even menials are included.

BRAHMINS

From column 5 of the appended table it will be seen that 72 or 75 per cent of the appointments in the Government service are held by Brahmins who

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

Serial No.

who form only 3.4 per cent of the entire population. Judged from these facts alone, there can be no doubt that the Brahmin caste has a disproportionately large share of public appointments. But for a right understanding of the actual position, it is necessary to enquire not what total percentage of Brahmins or of any other caste are officials, but how many of ~~them~~ such caste who are prima facie eligible for appointment are actually employed. Under present circumstances, no one who is ignorant of English can reasonably hope to obtain clerical or other superior employment in the public service. It is therefore necessary to look at the figures showing literacy in English. The total English knowing male population is 26,364 of which 15,004 are Brahmins forming nearly 59 per cent of the total population literate in English. When the proportion of literacy is judged from the statistics of pupils attending High Schools and Colleges it will be found that Brahmins form an even larger percentage, viz., 68.5. The conclusion therefore is that though the Brahmin community holds by far the highest number of appointments, out of all proportion to its numerical strength, it possesses at the same time a proportion, almost equally large, of persons eligible for service. Out of every 100 such persons in the Brahmin community, (i.e., those who are literate in English) about 45 are in State employment, which is a lower percentage than in the case of Mahomedans, but higher than that in every other community.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

Serial No.

MAHOMEDANS

Only 3.6% of the few pupils in High Schools & Colleges are Mahomedans.

Next to the Brahmins are the Mahomedans who hold 9.3 per cent or 873 appointments. Considering that they form 5.2 per cent of the total population and only 4.8 per cent to the population literate in English, it is clear that this community enjoys more than its proportionate share of patronage both from the point of view of literacy and of population. Out of every 100 Mahomedans possessing a knowledge of English, which as stated before may be regarded as an essential qualification for Government service, 68.6 per cent find employment in Government service. In other words they are 23.1 per cent better off than Brahmins in this respect.

LINGAYATS

The Lingayats hold 281 appointments in the public service or 2.9 per cent. They form 12.7 per cent of the total population and are thus in a position of decided inferiority as regards State employment considering their numbers alone; but real desparity is not so great as they contribute only 2.9 per cent to the population literate in English. To put the case in another way, for 100 Lingayats literate in English, 35.8 are in State employment which is just above the average for all communities put together.

If their literacy is ~~guessed,~~ guessed however, from the number of Lingayat pupils attending High Schools and Colleges (5.2 per cent), the share of State employment possessed by this community must

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

Serial No.

must be said to be less than their due.

INDIAN CHRISTIANS

The community that holds the next largest number of appointments is that of the Indian Christians. They form .6 per cent of the total population, but hold 1.8 per cent of the total number of appointments or 3 times the number that their numerical strength would warrant.

They form 6.7 per cent of the English knowing population but this does not represent their real literacy as only 2.6 per cent of the pupils attending High Schools and Colleges are Indian Christians. Even taking this percentage, however, it is clear that the Indian Christians in public service are fewer than the extent of literacy in English among them would lead one to expect.

KSHATRIYAS

The Kshatriyas form about .6 per centage of the population and hold .9 per cent of the appointments, i.e., considerably more than their numerical strength would seem to warrant. But this is appreciably less than what is due to them in view of their effective literacy which is 2.3 and 2.5 per cent according as ~~you~~ we take statistics of literate population in English or of School going population in the higher classes.

VAISYAS

The Vaisyas hold twice as many appointments as they would be entitled to under proportional arrangements, but compared to the literates among them

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them, they appear at a disadvantage. They hold .8 per cent of the appointments while they contribute 2.4 per cent to the population at school in the higher classes and 1.1 per cent to the literates in English.

JAINS

The portion of the Jains in the service is not commensurate either with their members or their literacy, but they form a but small community.

The case of Europeans and Eurasians requires no separate consideration.

OTHER HINDUS

It would have been an advantage if separate statistics could have been gathered about the several castes who appear under the term "Other Hindus". But this was not found possible and therefore only aggregate figures are given. Forming nearly ¾ of the population and 26.1 per cent of literates in English they hold 11.1 per cent of the appointments. That is to say, whether judged by members or by education, their share of public employment is inadequate.

To summarise, the position may be depicted as follows:-

1.	Appointments more than proportionate to number and literacy	Brahmins and Mahomedans.
2.	More than proportionate to numbers & less than proportionate to literacy.	Indian Christians, Kshatriyas & Vaisyas
3.	Less than proportionate to numbers but more than proportionate to literacy (slightly)	Lingayats

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	4. Less than proportionate to numbers as well as to literacy.	Other Hindus and Jains.

So far for appointments in general. Almost precisely the same results will be obtained by examining the composition of the higher service, i.e., appointments included in the Civil List.

(a) The proportion of Brahmins in these appointments is 66.1, i.e., very nearly the proportion of Brahmin pupils to the total number in High Schools and Colleges (68.5).

(b) The prepondenrance of Indian Christians is much more pronounced in the higher than in the lower service, being 13 times the proportion that their number bears to the total population and 1 per cent in excess of the percentage that this community contributes to the literate in English.

(c) The superiority of the Mahomedans in the lower service is maintained in the higher service also, but not to such a marked degree. While the percentage of appointments held by them is 9.3 per cent, they have only 5.5 per cent of the superior posts In this calculation, however, commission appointments in the Military Department lower than that of Risaldar are excluded.

Such is the position at present. The question is how far a more equal distribution of State

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State patronage among the several classes is possible and what measures should be adopted in order to achieve it.

To begin with it must be recognised that what is commonly known as proportional representation in the service must remain in the region of unrealised ideals so long as wide inequalities exist in the education especially the higher education of the several classes. But if no definite proportions can be fixed, it does not mean that endeavours cannot be made within certain limits to maintain the representative character of the service.

This principle has been recognised by Government in G.O.No.G.3528-75/G.M.232-12-1 dated 6th January 1913, and the corollary thereto, that special encouragement should be provided for the backward classes, has also been accepted.* The form which the encouragement should take requires to be determined.

* Vide G.O. No. 1663-4/Ex. 37-12-12 dated the 20th August 1912.

In the first place, backward classes "cannot be exempted from those tests which are essential to secure admission of duly qualified candidates into public service". Such a course, as the Government of India pointed out in dealing with a request of this kind from the Mahomedans is not for the advantage of the backward classes themselves. But this principle, it is to be observed, has not always been followed in Mysore. Vide G.O.No.2309-21/L.R.150-06-1 dated 20th August 1906, where the minimumeducational

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

Serial No.

educational qualifications for Shekdari candidates belonging to backward classes are fixed at a lower level than in the case of the others. The distinction has however been removed latterly because the minimum was found too high even for candidates belonging to the more advanced classes.

But granting a minimum of educational qualification as indispensable, there are wide limit within which it is possible to give preference to caste considerations. How far should these considerations weigh, for instance, in selecting between candidates answering minimum requirements but possessing unequal qualifications. The practice on this point is not uniform in British India. The rule laid down by the Government of Bengal, as regards Mahomedans, is that till a certain proportion was reached, officers empowered to make appointments should not reject a Mahomedan candidate duly qualified in favour of a Hindu candidate merely because the latter has superior qualifications. The Government of Bombay, however, have always refused to accede to the principle that candidates drawn from backward classes, provided they are qualified for appointments, should be given preference over all other candidates. Their policy has been laid down to be that "subject always to the observance of the principle which requires the maintenance of due admixture of classes in the ranks of the public service, preference could only be given on considerations of superior fitness and capacity".

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The Bengal view, as will be shewn later on, is based on exceptional circumstances and the principle laid down in Bombay appears to embody the more usual or at any rate the sounder policy.

To lay down merely that as between candidates possessing equal or not too disparate qualifications the person belonging to the more backward classes should be chosen, may appear too vague a direction to be properly enforced. But, if so, it will only share the desirability that attaches to almost all rules regulating the exercise of patronage.

In reality, however, there is no ground for such a fear. Officers empowered to make appointments now send a quarterly return of fresh men entertained in service by them. If a list of applicants giving the caste of each is prescribed as an accompaniment to this return, it will be quite possible to check violations of the rule.

In order that the arrangement may work properly, there must be no ambiguity as to who are the backward classes, and what their relative position is as regards special encouragement. A list of such classes should be drawn up in the order in which they should be encouraged. The list should be periodically (say, once in 3 years) revised and sent round to all officers possessing the power of appointment.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

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R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 19

Serial No.

Whether there should be one list for the whole State, or since the different castes and religions are unequally distributed, for each District or other territorial unit is a matter of detail.

The trouble in most cases is that the authorities who exercise patronage are not aware of suitable candidates belonging to backward classes. Where there are responsible associations representing such classes, the authorities concerned should be required to place themselves in communication with them when they are in search of recruits. This is also a ~~principle~~ practice generally followed in British India.

Guide - 4

In the case of appointments governed by competitive selection, a ready means of applying the principle above stated (namely, of giving preference to class considerations only where there is no great disparity in qualifications) would be by selecting a proportion (say 25 per cent) of the places to be filled by men of backward classes who have secured a pass but without coming out at the very top.

Though caste may be admitted to the extent above stated as a ground of preference, it should count only at the initial recruitment and should not give any person a perpetual momentum enabling him to supersede at every vacancy senior deserving men of other classes. This is obviously necessary in the interests of efficiency and fairness.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

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But whatever may be the right view to take as to the amount of encouragement that may be given to the backward classes in the matter of State employment, there can be no doubt that special facilities should be provided for their education. The help hitherto afforded in this direction does not seem quite adequate, except in the case of the Mahomedans. The latter enjoy partial exemption from school fees and a certain number of scholarships some of which are tenable at Aligarh have been instituted for encouraging higher education among them. But there are other classes who are far behind and for whose uplift earnest endeavours are only just beginning to be made. It is only recently that some scholarships have been sanctioned for encouraging Lower Secondary education among them and the institution of Panchama schools is also a recent measure. Except as regards primary education which is free to all, the classes in question are not exempted from the payment of school fees.

As the Education Commission remarked (quoted in the Resolution of the Government of India), "special encouragement to any class is in itself an evil", but it is far less so and is likely to prove much more efficacious as regards education, than as regards State employment. Though added facilities for entering the State service may give a certain impetus to education, real progress can only be achieved by promoting education directly. The policy that has been adopted in this behalf deserves to be developed.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

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Serial No.

In what has been stated above, the policy of British India has been taken as an example, but in two respects it does not appear expedient to follow it.

There are in some Provinces elaborate rules, though they are but a few, inculcating the necessity of having men of different castes in certain posts. For instance, in the Madras Presidency, it is the standing rules that the two chief Revenue servants in a Collector's office should be of different castes. A similar rule prevails as regards our village officials, Patels and Shanbhogs.

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Rules of this kind seem to be based upon the notion, which is fortunately becoming obsolete, that honest dealing is impossible as between members of a caste. Whatever the propriety of applying such a principle to the village service and even this is open to doubt, it is distinctly undesirable and quite needless as regards the higher service. Cliques sometimes do exist and quite as frequently between members of different castes as between members of our higher officers, with their intimate knowledge of their subordinates may well be trusted to break them up. But to adopt superfluous precautions and enunciate a policy of distrust which makes every one feel that he is the foil of, or has a foil in, some one else, is to introduce an atmosphere most detrimental to public work.

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There is another direction in which it does not seem possible to follow the example of British India. As regards the Mahomedans, it has been stated that the policy pursued there is exceptional, and it is especially so in Bengal where there is a large Mahomedan population. The special encouragement given to this class seems to proceed only partially out of regard for their backwardness - being largely based on political considerations. The special measures adopted in British India - generally and Bengal in particular on behalf of this community do not seem applicable to other classes especially in a Native State and need not therefore be followed.

Dy 2

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Petn. No. 3220
17.6.'14

Group III
For careful study
4.12.13 RG

From

H.K. Veerabasaviah, B.A., B.L.,
Member of the Representative Assembly 1913-14,
BANGALORE.

To

M. Visvesvaraya, Esq., B.A., C.I.E.,
Dewan of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Respected Sir,

As directed by your honour in the last Representative Assembly while discussing subject No.45, I herewith submit for favour of your consideration a list of gentlemen belonging to various backward communities who have either not succeeded in getting any appointment in public service (Vide List A), or who having entered public service have not got on as well as they deserve (Vide List B).

Those communities who have neither education nor wealth have been included in this list on the ground

H.K. Veerabasaviah

ground that they deserve to be considered as backward communities.

A doubt was raised in the last Assembly whether Lingayets could come under this category owing to a misconception that they were rich.

The following facts and figures collected from the last Census Report for 1911, will disclose how really backward they have been:-

Total Number of Lingayet Population.		7,29,431.
Literate.	...	66,829.
Illiterate.	...	6,62,605.
Those who know English.	..	828.
Agriculturists. ...	..	1,51,073.
Those who are rich being landed proprietors &c.	..	7,834.
Gazetted Officers.	..	2.

From the above list it will be seen that there are not more than 10 % of literate persons in the Lingayet

H. Kveerabasaviah

Lingayet Community which perhaps include mainly those who know~~ing~~ merely how to read and write, which is no -- education in the real sense of the word.

As regards rich persons there is only - one percent in the Lingayet Community as against twelve per cent among Brahmins, actual figures being 16,769 out of 1,94,570.

The above facts and figures show that - Lingayets in Mysore State are neither educated nor rich.

Further, this Community is classed as -- backward by the Bombay and Madras Governments, and are being shown special encouragement.

The young men in "A" list are all well - qualified, and will make efficient public servants. In fact the admission of this class of people into public - service which will in no way suffer by their recruitment, will to some extent preserve the balance which is now so

H. Veerabasavaiah

so wanting.

I beg to remain,

Respected Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

H. Veerabasavaiah

Member of the Representative

Assembly.

BANGALORE,

4th December, 1913.

getting any appointment in public service.

Present Position.	Remarks.
...	He is an applicant for the appointment of a Probationer from a long time.
...	He is an applicant for a Probationer's place for over two years.
Was a 3rd Grade Clerk in the Secretariat; but left the service for - want of sufficient encouragement.	Is the grand-son of the late Mr. Muddu Krishna Naidu, Sub Judge.
Without occupation residing at Chennapatna.	He is an applicant for Government Service.
Advocate, Bangalore.	Nephew of Rao Saheb Doctor T.V. Armoogam Moodr, Medical Officer, Victoria Hospital, Bangalore; has been an applicant for a Probationer's place without any success.
High Court Vakil, now residing in Bangalore.	He is an applicant for an appointment from a long time.
Practising as an Advocate at Mysore.	He is an applicant for Government Service.

H. K. Veerabhadrayya

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A

List showing those who have not succeeded in

No.	Names.	Caste or Sect.	Qualifications.
1.	M.Veeraraj Urs.	U r s u.	B.A., B.L.,
2.	B.Siddaraj Urs.	U r s u.	B.A.,
3.	C.R.Dorasawmy Naidu.	Naidu.	B.A.,
4.	Peer Miah Sahib.	Mussalman.	B.A.,
5.	T.V.Singaraveloo Moodr.	Moodaliar.	B.A., B.L.,
6.	M. Basaviah.	Lingayet.	B.A., B.L.,
7.	M.G. Mekhri.	Mussalman.	B.A., LL.B.,

Present position.	Remarks.
Practising at Chikamagalur as an Advocate.	He is an applicant for Government Service.
High Court Vakil, Madras & Advocate, Chief Court of Mysore.	He is the son-in-law of Dewan Bahadur Rajasabha Bhooshana K.P. Puttanna - Chetty, Retd. Senior Councillor. He was the 1st double graduate to be a personal Assistant to a Dewan or Councillor; but unlike the treatment given to others, he was abruptly sent away, without any appointment.
...	He is an applicant for foreign Scholarship.
...	He is the son of Nagabhooshana Naidu. He is an applicant for a Probationer's - place.
Practising at Chitaldroog as an Advocate.	He is an applicant for Government Service.
...	He is a Candidate to the Mysore Civil Service Examination.

H. Veerabasavaiah

Member of the Representative Assembly.

Number.	Names.	Caste or Sect.	Qualifications.
8.	Abdur Rahim.	Mussalman.	B.A., LL.B.,
9.	A. Sangappa.	Lingayet.	B.A., B.L., (Registration)
10.	Y. Visvanathiah.	Lingayet.	L. M. & S. (Bombay)
11.	P.N.Krishnamoorthy Naidu.	N a i d u.	B.A.,
12.	Abdul Gani.	Mussalman.	B.A., B.L.,
13.	R.P. Mallappah.	Lingayet.	B.A.,

B

List showing those who having entered Public Service have not got on as well as they deserve

Number.	Names.	Caste or Sect.	Qualifications.	Present Occupation.	Remarks.
1.	B. Basavaradhya.	Lingayet.	B.A., B.L., Revenue Higher & Registration.	Deputy Registrar, Chief Court.	He acted as an Asst: Commissioner for a long period and is believed to have given satisfaction; he was reverted to his former - appointment, though stringly recommended to be confirmed. His case is an unfortunate - one.
2.	P. Gopalaraje Urs.	U r s u.	B.A., B.L., Revenue Higher, Registration & Accounts.	Amildar, sub protem, Anekal, Bangalore District.	First Law Graduate in the Ursu Community.
3.	K. Mallaraje Urs.	U r s u.	B.A., Revenue (Higher), Criminal (Higher) & Accounts.	Clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office.	Has put in more than 8 years' service.
4.	K. Siddaramappa.	Lingayet.	B.A., Police Training School Examination, Revenue, Criminal, Accounts & Registration & Survey Training Course	Police Inspector, C.I.D. Branch.	Recipient of several rewards. His services in the sensational "Ulsoor Cloroform Murder Cases" of 1908 were greatly appreciated. He has put more than 10 years' service; he - has been drawing Rs.100/- for the past --- nearly three years. A clever detective - officer.
5.	A. Govindarajulu Naidu.	N a i d u.	B.A., (1889) in 2nd Class & F.L. Examination has completed B.L., - Course.	Head Clerk, Conservator's Office, Bangalore.	He is the 1st graduate in the Naidu Community in the Mysore State. First entered - service in 1900, after being made to wait for more than 10 years. Drwaing Rs.80/- on probation without being confirmed sinc since 1906.
6.	D.C. Subbarayappa.	Devanga, (Weaver)	B.A., B.L., Revenue, Registration, Accounts, Survey Training & Prisons.	Clerk, Secretariat.	Only Law Graduate in the Devanga Community, and has passed several examinations, with distinction. He was on Rs.50/- - for nearly six years.

H. Kveerabasaiah

No.	Names.	Caste or Sect.	Qualifications.	Present Occupation.	Remarks.
7.	B. Lingiah.	Lingayet.	F.A., Revenue, Criminal Accounts & Registration	Sub protem Amildar, Holalkere.	Not yet been confirmed as an Amildar.
8.	M.B. Bhogiah.	Lingayet.	B.A., (F.L.) has completed B.L. Course.	Police Inspector.	...
9.	A. Sadasiva Mudaliar.	Mudaliar.	B.A.,B.L.,	Second Grade Clerk in the Secretariat.	Is the son-in-law of Doctor T.V. Kuppuswamy Mudaliar, District Medical & Sanitary Officer, Kolar.
10.	B.M. Rangiah Naidu.	N a i d u.	F.A.,	Sub Registrar, Davanagere.	Is the son of the late Mr. Muddu Krishna Naidu, Sub Judge.
11.	Mahomed Beig.	Mussalman.	B.A., (F.L.) B.L., Course finished, Rev:, Civil.	Deputy Inspector of Hindustani Schools.	He is the son-in-law of deceased Councillor M. Abdur Rahman Sahib.
12.	Mahomed Peer.	Mussalman.	B.A., Passed Forest Training in Dehradun.	Forest Ranger.	...
13.	Veerabhadriah.	Dewanga, (Weaver).	B.A.,	Deputy Inspector of Schools, Hassan.	Has been superseded by many of his juniors
14.	B. Mallikarjuniah.	Lingayet.	F.A. Revenue, Criminal and Accounts.	District Sheristadar, Kadur Dt.	Has acted on more than one occasion as Amildar.
15.	N. Rangarao Naidu.	N a i d u.	B.A., Excise Training Examination.	Excise Inspector, Mysore.	.....
16.	M. Puttaswamiah.	Gangadikar Vokkaligar.	B.A.,	Assistant Inspector, Cooperative Societies, Mysore District.	.....
17.	H. Boranna.	Gangadikar Vokkaligar.	M a t r i c u l a t e.	Judicial Head Munshi, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Hassan.	Has been judicial Munshi for more than 7 years. Has passed Revenue & Criminal. Once acted as Amildar of Arkalgud. His grand-father and father were both Amildars. He has put in twenty-one years' service.

H.K. Veerabasaiah

No.	Names.	Caste or Sect.	Qualifications.	Present Occupation.	Remarks.
18.	A.A. Arnachala Mudr.	Mudaliar.	B.A.	Clerk, Chief Court.	Is the son of the late Mr. Annamalai Mudaliar, District Treasurer, B'lore District and grand-son of the late Mr. Sabhapathy Mudaliar, Councillor to - the Government of Mysore. Joined the service as a Clerk in the Chief Court 7 years back on Rs.20/-. Now he is drawing Rs.30/- in the same Office.

H Kveerabasavish
Member of the Representative
Assembly.

File no 3 of 14-15 54
Serial no 2.

Order 50-92 Dated 23 October 1914.
GA. 26.

The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Presidents of the Bangalore and Mysore City Municipalities are requested to furnish information, in the form attached to this order, regarding the officials in superior service employed under them. For each Department there should be a separate return.

2. Heads of Departments are requested to furnish similar statistics for the establishments of their Departments which are not subject to the control of Deputy Commissioners.

20-10-14
[illegible]

[illegible] 15/10

Offg. Secretary to Government,
General & Revenue Deptts.

To [illegible] 15/10/14

Heads of Departments.

Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Presidents of Bangalore and Mysore Municipalities.

Statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

..... Department.

1	2					3
Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by				Total	Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	& so on		
(a) Non-Gazetted - on Rs 50 & above. (b) Non-Gazetted - below Rs 50.						
Total						

15/10/14

15/10

No. 71.
Statement.

Mysore Government Museum,
Bangalore 28th October 1914.

From

The Economic Botanist,
Superintendent, Mysore Govt. Museum,
Bangalore.

To

The Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General & Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

DIARY No. 3530
-19

Sir,

I have the honor to submit herein a Statement regarding the officials in Superior Service employed in the Mysore Government Museum called for in Government Order No. 50-92 EA dated the 23rd instant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

Economic Botanist,
Supt. Mysore Govt. Museum

File no 3 of 14-15
Serial no 3.

D18-69
S.A. 13/11/14

1914.

From

G. H. KRUMBIEGEL, Esq., F.R.H.S.,
Economic Botanist;
Supt., Mysore Govt. Museum,
Bangalore.

To The Secretary to the Govt. of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Genl. & Rev. Depts., Bangalore.

Dated 28th October 1914.

Despatched 29th 14

Received

General No. 71.
No.

Enclosure No. 1

Submitting a statement regarding the officials in Superior Service employed in the Mysore Govt. Museum, Bangalore.

GPB—600—19-3-13

Statement showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service.

Mysore Government Museum, Bangalore ..... Department.

1	2					3.
Class of Appointments	Number of appointments held by				Total	Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins	Tigalas (Vaneer)	Mudaliars	Malayalis		
(a) Non-gazetted – on Rs 50/- and above	1	-	-	-	1	Curator on Rs 50/-
	1	-	-	-	1	
(b) Non-gazetted – below Rs 50/-	1	-	-	-	1	Ag. Clerk on Rs 20/-
	-	1	-	-	1	Assistant Curator on Rs 25/-
	-	-	1	-	1	Taxidermist on Rs 20/- + 2 P.A.
	-	-	-	1	1	Fieldman on Rs 20/-
	1	1	1	1	4	
Total	2	1	1	1	5	

Mysore Government Museum,
Bangalore, 28th October 1914

Economic Botanist
Dept. Government Museum

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DNP:70
E.A. / 13.11.14.

No. 186.

File no 3 of 14-15
Serial no 4.

From

N. Venkatesa Iyengar, Esq., B.A.,
Meteorological Reporter,
Mysore Government.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Dated Bangalore, the 31st October 1914.

Sir,

With reference to Government Order No. 50-92/E.A dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to submit herewith, in the prescribed form, a statement of officials in superior service in the Mysore Meteorological Department, arranged according to communities.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

N. Venkatesa Iyengar

Meteorological Reporter,
Mysore Government.

Y.S.

E.A.B
2/11/15

8

1914.

From

The Meteorological Reporter,

Mysore Government.

To

The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

Genl. & Rev. Depts.

Dated } 31st October 1914.
Despatched }
Received

No. 186.

SUBJECT

Submitting a statement of officials in superior service in the Mysore Meteorological Department arranged according to communities.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

MYSORE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

1	2			3
Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by			
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas & others	Total	Remarks
(a) Non-Gazetted - on Rs. 50 and above	5 (in the Bangalore Observatory)	-	5	
(b) Non-Gazetted - below Rs. 50.	1 (in the Bangalore Observatory) 3 (in the mofussil Observatories)	-	4	The three in the mofussil Observatories only get allowance in this department as they hold permanent appointments in the Education Department.
Total	9	-	9	

Bangalore,

31st October 1914.

Meteorological Reporter,
Mysore Government.

Y.S.

File no 3 of 14-15.
Serial no 5. D No: 71/E.A./13/11/14

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No. 45
Enc. one

Office of the Superintendent of
Inam Settlements in Mysore,
Dated Bangalore, 31st October 1914.

From K. Darshah
D. ~~Shama Rao~~, Esq., B.A.
Superintendent of Inam Settlements
in Mysore, Bangalore.

To
D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq. B.A. B.L.
Offg Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Genl. and Rev. Depts.

Sir,

With reference to Govt. Pro. No: 50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to forward herewith, a statement of statistics for the establishment of the Inam office, embodying the particulars required.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant
K. Darshah
Superintendent of Inam
Settlements in Mysore.

Statement shewing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public service Inam Department.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by				Total	Remarks.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras		
(1) Head clerk	1	.	.	.	1	
(2) clerks	7	.	.	1	8	
Total:-	8	.	.	1	9	

Inam Supto Office
Bangalore dated 31st October 1914.

Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore.

Affecting Inst Branch

1914.

From

The Superintendent,
Inam Settlements
in Mysore.

To

The Secy. to the Govt. of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.
Genl. & Rev. Depts.

Dated
Despatched . 31st October 1914

No. 45
Enc. one

SUBJECT.

Forward the Statement of Statistics

No 124
Encl-one

File no 3 of 14-15
Serial no 6.
D 18:72
S.A. / 13.11.14

Office of the Government Advocate in Mysore,

Bangalore dated, 2nd November 1914.

From,

C. S. Doraswamy Iyer Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Government Advocate in Mysore, Bangalore.

To,

The Secretary to the Government of H.H. the Maharaja
of Mysore, General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

In pursuance of Government Order No.50-92/E & A dated 23rd October 1914 requesting to furnish certain statistics in the form attached thereto, I have the honour to forward herewith a return embodying the information required.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

C S Doraswamy Iyer

Government Advocate.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

Office of the Government Advocate in Mysore.

1. Class of appointments.	2. Number of appointments held by				Total.	Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas.	& so on.		
(a) Non-Gazetted - on Rs.50/- and above.	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Non-Gazetted below - Rs.50/-.	2.	-	-	-	2.	
T o t a l.	2.	-	-	-	2.	

Government Advocate.

No. 1228 File no 3 of 14-15 Serial no. 7 DIR 73 61 A. 13/1/14

Encl. 1

OFFICE OF THE
DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE,
"RINGWOOD," HIGH GROUND,

Bangalore, 4th November 1914

FROM

ALFRED CHATTERTON, ESQ., F. C. G. I., C. I. E.,
Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore,
Bangalore. (India).

Rec'd 5/11/14

To

The Secretary to Government ~~for Education and Agriculture,~~ Gen & Rev. Depts.
Bangalore.

SIR,

In reference to G.O. No. 50-92-E.A., dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to forward the statement called for therein regarding the officials in superior service in this Department.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Alfred Chatterton

Director.

Statement Showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service in the Department of Industries & Commerce . . . .

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by						Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	& So on.				
				Christians	Mohamedans	Others		
Non-gazetted - On Rs 50 and above.	7	"	"	2	1	⊕1	11	+ Hindus including Mudaliars, Naidus, Gold Smith, Chitragaran, Jetty ⊕ Gold Smith — 1 + Jetty — 1 + Chitragars — 2 + Reddy — 1 + Modelliars — 5
Do - Below Rs 50.	9	"	"	1	1	9+	20.	

Bangalore
30th October 1914

R. Ryland Chatterton
Director of Industries & Commerce

115

File no 3 of 14-15
Serial no 8.

D18:74
E.A. / 13.11.14

No. 555

Encls. one

OFFICE OF THE MUZRAI SUPERINTENDENT IN MYSORE,

Dated Bangalore, 5th November 1914.

FROM

G. Aravamudu Iyengar, Esquire, B.A. B.L.,

~~THE~~ MUZRAI SUPERINTENDENT

IN MYSORE.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A. B.L.,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, General and Revenue Departments.

SIR,

With reference to Government Order No. 50-92/E. A. dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to forward herewith a statement shewing the statistics therein referred to.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Aravamudu

Muzrai Superintendent.

10/1

191

From

THE MUZRAI SUPERINTENDENT
IN MYSORE.

To The Secy to Govt of Mysore
Genl & Rev. Depts

Dated

Despatched

No. 595

Enclosures one

Subject.

Subg Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service

GPB—1,000—7-10-12

Statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by					Remarks if any.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas.	and so on	Total	
Muzrai Superintendent's Office.						
(a) Non.Gazetted on Rs.50 and above.	1	-	-	-	1	
(b) Non.Gazetted below Rs.50	8	-	-	1	9	
2. Tirupati Charities.						
(a)	-	-	-	-	-	
(b)	3	-	-	-	3	
3. Chamarajendra Sanskrit College.						
(a)	2	-	-	-	2	
(b)	18	-	-	-	18	
4. Ayurvedic College.						
(a)	1	-	-	-	1	
(b)	4	-	-	-	4	
5. Vyasaraya Matt.						
(a)	1	-	-	-	1	
(b)	1	-	-	-	1	
					40	

Ranganathan
for Muzrai Superintendent

10 1151

No. 1004 C.S.
Enc. one

OFFICE OF THE
REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES
IN MYSORE.

Dated Bangalore, 25th November 1914.
28th

From

M.A. Narayan Ayangar, Esq., B.A. B.L.,
Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Mysore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A. B.L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore, Genl. & Rev. Depts.,
B a n g a l o r e.

Sir,

As called for in Government Order No.50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to forward herewith a statement of officials in superior service employed in this office, shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

R. Rangarao.

For R e g i s t r a r
absent from Head-Quarters.

M.N.N.

D. No 1061/E.A.

GPB—10,000—7-8-13

191

Serial no 10.

From

The Registrar of Cooperative Societies in Mysore, Bangalore

To

The Secretary to Government General and Revenue Departments. Bangalore

Dated 25/11/14

Despatched 28

Received

General No. 1004 C. S.

No.

Enclosure No. One

With reference to G. O. no 50-92 / S A. 23 dt 6 Oct. 14 forwards a statement of officials employed in superior service —

Statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES IN MYSORE.

1. Class of appointments.	2. Number of appointments held by				3. Total.	4. Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas.	Vakkaligars.		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50 and above.	10			1	11	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50.	23				23	4 have not joined duty yet.
Total.	33			1	34	

Bangalore
25th November 1914.

P. Rangarao
For Registrar.

No. 794, Encl.

OFFICE OF THE ECONOMIC BOTANIST,
SUPERINTENDENT, GOVT. GARDENS,
LAL-BAGH, BANGALORE.

8/2 75

Dated, ~~21st November~~ 25 191 4.

DIARY No. 4432

SECTION
FILE No.

From

G. H. KRUMBIEGEL F.R.H.S.,
ECONOMIC BOTANIST,
SUPERINTENDENT, GOVT. GARDENS.

To

D.N. Narasinga Rau, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of His Highness the
Maharaja of Mysore, General & Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward the enclosed statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service of the Botanical Department called for in your No.50-99/E.A. dated 23rd ultimo. and reminder No.164-193/E.A. dated 20th instant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

G. H. Krumbiegel

Economic Botanist,
Superintendent Govt. Gardens.

K.S.R.

E.A. Bowring

D. no 106/E.A.

191 Serial no 12.

From

G. H. KRUMBIEGEL F.R.H.S.,
ECONOMIC BOTANIST,
SUPERINTENDENT, GOVT. GARDENS.

To
The Hon. Secretary to the Govt. of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore

Dated 25. 11. 1911

Despatched

Received

General No. 799
No.

Enclosure No. 1

Forwarding Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Botanical Dept.

GPB—50,000—26-9-12

Statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

Botanical Department.

1	2 Number of appointments held by					3
Class of appointments	Brahmins.	Kshstriyas	Vaisyas	and so on.	Total	Remarks, if any.
(a) Non-Gazetted--on Rs.50/- and above	2	1	..	*2	5	*Banajigar caste Tiglar "
(b) Non-Gazetted--below Rs.50/-	4		..	*2	6	*Vokkaligar. Portuguese.
Total	6	1	..	4	11	

Economic Botanist,
Superintendent, Govt. Gardens.

Lal-Bagh, Bangalore,
Nov. 24, 1914.

P.E.S.

D. no 107/E. A.

Serial no 13

GPB—1,500—14-7-14

C. C. O. 3]

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMANDANT,

MYSORE STATE TROOPS,

Dated the 30th November 1914

No. 2361
ENC. One

FROM Lt.Colonel A.A. Jones I.A.
~~COLONEL J. DESARAJ URS, C.I.E., M.V.O.~~,
Offg. *Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops,*
Bangalore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao,Esq,B.A.B.L.,
Offg.Secretary to Govt of H.H. the Maharaja
of Mysore General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

With reference to your No.5092/E.A. of 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to forward herewith a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service-Military Department under the Chief Commandant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

A Jones Lt.Colonel
Offg.Chief Commandant,
Mysore State Troops.

Statement Shewing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service:—

Military Department — (as it stood on 1st November 1914).

1 Class of appointments &c:—	2 Number of appointments held by								3 Total	4 Remarks.
	Brahmins	Lingayts	Mudaliars	Naidus	Sudras	Christians	Muhammedans	Marwaris		
—: Non-gazetted :—										
Chief Commandant's office + Mysore Military Stores — on Rs 50/- & above	5	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	6	
Chief Commandant's office + Mysore Military Stores — below Rs 50/—	12	2	3	"	1	2	1	"	21	
Imperial Service Regiment — on Rs 50/- & above	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	
Imperial Service Regiment — below Rs 50/—	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	
Local Service Regiment — below Rs 50/—	4	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	6	
I st " Battalion — Shimoga — do —	4	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	6	
II nd " Battalion — Bangalore — do —	4	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	6	
III rd " Battalion — Mysore — do —	5	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	6	
Total:—	39	5	5	1	1	2	2	1	56	

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMANDANT, MYSORE STATE TROOPS.

Bangalore
30th November 1914.

Colonel,
Chief Commandant,
Mysore State Troops.

No. G. 231
Encs. 1.

Office of Senior Surgeon, Mysore Govt.,

Dated, Bangalore, 1. 12. 1914.

From

Rao Bahadur T. V. ARUMUGAM MUDALIAR, Esq, M.B.C.M.,

Senior Surgeon with the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of H.H. the
Maharaja of Mysore, Gen. and Rev. Deptts.,
Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to Government Order No. 50-92/E.A. dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to forward the accompanying statement furnishing statistics regarding the representation of the various communities in the public service.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Senior Surgeon.

D. no 109/8 A.

From Serial no 14.

THE SENIOR SURGEON
WITH THE GOVT. OF MYSORE,
Bangalore.

To

THE Secretary to Govt
Genl & Rev Depts
Bangalore

Dated 1. 12. 14

Despatched

Received

General No. G. 231.
No.

Enclosure No. 1.

SUBJECT.

Forwarding the Statement of various Communities in the Public Service —

VIII Pr. 7/4

D18°: 75/E.A./13.11.14

G.P.B.—1,000—13-2-14

Serial no 15

M.G.D. 13]

MYSORE GEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

DATED BANGALORE, 6th November 1914.

No. 830
Encl. 1.

FROM

DR. W. F. SMEETH, M.A., D.SC., A.R.S.M., etc.,
State Geologist in Mysore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore, Gen. & Rev. Depts.

SIR,

In compliance with Government Proceedings No.50-92/E.A., dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to forward herewith a statement in the prescribed form shewing the representation of the different communities in the Non-Gazetted Superior Service in this Department.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

W. F. Smeeth

State Geologist in Mysore.

C.N.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service.

Mysore Geological Department.

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by Brahmins.	Kshatriya.	Vaisya.	Others.	Total	Remarks
	State Geologist's Office.					
(a) Non Gazetted - on Rs.50/- & above.	6	-	-	-	6	
(b) Non Gazetted - below Rs.50/-	5	-	-	1 (Telugu Banajiga)	6	
Total	11	-	-	1	12	
	Inspector of Mines Office.					
(a) Non Gazetted - on Rs.50/- & above.	-	-	-	1 (Valala Mudaliar)	1	
(b) Non Gazetted- below Rs.50/-	-	-	-	1 (Valala Hudr.) 1 (Maharatta)	1 * 1	*These incumbents are on leave. The acting incumbents are a Naicker & a Kunchigar.
Total	-	-	-	3	3	
Grand Total for the Department.	11	-	-	4	15	

Bangalore, 5th Nov 1914.

State Geologist in Mysore.

Dis: 76 / 13-11-14
E.A.
Serial no 16.

GPB—1000—3-6-14

M.S.L.I.
O. 20

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
MYSORE STATE LIFE INSURANCE COMMITTEE,

No. 1144
Enc. 1

Bangalore, dated 3rd November *191* 4

FROM

Dewan Bahadur
J. S. CHAKRAVARTI, ESQ., M.A., F.R.A.S., etc.,
Secretary, Mysore State Life Insurance Committee,
Bangalore.

To

The Offg: Secretary to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments, B a n g a l o r e.

SIR,

With reference to Government Order No: 50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to furnish the information called for in the above.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Joint Secretary.

AK-4-11.

STATEMENT SHEWING THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE SEVERAL COMMUNITIES ARE REPRESENTED IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE

MYSORE STATE LIFE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

1. Class of appointments.	2				Total	Remarks.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas	and so on.		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 and above.	2	...	...	...	2	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50.	10	...	2	3 (x)	15	(x) 2 Devangas and 1 Mudaliar. (Vedalar).
T o t a l.	12	...	2	3	17	

Office of the Secretary,
Mysore State Life Insurance Committee,
Bangalore 2nd November 1914.

Asstt: Secretary.

A.K.

DTP: 77 / E.A. / 13.11.14.

GPB.—100,000—7-8-13

Serial No 17.

1914-15.

From H. Nanjunda Raj Urs, Esquire,
Superintendent,
Amrut Mahal Department,
Mysore.

To D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to Government
General and Revenue Depts.

Dated 6th November 1914.

Despatched 7th

Received

General No. 140.
No.

Enclosure No. One only.

Sir,

With reference to Government Proceedings No. 50-92 E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to enclose herewith a statement, furnishing the statistics called for.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
H. Nanjunda Raj Urs
Superintendent
Amrut Mahal Department

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

Amrut Mahal Department.

1 Class of appointments.	2 Number of appointments held by				Total	3. Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas.	& so on		
(a) Non-gazetted - on Rs 50 and above.	4.	...	...	1 *	5.	* Mohamedan.
(b) Non-gazetted - below Rs. 50.	13.	1.	...	2 ‡	16.	‡ Modliars.
Total.	17.	1.	...	3.	21.	...

Mysore
Dated 6th November 1914.

H. Venugopal Rao
Superintendent
Amrut Mahal Department.

Dt: 78 / 13.11.14.
E.A.
Serial no 18

VIII
12/11

GPB—4,000—13-5-14

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
MYSORE STATE.

Rec
12/11

No. 2355
one

Bangalore,
November 9th 10. 1914.

FROM

LESLIE C. COLEMAN, ESQ., M.A., PH.D.,
DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE IN MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

To

The Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Departments of Agriculture & Education, Bangalore.

SIR,

With reference to Govt. Pro. No. 50-92/E.A of 23rd October 1914 I have the honour to submit herewith a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented among the non-Gazetted superior officers of this Department.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

H Krishnaiya
For Director of Agriculture.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service-

Agricultural Department.

No. of appointments held by	Class of appointments			Remarks, if any.
	Non-gazetted on Rs 50 & above	Non-gazetted ~~on Rs 50 &~~ below Rs 50	Total	
Brahmins	12	12	24	
Kshatriyas	0	1	1	
Vaisyas	1	0	1	
Mudaliars	2	0	2	
Pilles	0	1	1	
Naidoos	1	1	2	
Mahrattas	0	2	2	
Kurubas	0	1	1	
Vokkaligars	0	1	1	
Mussalmans	1	1	2	
Indian or Native Christians	3	7	10	
Total	20	27	47	

For Director of Agriculture.

VIII Rn. 74

No. 74/Encl 1

Serial no 19.

D18:79 / E.A. / 13-11-14.

Mysore Archaeological Office,

Bangalore, 10th November 1914.

Recd 13/11/14.

From

R. Narasimhachar, Esquire, M. A.,

Officer in charge of Archaeological Researches in Mysore,

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A., B.L.,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

As desired in G.O. No. 5092/E.A dated the 23rd ultimo, I have the honour to submit herewith a statement showing the extent to which the officials (in superior service) of the several communities are represented in the public service.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

R. Narasimhachar

Officer in charge of Archl. Researches.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

Mysore Archaeological Department.

1	2						3
Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by					Total	Remarks, if any
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras	Muhammadans		
(a) Non-gazetted — on Rs 50 and above.	2	"	"	1*	"	3	* This incumbent is a Pillai of the Vellal caste.
(b) Non-gazetted — below Rs 50	6*	"	"	1*	1	8	* Of the six, one is a Jaina brahmin and another a Visvakarma brahmin.
Total	8	"	"	2	1	11	

R. Narasimhachar

Officer in charge of Archl. Researches in Mysore.

Serial no 20 GPB—1,000—10-2-14

92

Dno 80

1914-15.

Recd 13/11

From

C. H. YATES, Esq.,
SUPERINTENDENT,
GOVT. PRESS,
BANGALORE.

To

The Secretary to Govt.,
Y. & Rev. Depts.

Dated 9th Nov: 1914.

Despatched

Received

General No. 565

No.

Enclosure No. One

Submitting a statement of officials in the Permanent Establishment of the Government Press, Bangalore.

No. 565
Encl one

GPB—800—26-2-14

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT,
GOVERNMENT PRESS,

Dated Bangalore, 9th November 1914.

DIARY No. 3924

10 -19
SECTION
FILE No.

FROM

C. H. YATES, ESQ.,
SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS,
BANGALORE.

TO D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Offg: Secretary to Government,
Gen: & Res: Departments.

SIR,

With reference to Govt Proceedings No. 5092 E. A., dated 23d Ultimo, requesting to forward a statement of Officials in Superior Service in the Permanent Establishment, I have the honor to submit a statement as called for therein.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
C H Yates
Superintendent,
Government Press.

Vill Rm. 27.11.14

D No: 86/E.A. 23.11.14

Serial no 2/

GPB—1,000—29-7-14

Rec'd 21/11

No. 62 ~~E. C.~~ Ecos.

MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE,

Dated Bangalore, 19th Nov. 1914.

FROM

The Secretary,
Education Committee, and officer in charge of the Public Library, Bangalore.

To

The Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

SIR,

With reference to Government Order No.50-92/E & A dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to forward, enclosed, a - - statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service on the establishment of the Bangalore Public Library.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

C. Kistaiah Nan

Secretary,
and officer in charge
of the Public Library

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service, on the Establishment of the Bangalore Public Library.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by				Total	Remarks.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	and so on		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	"	"	"	1	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	"	"	"	"	"	
Total	1	"	"	"	1	

Bangalore:
18. 11. 14
19

C. Westland Marx
Officer in Charge of the Public Library

95

Vill Pc. 24/pa

81 22 96/11

GPB—250—20-1-14

1914.

From

The Superintendent,
Mysore Revenue Survey
and Settlement.

To

The Secy. to the Govt. of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Gen. & Rev. Depts.

Dated 21st November 1914.

Despatched

No. 69

Enc. one statement

SUBJECT.

Forwards a Statement of Several communities represented in the Survey Department.

Dp: 87 / 97/11 / 23/11
E.A.

No. 69
Enc. 1 Statement

Office of the
Superintendent Revenue Survey in Mysore,
Dated Bangalore, 21st November 1914.
Serial no 22.

Recd 27/11

From,

D. K. Darashah, Esquire, B. A.,
Superintendent Revenue Survey in Mysore.

To,

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B. A., B. L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

With reference to ~~your~~ Order No.50-92/ E.A. dated 23 rd October 1914 calling for a statement of several communities represented in the Mysore Revenue Survey Department, I have the honor to forward herewith a Statement in the form prescribed.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
DKDarashah
Superintendent Revenue Survey
in Mysore.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

Mysore Revenue Survey Department.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.							Total	Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Marhattas	Lingayets	Mahomedans	Lodras	Christians		
(a) Non-Gazetted – on Rs 50/= and above.	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/=	245	3	2	7	1	1	1	260	
Total	258	3	2	7	1	1	1	273.	

Bangalore
21st November 1914.

Bhimachar
Superintendent
Rev: Survey in Mysore.

86

R. C. 4.

99

Recd 24/11 8123

From

K. Doraswami Iyer Esquire,
Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
General & Revenue Departments.

Dated 23rd November 1914.

Despatched

Received

General No. 5966

Enclosure No. 2

SUBJECT.

Submits statements showing the extent to which the several communities are represented on the establishment of this office and in the Civil Veterinary Department.

D. No: 88 / 24-11-1914.
E.A.

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER
IN MYSORE,

Bangalore, 23 ~~20th~~ November 1914.

No. 5966/2

Serial no 23.

FROM

K. Doraswami Iyer Esquire,
Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

SIR,

Adverting to para 2 of Government order No. 50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to submit herewith in the prescribed form statements showing the extent to which the several communities are represented on the establishment of this office and in the Civil Veterinary Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

K Doraswamy
Revenue Commissioner.

R.S.R.
e/s Sir

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Office of the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore Bangalore

1 Class of appointments	2 Number of appointments held by					Total	Remarks if any
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vellalas	Mahomedans	Others		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	8	1	-	-			
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	17	1	2	1	-		Out of the sanctioned scale of 31, one place is vacant
Total	25	2	2	1		30	

Office of the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore. Dated 23 November 1944.

For Revenue Commissioner

RSD

Statement showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service

Civil Veterinary Department.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by						Total	Remarks.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras	Mahammedans	Christians		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 60/-	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	
(b) do on Rs 50/-	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	
(c) do on Rs 40/-	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	
(d) do on Rs 30/-	2	..	..	1	..	..	3	
(e) do on Rs 20/-	1	..	..	..	1	..	2	
(f) do on Rs 15/-	2	..	..	1	1	..	4	
(g) do on Rs 12/-	4	..	..	..	5	..	9	
(h) do on Rs 10/-	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	
Total	16	..	..	2	7	1	26	

Bangalore
9. 11. 1914.

Veterinary Surgeon

Telegrams
"STATERAIL"
CODE-5TH EDITION A.B.C.

D 18-89 / E.A. / 24-11-14.
Serial no 24.

OFFICE OF THE ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF,
MYSORE STATE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION,

Bangalore, 23rd November 1914.

No. C/8023

Encls: (1)

FROM

The Engineer-in-Chief,
Mysore State Railway Construction Department,
BANGALORE.

To

The Secretary to Government, of Mysore
General and Revenue Departments,
B a n g a l o r e.

Sir,

With reference to Government Order No.5092/E.A. dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to forward herewith a statement showing the extent to which several communities are represented in the public service of this Department.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Engineer-in-Chief,
State Railway Construction.

AS.

GPB—5,000—23-5-14

DNP: 95/EA./27.11.14. 104

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT. Serial no 26

IN REPLY REFER TO No. 5357 ENCLO. 1

Telegraphic Address:
"GOMED"

CODES USED
LIEBER'S
A. B. C. (5TH EDITION.)
BUSINESS TELEGRAPH CODE.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

Bangalore, 24th November 1914.
(Mysore, India.)

The Secretary to Govt. of Mysore,

General & Revenue Departments,

Bangalore.

Sir,

Referring to Government Order No.50-92/EA. dated 23-10-1914, I have the honour to forward herewith a statement called for therein.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Offg. Chief Electrical Engineer
to the Govt., of Mysore.

GD-SA.

Government of Mysore Electrical Department.—

Statement showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service prepared as per Govt. order No. 50-92 E. of 23rd October 1914.—

1	2 Number of appointments held by.—											3
Class of appointments	Brahmins	Kshatriyas (Ursus)	~~Vaisyas~~ Vysias.	Moodaliars	Naidoos	Pillays	Sathat Vaishnavas	Lingayatts	Eurasians	Native Christians	Mahamadans	Total
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above,	19	.	1	3	1	1	.	1	14	.	3	43
(b) Non-Gazetted on below Rs 50/-	38	1	.	7	2	.	1	1	1	2	.	53

19th Nov 1914

Chief accountant for Ofs

G.R. Mirlin Leuf

Chief Electrical Engineer

D. no 110/E.A.

Serial no 27

Pris. 2]

OFFICE OF THE INSPR.-GENL. OF PRISONS IN MYSORE,

No. 1427/25-14 - Encl: 1.

DATED BANGALORE, 13 November 1914.

FROM

Rao Bahadur T.V.Arumugum Moodr., Esqr., M.B., C.M.,

Inspector-General of Prisons in Mysore,

Bangalore.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao Esqr., B.A., B.L.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,

General and Revenue Departments.

SIR,

Adverting to Government Order No.50-92/E.A., dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to forward herewith a consolidated statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented among the officials, in superior service, in the Prisons Department.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

T V Arumugum

Inspector-General of Prisons.

TCG.

107

GPB—180—11-8

From

The Inspector-General
of Prisons in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Dated 13th November/14.

Despatched

Received

General No. 1427
No. 25-14

Enclosure No. 1.

Subject.

Forwards a consolidated statt. showing the extent to which the several communities are represented among the officials in superior service, in the Prisons Department.

Prisons Department.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

1	2														3	4
	Number of appointments held by.															
Class of appointments.	Brahmins	Vaisyas	Cholia Vellalars.	Prabhus	Bakkaligas	Gollas	Kurubas.	Akkasali.	Holeyas Ballegas.	Pariahs.	Brahmans.	Native Christians	Jains	Europeans & Eurasians.	Total	Remarks.
							Office of the Insp. Genl. of Prisons.									
(a) Non-gazetted on Rs: 50/- & above.	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	
(b) Non-gazetted below Rs: 50/-	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	3	
Total.	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	4	
							Bangalore Central Jail.									
(a) Non-gazetted on Rs: 50/- & above.	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	3	
(b) Non-gazetted below Rs: 50/-	6	1	"	2	1	1	1	1	"	1	4	1	"	2	21	
Total	7	1	"	2	1	1	1	1	"	1	4	1	"	4	24	
							Mysore Jail.									
(a) Non-gazetted on Rs: 50/- & above	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	2	
(b) Non-gazetted below Rs: 50/-	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	3	"	"	1	6	
Total	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	3	"	1	1	8	
Total (a) Non-gazetted on Rs: 50/- & above	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	2	6	
Total (b) Non-gazetted below Rs: 50/-	8	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	"	4	30	
Grand total	11	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	1	6	36	

Office of the Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore.

Bangalore 13th November 1914.

Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore, Bangalore.

D. no 111/E.A.

Serial no 28

It is requested that in future communications on the subject, the No. and date of this letter, and the distinguishing letters below the number as given opposite, may be quoted and addressed to the Comptroller, Mysore Government.

the Communication

3677

No. R-195

Enc. one.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER, MYSORE GOVERNMENT,

Dated Bangalore, the 13th November 1914 16

FROM

Diwan Bahadur
J. S. CHAKRAVARTI, ESQ., M.A.,
F.R.A.S., etc.,
Comptroller to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,

Cffg. *Secretary to the Government of Mysore,*

~~General and Revenue~~ *Department.*s

SIR,

As directed in Government Order No. 5C-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to forward herewith the statement shewing the proportion of appointments held by the Non-Gazetted Officers of the several communities employed in the Civil Branch of my Office on pay of (1) Rs. 5C/- and above and (2) below Rs. 5C/-

I have the honour to be,

S i r,

Your most obedient servant,

For Comptroller.

SDV-13-16.

110/11

Rec.—Gl. 18]

.....Department.

1916.

FROM

J. S. CHAKRAVARTI, ESQ., M.A., F.R.A.S., etc.,

Comptroller to the Govt. of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

To

.....ESQ.,

Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,

Genl. Dept. .....*Dept.*

Dated

Despatched 16-11-16

Received

No. 3677 / 1916 E1

Subject matter.

Forwarding the state of several communities and that are in the opposition

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service

Account Department.

Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by									
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras	Mudaliars	Mahomedans	Christians	Lingayets	Naidus	Pillays.
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 and above	23	"	1	1	4	1	1	"	1	" 32
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	62	"	4	1	6	7	3	1	-	2 86
Total	85	"	5	2	10	8	4	1	1	2

14/11.

No. 514 D. no 112/E.A GPB—2,000—11-10-18

Serial no 27

Dated Bangalore 17 November 1914.

FROM

C. H. YATES, ESQ.,
SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT STATIONERY,
BANGALORE.

Rec'd 19/11

To

D.M.NARASINGA RAO, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments, Bangalore.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith a statement furnishing the information called for in Government Order No.5092/E.A dated 23rd October 1914.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

C H Yates

Superintendent.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities
Public Service in Govt. Stationery Departme

1 Class of Appointments	2 Number of appointments held by			
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Ba
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	1	-	-	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	5	-	-	
Total	6	-	-	

Bangalore.
16th November 1914.
17

D. no. 113/8-A.

Serial no 30

P. W. Serial No. 114]

No. E 852

MYSORE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
CENTRAL OFFICE OF ACCOUNTS,

It is requested that in future communications on the subject, the No. and date of this letter, and the distinguishing letters below the number as given opposite, may be quoted. All communications should be addressed as follows:—Comptroller, Mysore Public Works and Railway Branch, Bangalore.

Dated Bangalore, the 18 November 1914.

FROM

DEWAN BAHADUR
J. S. CHAKRAVARTI, ESQ., M.A., F.R.A.S., etc.,
Comptroller to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Public Works and Railway Branch.

To

D. M. Narasingha Rao Esq., B. A., B. L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

Adverting to Government Order No:50-92/E.A dated 23rd October 1914, requesting information relating to the communities to which officials in superior service ~~employed~~ belong, I have the honour to forward herewith a statement furnishing the required information regarding the officials in superior service in the Public Works and Railway Branch of my Office.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

For Comptroller,
P. W. and Ry. Branch.

18.11.14

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in Govt. Stationery Department.

1 Class of Appointments	2 Number of appointments held by				Total	3 Remarks, if any
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Balija		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	1	-	-	-	1	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	5	-	-	2	7	
Total	6	-	-	2	8	

Bangalore.
16th November 1914.
17

[illegible]
Superintendent of Stationery.

115
11

MYSORE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

191

FROM

DEWAN BAHADUR
J. S. CHAKRAVARTI, ESQ.,
M.A., F.R.A.S., etc.,
Comptroller to the Govt. of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
P. W. & Ry. Branch.

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

No.

SUBJECT.

GPB—10,000—31-7-14

Statement shewing the ex[illegible]

in the Public Service.

Comptroller's Office Public Works & Railway Branch

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by										Total
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Vélala mudeliar	Vélala Pillai	Balaja Naidu	Balaja Chetty	Anglo Indian	Indian Christian	Portuguese Christian	
(a). Non Gazetted on Rs: 50/- and above.	11	-		2	-			2	1		16
(b). Non Gazetted - below Rs: 50/=.	34	1	2	11	1	3	1	1	-	1	55
	45	1	2	13	1	3	1	3	1	1	71

M/14
1/8

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Kadur District,

Dated, Chikmagalur, 23rd November 14.

From,

K.Krishna Iyer, Esquire.,

Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.

To,

D.M.Narsinga Rao, Esquire., B.A.B.L.,

Offg. Secretary to Government, General & Revenue

Departments in Mysore,

Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit herewith the marginally noted state-

1. Revenue Department of the Deputy Commissioner's office, Kadur District Office.
2. Revenue Department, Kadur Sub Divisional Assistant Commissioner's Office.
3. Treasury Department, Deputy Commissioner's Office.
4. Revenue Department of the Several Taluks and one Sub Taluk in the District.

ments showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Revenue Department of the Kadur District as called for in Government - Order No. 50-92/E.A. dated 23-10-1914.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

Deputy Commissioner,

Kadur District.

CMK.

D. No 115/E.A

GPB—100,000—29-7-14

118

Serial No 32.

191 4

From

The Deputy Commr

Kadur D.

To

The Secretary to the Govt

of Mysore, G & R. Depts.

Dated

Despatched 24-11-1914

Received

General No. 274

No.

Enclosure No. 4 Sts.

Reports upon the representation of castes in the public service

Statement Shewing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the office of the Sub Divisional Assistant Commissioner Kadur Sub division.

	Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by					Total	Remarks
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Other Hindus	Mahommedans		
(a)	Non Gazetted on Rs 50/-	1	-	-	-	-	1	
(b)	Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	3	-	-	-	-	3	
	Total	4	-	-	-	-	4	

Chikmagalur
23rd November 1910

Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District.

105

Statement Shewing the extent to which the Jewish Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Revenue Department of the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Kadur District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by — Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	other Castes	Mahommedans	Total	Remarks
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/ and above —	1	-	-	-	-	1	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rupees 50/	9	-	-	-	-	9	
Total	10	-	-	-	-	10.	

Dated Chikmagalur
23rd November 1914.

V Krishnaiya
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Revenue Department of the Taluks and Sub Taluks in the Kadur District.

Taluks	Class of appointments	No. of appointments held by Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaishyas	other Castes	Mahommedans	Total	Remarks
Chikmagalur	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	-	-	-	-	1	1	
do —	(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50	22	-	-	-	-	22	This includes 1 Nala manager
Kadur	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	1	This includes 2 nala managers.
do —	(b) below Rs 50/-	19	-	1	-	1	21	
Tarikere	(a) Non Gazetted officers on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	1	
do —	(b) do — below Rupees 50/-	18	-	1	-	-	19	
Mudigere	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	1	
do	(b) do — below Rs 50/-	17	-	1	-	1	18	
Koppa	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	1	
do —	(b) do — below Rs 50/-	20	-	-	-	1	21	
Yedahally Sub Taluk	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	(b) do — below Rs 50/-	3	-	-	-	-	3	
	Total	103	2	-	4		109.	

Chikmagalur
23rd November 1914

Chikmagalur
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur Dist

No. 297
E 2

D-no 120/E-A
Serial no 34

Office of the Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District.
Mysore, dated 1st December 1914.

From

A.Subramanya Iyer, Esq.,B.A.,
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao, Esq.,B.A.,B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government
of Mysore
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir

I have the honor to submit herewith letter No. 84 dated 26/28th November 1914 received from the President of the Mysore City Municipal Council re Statement showing the -- several communities represented in the public service in the City Municipality.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant
A Subramanya Iyer
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District.

Ed.

No. 84.

THE CITY MUNICIPAL OFFICE, MYSORE,
Dated the 26th November 1914

From

T.G.Lukshmana Rao, Esq., L.C.E.,
President, City Municipal Council,
Mysore.

Through the Deputy Commissioner.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
General & Revenue Department.

SIR,

With reference to Government Order No.50-92/E.A. of the 23rd ultimo, I have the honour to enclose herein a statement furnishing information as to the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service in this Municipality.

I have the honour to be,
S i r,
Your most obedient servant,

T G Lukshmana Rao

President.

1914.

From

The President, City Munl.
Council, Mysore.

Thro. The Deputy Commissioner

To

The Secy. to Govt. of Mysore,
Gen. & Rev. Depts.

Dated 26th
Despatched 28th } November 1914.
Received

General No. 84
No.

Enclosure No. one

Submitting a statement furnishing information as to the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the public service in the Mysore City Municipality.

28/11/14
L.F.

28/11/1914

GBPM—9-9-1914—800.

32

Office of the Commissioner of Stamps
in Mysore,
Dated Bangalore, 29th/30 November 1914.

No. 363
Encl: Statement

From

P. Raghavendra Rao Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Commissioner of Stamps in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Govt. of H.H.
the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

With reference to my letter No.349 dated the 23rd Instant, I have the honor to forward herewith a statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Stamp Department in Mysore.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Raghavendra Rao
30.11.14
Commissioner of Stamps.

M.N.R.

30.11.14

GPB—100,000—20.7.14

D. no 121/8-A.

1914-15

Serial no 357

From

The Commissioner of Stamps in Mysore

To

The Secretary to the Govt of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore Genl & Rev Depts.

Dated 28 November 14

Despatched 30

Received

General No. 363

No.

Enclosure No. One Statement.

Forwards a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Stamp Department in Mysore.

Sl
36

127

Edn. 81]

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF EDUCATION IN MYSORE.

No. 9287/394

Bangalore, 30th November 1914.

From

RAO BAHADUR M. SHAMA RAO, ESQ., M.A.,
Inspector-General of Education in Mysore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of His
Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General & Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

SIR,

With reference to Government Proceedings No.50-92/E.A. dated the 23rd ultimo and subsequent Reminder No.164-193/E.A. dated the 24th instant I have the honour to submit herewith a statement furnishing the information regarding the officials in Superior Service as therein called for.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

M. Shama Rao,

Inspector General.

D. no 123/E.A.
Serial no. 37.

MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

No. 977 E. C. Encs. /

Dated Bangalore, 3rd December *1914.*

FROM

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER, ESQ., B.A.,
Secretary to the Mysore Economic Conference,
Bangalore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Officiating Secretary to Government,
General & Revenue Departments, Bangalore.

SIR,

With reference to G.O. No. 50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, calling for information regarding the representation of the various communities in the public service, I have the honour to forward herewith the necessary information in the prescribed form.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
C S Balasundaram Iyer
Secretary.

C.L.G.

GPB—1,000—1-4-13

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

Economic Conference Department.

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by					Total.	Remarks, if any
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas.	Christians.	and so on.		
(a) Non-Gazetted -on Rs. 50/- and above.	6.					6.	
(b) Non-Gazetted -below Rs. 50/	10.			1.		11.	
T o t a l.	16.			1.		17.	

C.L.G.

C S Balasundaramiyer

SECRETARY,
Mysore Economic Conference
BANGALORE.

C.L.S.

D no 129
E. A.

Department of Public Health in Mysore.

OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER
WITH THE GOVT. OF MYSORE.

Bangalore, dated the 5th December 1914.

No. 2615
Enc. One

Sl 39

From

Rao Bahadur T. V. ARUMUGAM MUDALIAR. Esq., M.B.C.M.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, BANGALORE.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Genl. and Rev. Deptts.,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

With reference to Government Order No. 50-92 E.A. dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to forward herewith the statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Health Department.

I have the honor to be,
S i r ,
Your most obedient servant,

T V Arumugam

Sanitary Commissioner.

P.H.

D. no. 129/8
Serial no 39.

Department of Public Health in Mysore

From

THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER
IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVT.,
GEN. & REV. DEPTTS.
BANGALORE.

Dated 5 - DEC 1914

Despatched

Received

General No. 2615

No.

Enclosure No. one

SUBJECT.

Forwarding a statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in this Department

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service, Revenue Department, Chitaldrug District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.												
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Lingayets	~~Uldigars~~ Mudaliars	Jains	Setty Banajigas	Sunnagar	Naik	Maho-medan	Devaga	Kurubar	Total
Non-gazetted Officers 50 & above.													
District Office	7	–	–	–	–		–	–	–	–	–	–	7
Sub-Division Office Davangere	1	–	–										1
— do — Chitaldrug	0										1		1
Amildar's office, Chitaldrug	1												1
— do — Challakere	1							–	–	–	–		1
— do — Hiriyur	1							–	–	–	–		1
— do — Holalkere	1							–	–	–	–		1
— do — Davangere	1							–	–	–	–		1
— do — Jagalur	1							–	–	–	–		1
— do — Molakalmuru	1							–	–	–	–		1
— do — Hosdrug	1							–	–	–	–		1
Deputy — do — Harihar	0							–	–	–	–		0
Total	16							–	–	–	1	–	17
Non gazetted Officers below Rs. 50/-													
District Office	22	2	2				1	1	1	2			31
Subdivision Office, Davangere	3												3
— do — Chitaldrug	3												3
Amildar's Office, Chitaldrug	13		1							3		1	18
— do — Challakere	17				1					1			19
— do — Hiriyur	12		1							1			14
— do — Holalkere	11		2			1				1			15
— do — Davangere	14		1	1				0	1				17
— do — Jagalur	11		1					0	1	1			14
— do — Molakalmuru	11		1							1			13
— do — Hosdrug	20									1			21
Deputy — do — Harihar	4			1									5
Total	141	2	9	2	1	1	1	1	3	11		1	173

Chitaldrug
4th December 1914.

R. M. Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldrug District.

Dno. 180
E-A.

To no. S 240
dec. Gne.

Sl 40

132

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District.
Dated Chitaldrug, 4th December 1914.

From

V. R. Thyagaraja Iyer Esquire M.A.,
Deputy Commissioner,
C h i t a l d r u g.

To

D. M. Narasinga Row Esquire B.A.,B.L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
B a n g a l o r e.

S I R,

With reference to your order No.50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, requesting to submit a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service, I have the honor to submit herewith a statement showing the above details for the Revenue Department of this District.

I have the honor to be,
S I R,
Your most obedient servant,

Treasury Assistant Commissioner,
For Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District.
(Absent from station).

B/ D. no. 130/ E. A.
Serial no 60.
1914.

From

The Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District.

To

The Secretary to Govt.
Genl. & Rev: Departt.
Bangalore

Dated 2 12 1914

Despatched 4 12 1914

Received

General No. 240

No.

Enclosure No. One.

Submitting a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in Public Service, for the Revenue Department.

GPB—50,000—26-9-12

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service, Kolar District, (Local Boards)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by													Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras	Eurasians	Native Christians	Mahomedans	Mendicants	Naidus	Marattas	Lingayats	Others			
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/ & above	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.		1	× Pallai
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/	43	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	1	.	.	.	.	47	This includes the sanitary Board establishment at Kolar Gold Fields
Total	43	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	2	.	.	.	.	48	

A. [illegible]
For Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service, Kolar District (Revenue Department)

Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by														Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Jains	Reddis	Lingayats	Native Christians	Mohammedans	Muhalias	Naidus	Marathas	Panchalas	Others	Total	
(a) Non-gazetted on Rs 50 & above	24	1 (Ars)	1	-	.	2	1 (Jain)	1	-	.	.	2	-	32	
(b) Non-gazetted below Rs 50/-	199	2	3	4	8 (1 Kurubar, 1 Rajpu Coke, 6 Sudra)	.	1 (Christian)	17	1	4	2	3	1	245	
	223	3	4	4	8	2	2	18	1	4	2	5	1	277	

A. [illegible] 1/3/35

For Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service, Kolar District (Police Department)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by														Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras	Eurasians	Native Christians	Muhammadans	Panchamas	Marathas	Mahratta	Kurgas	Others		Total	
(a) Non-gazetted on Rs 50/ & above	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	
(b) Non gazetted below Rs 50/	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		5	Purely clerical staff.
Total	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		5	

A. [illegible]
Ag Jr Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

136

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service, Kolar District. (Excise Department)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by														Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Jains	Sudras	Europeans	Native Christians	Muhammadans	Jews	Parsis	Marathas	Lingayats	[illegible]	Total	
(a) Non gazetted on Rs 50 & above	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
(b) Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	15	
Total	12	.		.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	15	

A. [illegible]
Dy Deputy Commissioner
Kolar Dist.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service. Kolar District. (Forest Department)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by														Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras	Europeans	Native Christians	Muhammadans	Anglo-Indians	Parsis	Mahrattas	Lingayat	Others	Total		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 & above	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1		
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	3	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	
Total	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4		

A. [illegible]
for Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

225

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
KOLAR DISTRICT,

Dated Camp *the* 7th December 1914.

FROM

P. F. BOWRING, ESQUIRE., J. P.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq, B.A.B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit herewith statements showing the extent to which the various communities are represented in the Public service as called for in Government Order No.50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914.

The statements include the several communities of the clerical establishments of the offices noted in the margin, excepting the executive staff of Excise, Police, and Forest Departments.

Revenue Department.
Forest Do.
Excise Do.
Police Do.
Local Boards.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service..

Revenue Department.

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																
	Brahmins	Kshatriya	Vaisya	Lingayets	Vakkaliga	Mudaliars	Naidoo	Palegar	Jains.	Banajiga	Tailor	Marata	Christians	Mahomedans		Total	Remarks if any.
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	16	1	-	-	-	-	2	.	-	1	.	-	1	1		22	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50/-	181	6	6	12	1	2	6	1	1	.	2	1	4	18		241	
Total:-	197	7	6	12	1	2	8	1	1	1	2	1	5	19		263	

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 8 December '14.

Note. This does not include Kankanhally Talok figures, which are not yet received -

G. Rudrappa
for Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

D. no. 181/E.A.
Serial no 41
1917 File no 3 - 1914-15

From
P. F. BOWRING ESQUIRE., J. P.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

To
The Secretary to the
Govt of H. H.
the Maharaja of Mysore
Genl & Law Deptt
Bangalore

Dated 7. 12. 14
Despatched
Received
General No. 225
No.
Enclosure No. 5

Subject

Submitting 5 statements showing the extent to which the various communities are represented in the Public service

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service..

Forest Department.

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																
	Brahmins	Kshatriya	Vaisya	Lingayets	Vakkaliga	Mudaliars	Naidoo	Palegar	Jains.	Banajiga	Tailor	Marata	Christians	Mahomedans	Pillay	Total	Remarks if any.
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50/-	14	1	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	23	
Total:-	15	1	1	1	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	27	

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 8th December '14.

G Rudrappa
for Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service..

Excise ----------Department.

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																	
	Brahmins	Kshatriya	Vaisya	Lingayets	Vakkaliga	Mudaliars	Naidoo	Palegar	Jains.	Banajiga	Tailor	Marata	Christians	Mahomedans		Total	Remarks if any.	
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		3		
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50/-	31 ~~32~~	-	-	-	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	8	-	49		
Total:-	32	-	-	-	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	6	8	-	52		

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 8th December '14.

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

No....Y.323/381.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District.

Bangalore Dated, 9th December 1914.

From

K. Chandy, Esquire, B.A.,

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao, Esq.,B.A.,B.L.,

Off'g. Secretary to the Government of H.H.
the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to Government Order No. 50-92/E.A dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to submit herewith 3 statements showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service, in the Departments of this District noted in the margin.

1. Revenue.
2. Forest &
3. Excise

Urgent reminders have been issued to the other Departments under me, and on receipt of the statements they will also be submitted.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Asst. Commr.
for Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.
(absent from the station)

D. no 1388/8. A 3-14
8 43.

Office of the Inspector-General of
Registration in Mysore,
Dated, Bangalore, 10th December 1914.

No. 1394/1

From

P. Raghavendra Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Inspector-General of Registration in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of H. H. the
Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward herewith a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in service in this Department, as called for in - - - Government Proceedings No. 50-92/ E.A. dated 23rd October 1914.

I have the honor to be,
S i r,
Your most obedient servant,

P Raghavendra Rao
11. 12. 14
Inspector-General of
Registration.

11.12.14

B.K.
11-12-'14.

D. no. 132/E.A.

GPB—100,000—29-7-14

Serial no 42

191

File no 3 of 1914-15

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore District

To

The Secretary to the Govt
Genl & Rev Depts

Dated

Despatched 9-12-14

Received

General No. L 323
No.

Enclosure No. 3 81

Submits 381 showing the
Several Communities represented
in public service

No....S.329/4

8/44

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

Bangalore Dated, 14th December 1914.
15

From

K. Chandy, Esquire, B.A.,

Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No. S.323/381 dated 9th December 1914, I have the honour to submit herewith ~~the~~ statements of persons representing the various communities in the Public Service, of the Police Department of this District (City & District Police), City Magistrate's Office and Revenue Department of this District including Kankanhalli Taluk figures, in supercession of the one sent with my letter referred to above.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Asst Commissioner
for Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.
(Absent from the station)

GPB—100,000—29-7-14

File no 3 of 1914-15.

Serial no. 44.

191

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore District

To

The Secretary to the Govt
General & Rev Depts

Dated

Despatched 15-12-14

Received

General No. 9329

No.

Enclosure No. 4

Submits the list of persons representing the various communities in Public Service

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service.

Revenue Department. (Including Kaukaribally Firm)

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																	
	Brahmins	Kshatriya	Vaisya	Lingayets	Vokkaliga	Mudaliars	Naidoo	Palegar	Jains.	Boyajiga	Tailor	Marata	Christians	Mahomedans	Rajput	Gollar	Total	Remarks if any.
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	17	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	23	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50/-	196	6	6	12	1	2	7	1	1	-	2	1	4	21	1	1	262	
Total:-	213	7	6	12	1	2	9	1	1	1	2	1	5	22	1	1	285	

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 14th December '14.

G. Rudrappa
Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

149

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service.

Judicial Department. (City magistrate's Court)

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																
	Brahmins	Kshatriya	Vaiyas	Lingayets	Vokkaliga	Kudaliar	Naidoo	Palegar	Jains.	Banajiga	Tailor	Marata	Christians	Mahomedans		Total	Remarks if any.
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	1															1	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50/-	4															4	
Total:-	5															5	

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 14th December '14.

G Rudrappa
For Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

159

D. no 143/8-A. File no 3 of 14-15
17-12-14. Serial no 45

Mysore Public Works Department,

No. 11705/1

Central Office,

Dated Bangalore, 15th Decer: 1914.

From

Karpur Shrinivasrao, Esq: B.Sc., L.C.E.,

Offg: Chief Engineer of Mysore,

Bangalore.

To

D.M.Namsinga Rao, Esq: B.A., B.L.,

Offg: Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

General and Revenue Departments, Bangalore.

Sir,

As directed in Government Proceedings No.50-92/E.A. dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to forward herewith a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Works Department.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

K. Shrinivasrao

Deputy Chief Engineer of Mysore.

V S P.

D. no. 145/8. A.
18-12-14.
File no 3 of 14-15
Serial no 46.

No. 168
Enclosure, 1

OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,
Bangalore City, 14th December 1914.

From

DEWAN BAHADUR RAJA SABHA BHUSHANA
K. P. PUTTANNA CHETTY, ESQ.,
Hony. President, Municipal Council,
Bangalore City.

To

The Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

SIR,

I have the honor ~~to~~ to submit herewith a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Bangalore City Municipality, as directed in Government Proceedings No. 50-92/E.A. dated 23-10-1914.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

K P Puttannachetty
Honorary President.

hsk

Statement Showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service.

Bangalore City Municipality.

1	2 Number of appointments held by																		3
Class of appointments	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Christians	Muhammadans	Rajputs	Marathas	Naidus	Vokkaliyas	Lingayats	Devanga	Nadoliyas	Gollavas	Kurubars	Malayali	Illaya Balijiyas	Rollars	Brahmin Jainas	Tiliyas	Total	Remarks, if any
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.	4	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	
(b) Do Below Rs 50/-	79	1	12	5	1	1	1	6	2	2	6	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	124	

Bangalore
12th December 1914.

For Hon: President, Munl. Council, Bangalore City.

D. no 178/2-14.
GPB—100,000—29-7-14
7/no 3714-15.
8/no 49
1914—1915.

From P. R. W. Wetherall Esquire
Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

To D. M. Narasinga Rao Esquire BA BL
Officiating Secretary to the
Government of His Highness
Dated the Maharaja of Mysore
Despatched 2nd } General and Revenue
Received 9 } Departments
Bangalore
General No. 205 January 1915.
No. 5
Enclosure No. Lia.

1. Conference Department
2. Malnad improvement Scheme Department
3. Inam Department
4. Marahamat Department
5. Municipal and Local Fund Department
6. Revenue Department.

Subject.

Submitting statements showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service in the Hassan District.

No.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Hassan District
Dated Hassan 2nd January 15.

From P. R. W. Wethenall Esquire
Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

To. D. M. Narasingaiah Esquire
Officiating Secretary to the Govt.
of His Highness the Maharaja
of Mysore General and Revenue
Departments
Bangalore

Sir,

According to Government
Proceedings No. 5092 / G.&A. dated 23-10-1914
Calling for a Statement of Officials
in Superior Service in the form
therewith received, I have the
honor to Submit herewith the
Statements noted in the margin
which

which show the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Hassan District.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

H W Wetherall

Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

Statement Showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service. Revenue Department

Hassan District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by										
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Jains	Mahamadans	Vakkaliyas	Lingayats	Naidus	Jettis	Christians	Gujarati Banias	Total
(a) Non Gazetted - on Rs 50 and above	14	-	-	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50.	142	.	4	6	4	3	.	1	1	.	
	156	..	4	7	4	3	.	1	1	1	

Excluding the Amildars and the Deputy Amildar.

H. W. Wetherall

Deputy Commissioner

Hassan District

Statement Showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service.
Local Fund Department Hassan District.

	Number of appointments held by									Remarks.
	Brahmins	Khatriyas	Vaisyas	Lingayats	Vaidhus	Musalman	Christian	Jains	Total	
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 and above										
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50.	25	1	.	2	2	1	1	2	34	
	25	1	..	2	2	1	1	2	34	

P. W. Wetherall
Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

Statement Showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service.

Mulgai — Department Hassan District.

Class of appointm	Number of appointments held by.								
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Jains	Mahamadans	Lingayats	Vakkaliga's			
(a) Non-Gazetted on ~~Rs~~ 50 and above	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
(b) Non-Gazetted below ~~Rs~~ 50.	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

F. H. Wellesley

Deputy Commissioner

Hassan District.

Statement showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service. Dharahamat Department Hassan District.

Class of appointment	Number of appointments.									
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Jains	Mahammedans	Vakkaliyas	Lingayats	Naidus & Mudliars.			
(a) Non-Gazetted - on Rs 50 and above	1	"	"	"	"	"	"			
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50.	8	"	"	"	1	"	1			
	9	"	"	"	1	-	1	"	"	

H. W. Wetherall

Deputy Commissioner

Hassan District

(95)

Statement showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service.

Malanad improvement Scheme Hassan District

Class of appointments	Number of appointments.								
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Jains	Mahamadans	Vakkaligars	Lingayats			
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50 and above	1	"	"	"	"	"			
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50.	2	"	1	"	"	"			
	3	"	1	"	"	"			

W. H. Wetherall
Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

Statement Showing The Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service. Conference Department Hassan District Committee.

Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by.									
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Jains	Mahomeddans	Vakkaligars	Lingayats	Naidus	Jetty	Christians	Gujerati
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 and above										
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

P. W. Wetherall

Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

Dno 2007 8-A 19.1.15 File no 3 of 14-15 81. 50

No. 5138 Gen: 1

OFFICE OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE.

Bangalore, dated 16th January 1915.
18

FROM

P. Raghavendra Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,

Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esq, B.A., B.L.,
Offg: *Secretary to the Government of*
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward herewith a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in service in the Excise Department in the form prescribed under Government Proceed--ings No. 50-92/E&A., dated 23-10-'14.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P Raghavendra Rao
16.1.15
Excise Commissioner.

MAS.

FROM

Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To

Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Gen. and Rev. Depts.

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No.

Enclosure No.

SUBJECT.

GPB—1,350—25-11-12

D. No 222/E.A.
26-1-15.

File 3 of 14-15.
Sl. 52

No. 3089

Encl. 1 375

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE.

Dated Bangalore, 23rd Jan 1915.

25

From

Diwan Bahadur C. SRIKANTESVARA AIYAR, B. A., B. L.,

Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao Esquire, B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of
H.H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Genl. & Rev. Depts.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward herewith statistics of officials of my Department as referred to in Government Proceedings No.50-92/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914.

I have the honor to be
sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Srikantesvara Aiyar

Inspector General of Police.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service:- Police Department.

Name of office.	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by																		Total.
		Brahmin	Muhammadan	Muhammadan	Native Christian	Eurasian	Rajput	Baniya	Goldsmith	Jetty	Mudaliar	Chetty	Setty	Coorg	Kuttigar	Vathiyar	Pallan	Gandla Brahmin	Tigala	
Inspector General's Office	(a) On Rs. 50/- & above	5	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7
	(b) Below Rs. 50/-	9	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	16
	Total	14	1	.	1	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	23
Provincial Police Training School	(a) On Rs. 50/- & above	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
	(b) Below Rs. 50/-	3	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	5
	Total	7	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	9
3. Railway Police	(a) On Rs. 50/- & above	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
	(b) Below Rs. 50/-	7	.	.	.	1	2	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12
	Total	7	.	.	.	2	2	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13
4. Provincial Special Reserve Police	(a) On Rs. 50/- & above	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2
	(b) Below Rs. 50/-	.	.	5	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	1	11
	Total	.	.	5	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	1	1	1	13
	Grand Total	28	1	6	1	3	4	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	58

Sitanathaiyar

Inspector General of Police.

D. no 120/E.A.
15-1-15.

File no 3 B.14-15
Sl 53.

Rev. Forests

OFFICE OF THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS IN MYSORE,

No. 6847 *Bangalore, dated* 13th January 1915.

Enclosures 1

From

M.G.Rama Rao, Esquire, B.A.,
~~RAI BAHADUR M. MUTHANNA, ESQ.,~~
Offg *Conservator of Forests in Mysore.*

To

.....D.M.Narasinga Rao Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Offg *Secretary to the Government of*
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

SIR,

With reference to Government order No.R.5082/E.A. dated the 23rd October 1914, I have the honour to note on the margin the statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the service of the Forest -- Department.

(Please see Statement annexed).

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Offg. Conservator of Forests.

Number of appointments held by

Class of appointments	Brahmin	Kshetriya	Vaisya	Mudaliyar	Nayar	Malayalla	Vellalar	Gollar	Naik	Lingayat	Jain	Coorg	Rajput	Chettiyar	Arya Samaj	Rangare	Muhammadan	Christian	Pillay			Total
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	29	-	1	1	5	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	1	2			47
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	146	5	-	6	5	9	11	1	2	6	1	3	1	1	1	1	33	8	-			240
Total	175	5	1	7	10	10	12	2	2	6	1	4	1	1	1	1	37	9	2			287

Mysore

Offg. Conservator of Forests.

No. 3211/195.

D. no 228/S.A. 27-1-15.

File no 56 of 14-15 Sl. 56.

CHIEF COURT OF MYSORE.

Bangalore, dated 22nd January 1915.

265

From

N. T. GOPALIENGAR, Esquire, B.A., LL.B.,
Registrar of the Chief Court of Mysore.

To

D. M. NARASINGA RAO, Esquire, B.A., B.L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

S i r,

Adverting to Government Proceedings No. 5092/S.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I am directed to forward herewith a statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service of the Judicial Department (Civil Courts) in the State.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

N. Gopaliengar

REGISTRAR.

N.G.

STATEMENT SHEWING THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE SEVERAL COMMUNITIES ARE REPRESENTED IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT (CIVIL COURTS).

Name of Department	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by															Remarks.
		Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas.	Mudaliars.	Naidus.	Lingayat.	Vakkaliga.	Palligars.	Weaver.	Bedar.	Goller.	Other Sudras	Christians.	Mahamadan.	Total.	
Judicial Department (Civil Courts).	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above.	20	2	0	2	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	30	
	(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	315	8	3	12	8	7	10	1	2	3	1	24	4	22	420	
Total		335	10	3	14	11	8	11	1	2	3	1	24	4	23	450	

CHIEF COURT OF MYSORE,

Bangalore, dated 22nd January 1915.

N.G.

N. Gopalaswamy

REGISTRAR.

GPB—100,000—29-7-14

1914-15

57

From

The Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Dated 30th January 1915.

Despatched

Received

General No. 323
Rev. No. 214

Enclosure No.

With reference to Government Proceedings No. 5092/E.A. dated 23rd October 1914 forwards a list of officials in superior service classified according to community.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Shimoga District.

Revenue Department.

Name of Department.	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by Hindus.														Christian.	Mussalman.	Total.	Remarks.
		Beda.	Besta.	Brahmin.	Golla.	Kshatrya.	Kuruba.	Lingayat.	Mahratta.	Mudaliar.	Mayanda.	Panchala.	Pillay.	Uppara.	Vakkaliga.				
Revenue & Other Depts.	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	16	District Office, Revenue Sub-Treasury Offices, Taluk Offices, S. F. Department Karnam at Agt, Registration, Surveyor District Treasury, all these are included in this Statement.
	(b) Non-Gazetted ~~on Rup50/-~~ below 50/-	-	2	195	1	-	5	2	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	11	224	
	Total	-	2	208	1	-	5	2	4	2	-	1	-	-	-	4	11	240	

Shimoga.
29th January 1915.
S.H.R.-6

Venkataramanappa
Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

D. no 235/E.A
1.2.15.

Flno 3-14
M 8, 57

No. 323
Rev. 214.
Ed 6.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District,
Dated Shimoga 30th January 1915.

From

K. Matthan Esquire., B.A.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao Esquire., B.A.B.L.,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to Government Proceedings No.5092/E and A dated 23rd October 1914 I have the honor to forward herewith a list of officials in superior service classified according to community in the several Departments of this District under my control.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

C.N.R.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Excise Department.

Name of Department.	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by Hindus.														Christian.	Mussalman.	Total.	Re
		Beda.	Besta.	Brahmin.	Golla.	Kshatrya.	Kuruba.	Lingayat.	Mahratta.	Mudaliar.	Nayanda.	Panchala.	Pillay.	Uppara.	Vakkaliga.				
Excise Department	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1		4	
	(b) Non-Gazetted ~~on Rs50/-~~ below 50/-	-	-	16	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	3	7	33	
	Total	-	-	18	1	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	4	7	37	

Shimoga.
29th January 1915.
S.H.R.-6

Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Shimoga District.

Police Department.

Name of Department.	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by Hindus.														Christian.	Mussalman.	Total.	Remarks
		Beda.	Besta.	Brahmin.	Golla.	Kshatrya.	Kuruba.	Lingayat.	Mahratta.	Mudaliar.	Mayanda.	Panchala.	Pillay.	Uppara.	Vakkaliga.				
Police Department	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
	(b) Non-Gazetted on Rupees below 50/-	2	3	40	-	4	7	5	5	1	1	-	-	1	6	2	11	88	
	Total	2	3	41	-	4	7	7	5	1	1	-	-	1	6	2	11	91	

Shimoga.
29th January 1915.

S.H.R.-6

Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

174

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Shimoga Distri

Forest Department.

Name of Department.	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by Hindus.														Christian.	Mussalman.		Rem
		Beda.	Besta.	Brahmin.	Golla.	Kshatrya.	Kuruba.	Lingayat.	Mahratta.	Mudaliar.	Nayanda.	Panchala.	Pillay.	Uppara.	Vakkaliga.			Total.	
Forest Department	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.	-	-	8	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	11	
	(b) Non-Gazetted on Rupees below 50/-	-	-	20	-	-	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	9	36	
	Total	-	-	28	-	-	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	11	47	

Shimoga.
20th January 1915.
S.H.R.-6

Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

175

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Shimoga District.

Malnad Improvement Committee ~~Department~~.

Name of Department.	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by Hindus.														Christian.	Mussalman.		Remarks.
		Beda.	Besta.	Brahmin.	Golla.	Kshatriya.	Kuruba.	Lingayat.	Mahratta.	Mudaliar.	Navanda.	Panchala.	Pillay.	Uppara.	Vokkaliga.			Total.	
	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	
	(b) Non-Gazetted on Rupees below 50/-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
	Total	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	9	

Shimoga.
20th January 1915.

S.N.R.-6

Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Shimoga District.

Vice President's Office, Shimoga Town ~~Municipal~~ Municipality.

Name of Department.	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by Hindus.														Christian.	Mussalman.	Total.	Remarks.
		Beda.	Besta.	Brahmin.	Golla.	Kshatriya.	Kuruba.	Lingayat.	Madivala.	Padaliar.	Sawanda.	Panchala.	Killey.	Ramara.	~~Lingayat~~ Vaipar				
Vice President's Office, Shimoga Municipality	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.																		
	(b) Non-Gazetted ~~on Rs 50/-~~ below 50/-	-	-	7	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	11	
	Total	-	-	7	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	11	

Shimoga.
[illegible]th January 1915.
C.F.R.-6

M. Venkatanarasimha
Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga District.

GPB—1,500—17-12-14

D. no. 240/R.A.
2.2.15

File no 3 of 14
8158.

Railway 2]

No. 1634
Encl: 1.

MYSORE STATE RAILWAYS,
CENTRAL OFFICE,
Bangalore, 30th January 1915

FROM

E. A. S. BELL, Esq.,
Secretary to Government of Mysore,
for Railways, Bangalore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.
Secretary to Government General & Revenue
Departments.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No. 328 dated the 19th January 1915, I have the honour to state that it is reported that a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented on the establishment of the State Railway Construction Department was forwarded to you with letter No. 8023 dated the 23rd November last, from the Engineer-in-Chief, State Railway Construction Department.

2. A similar statement for the staff of this office is enclosed for information.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

E. A. S. Bell

Secretary for Railways,
Government of Mysore.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service.

RAILWAY SECRETARIAT.

Class of appointments	No. of appointments held by			Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Moodliars	Mohammedans		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs. 50 and above.....	3	-	-	3	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50	6	2	1	9	
Total	9	2	1	12	

Bangalore,

30th January 1915.

Secretary for Railways,

Government of Mysore.

D. No 243/8-A.
4-2-15

Sl. no 59

M. S. 5]

GPB—2,000—13-7-14

No. 3023. Ene. 6.

59

From

The Military Secretary to H. H.
the Maharaja of Mysore.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao., Esqr., B.A.B.L.,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Mysore

Genl. & Rev. Departments, Bangalore.

Bangalore, the 3rd February 1915.

Sir,

Adverting to Government order No.50-92/ E.A. dated 26th October 1914 and subsequent reminders thereto, I have the honor to forward herewith the statistics relating to the representation of the various committees in the service, in the Establishments under my control.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient servant

C Jones Lt.Col

Military Secretary

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(E & G.)

NOTES.

P. 51

File No. 77 14.

FILE HEADING.

Class Representation in the Public Service

From

No.	Dated	Received

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

NOTES—First Sheet.

GPB—35,000—15-6-12

P.T.O

other parts of the province. In making their selections from the lists of ~~these~~ candidates thus prepared officers must endeavour to obtain men from those classes in which their offices are deficient. The proportion of Muhammadans at present employed is altogether inadequate, and serious efforts must be made to increase the proportion so as to bear a more reasonable relation to the importance of the Muhammadans in the community and to their ability and qualifications.

6. Mr. Hare is confident that his officers will fully co-operate with him in thus carrying out the orders of the Government of India, but in view of the difficulty that has been found in giving effect to those orders during the past 20 years, and the danger that they may be again lost sight of, he deems it necessary to prescribe the submission of an annual return by all officers making ministerial appointments in Eastern Bengal and in the districts of Sylhet, Cachar and Goalpara, through such channel and in such form as he may hereafter determine, stating what appointments have been made during the year and the classes to which the men selected belong and giving explanations of the reasons for any departure from the orders now given.

By order, etc.,

Sd/- P.C.Lyon,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of E.B. & Assam

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

E & F File No. 793 of 1914-15

Serial No.	
1	To the First-Class Resident No. Pol 368 dt 26/10/14 Requests to be furnished with information re-facilities afforded to members of backward communities in the public service
33	From do - No 97672 dt 30/11/14 Forwards certain Madras Govt. orders in the matter
47	From do - No 10354 dt 19/12/14 Forwards certain Bengal & Bombay Govt. orders on the subject
48	From do - No 10358 dt 22/12/15 Forwards certain Govt. of India orders in the matter
63	To do - No Pol 641 dt 6/1/15 Acknowledges the receipt of the papers with thanks.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. 26]

File No. 3 of 14-15

Serial No. 1

Diary No. of letter replied to

Pol No. 368.

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, the 191 .

To J. A. to Resident

Date of issue 29/10/14.

Signed by M. Narasinga Row.

Sir,

I am desired to enquire if it would be possible for you to kindly procure for the Durbar copies of orders, if any, passed by the Govt of India and the Govts of Bengal, Bombay and Madras, in the matter of giving special encouragement in the

over.

SUBJECT.

1871

public service to members of communities which are backward in education.

Dune 14/10

20.10.14

Asst Secretary

rec 6/10/14

List of enclosures

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—25,000—4-3-13

D. No 116/8.A.

Pol. No 10782/30.11.14

Serial no 33.

No. 9767

FROM

P. B. WARBURTON, ESQ., I. C. S.,
FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

To

The Dewan of Mysore.

Dated Bangalore, 30 November 1914

SIR,

With reference to your letter No. 368 Pol., dated the 26th October 1914, I am directed to forward herewith a copy of letter No. 1502 dated the 21st November 1914, with enclosures, received from the Government of Madras, Public Department on the subject of giving special encouragement in the public service to members of communities which are backward in education.

2. As regards orders issued by the Governments of India Bengal and Bombay, a further communication will be made to the Durbar in due course.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Most obedient servant.

For First Assistant Resident

R. O. 2—R. P. B.—10-1914—1,000.

Letter No. 1502, dated the 21st November 1914, from the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Department to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

With reference to your letter No. 7834, dated the 30th October 1914, I am directed to state that the principles to be observed in making appointments to the public service are enunciated in paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue No. 128, an extract of which is herewith enclosed. I am also to forward a copy of each of the undermentioned papers which bear on the subject of giving special encouragement to members of backward communities:-

(1) G.O.No. 288 Educational, dated 7th October 1872 (Paragraph 5).

(2) Paragraph 22 of Home Department Resolution No. 7-1215-25, dated the 15th July 1885 in G.O.No. 507 Educational, dated 14th August 1885.

(3) G.O.No. 862 Public, dated 15th November 1905, (Paragraph 2).

(4) G.O.No. 497 Public, dated 18th April 1913.

Copy.

Registrar,
Resident's office.

128. Principles to be observed in making appointments.-

All classes eligible.- Government do not regard any caste or creed as a ground of civil disability. All classes and castes are, therefore, alike eligible to hold offices under Government, provided they have the necessary educational and other qualifications.

2. Distribution of appointments among the several castes.- Collectors should be careful to see that the subordinate appointments in their districts are not monopolized by the members of a few influential families. Endeavour should always be made to divide the principal appointments in each district among the several castes. A proportion of the Tahsildars in each district should belong to castes other than the Brahman, and it should be a standing rule that the two chief revenue servants in the Collector's office should be of different castes.

****

Received ..... 191 , *Registered* ..... 191 .

Abstract.

Educational DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 288 , **dated** the 7th October ~~191~~ 1872

~~READ the following papers:—~~

ENCLOSURES.

No. .....

O R D E R.-

x x x

5. One of the reasons assigned for this failure of the Mahomedans to qualify themselves for public employment is an alleged impression that the Government and its officers are disinclined to employ Mahomedans, whether qualified or not, in the public service. It is the earnest desire of the Governor in Council that this impression, if it exists should be dispelled in the most speedy and convincing manner by the employment, as opportunity offers, of a fair proportion of those Mahomedans who may have passed the prescribed tests of qualification, and by the promotion, according to their merits, of those who are already employed, and with this view he resolves to commend the subject to the attention of the Heads of the various Departments and Offices both at the Presidency and in the Provinces, in the full confidence that they will cordially co-operate with the Government in removing the impression above alluded to. In thus drawing the attention of the Officers of Government to the claims of the Mahomedans to a share in appointments in the public service, His Excellency in Council desires to guard against the motive

and ~~the~~ policy of the Government being in any way misunderstood. It is not the desire of the Government that any special favour or indulgence should be manifested towards any particular class or section of the community. Their object is to treat all Her Majesty's subjects on principles of strict justice and equality, and it is only because the particular class to which reference is made in these Proceedings is believed to labour at present under practical disabilities, which place them at a disadvantage in comparison with their fellow-subjects, that the Governor in Council has deemed it proper to call attention to their case. Whether the measures which it is proposed to carry out for improving the educational and social condition of this section of the population shall be attended with success, must depend in a great measure upon the extent to which the Mahomedans profit by the means placed at their disposal.

(True Extract)

R. S. Ellis,
Chief Secretary.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

191

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Education), dated Simla, 15th July 1885, No. 7-215-25.

RESOLUTION.-

x x x x

22. The Governor General in Council does not consider it desirable or for the advantage of the Muhammadans themselves, that they should be exempted from those tests which are established to secure the admission of duly qualified candidates into the public service. Nor can special favor be shown them in open competitive examinations of any description. It is only by raising their own educational qualifications to the level already attained by other races that the Muhammadans can hope to win appointments that are awarded as the result of examination. But there are a large number of appointments the gift of which lies in the hands of the local Governments, the High Courts, or local officers. The Governor General in Council desires that in those provinces where Muhammadans do not receive their full share of State employment, the local Governments and High Courts will endeavour to redress this inequality as opportunity offers and will impress upon subordinate officers the importance of attending to this in their selection of candidates for appointments of the class last referred to. The subject of the extent to which Muhammadans are employed in offices under Government might usefully be noticed in the annual reports of provincial administration.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Received ..... 191 , *Registered* 191

Abstract.

Public DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 362 , **dated** the 15th November **1905.**

~~Read the following papers~~ :—

ENCLOSURES.

No. .....

.....

ORDER.-

2. With regard to their further request that special facilities should be given to the Uriyas of Orissa for employment in Government service in Ganjam district the memorialists will be informed that no disabilities have been placed in the way of the employment of Uriyas in the public service, which is open to all who possess the necessary qualifications. Uriyas who possess those qualifications would naturally have a preference to posts in the district where Uriya is spoken.

(True Extract)

M. Hammick

Chief Secretary.

To the Secretary, Uriya Samaj, Ganjam.

Copy to the Collector of Ganjam

Copy to the Collector of Vizagapatam.

No. 497, Public, 18th April 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

Question and answer in the Imperial Legislative Council on the 18th March 1913 regarding the employment of deserving members of depressed classes as peons, etc., in various departments of public service.

The Hon'ble Mr. Rayaningar :—

Will the Government be pleased to state whether they propose to make arrangements for the employment, wherever possible, of deserving members of the depressed classes, as peons, dalayats, muchis, etc., in various departments of public service ?

Reply by the Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock—

" Government has no information regarding the present distribution of posts of the description referred to between members of the different castes. It is probable that men of the lower castes are already thus employed in considerable numbers, but any reservation of such work for them to the exclusion of others is scarcely practicable.

" In the interests of these classes, however, Government would welcome their appointment compatibly with the claims of others in posts for which they may be qualified."

Endorsement of the Government of India, Home Department (Establishments), No. 549, *dated Simla, the 5th April* 1913.

Copy forwarded to the Government of Madras for information.

(By Order.)

V. Dawson,
Under Secretary to the Government of India.

Order—No. 497, Public, dated 18th April 1913.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

A. G. Cardew,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To all departments of the Secretariat.
,, heads of departments under the Chief Secretary
(including Collectors and District and Sessions Judges).

Pol No. 1217 of 19.12.14.

D 745 A 3-13 JL 47

No. 10314

In one file of papers.

Mysore Resident's Office.

Bangalore. 19th December 1914.

Copies of the foregoing letters, with enclosures, are forwarded to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, in continuation of this office letter No. 9767, dated the 30th November 1914.

First Assistant Resident.

Government of Madras.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

Recd.	1913.	*Enclosures*
Regd.		*Spare copies*

G.O. No. 497, 18th April 1913.

Depressed classes.

Recording question and answer in the Imperial Legislative Council on the 18th March 1913 regarding the employment of deserving members of the — as menial servants in the various departments of the public service.

Letter No.8575 A, dated the 9th December 1914, from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Appointment Department, to the Resident in Mysore.

I am directed to refer to your letter No.7832., dated the 30th October 1914, in which you ask to be furnished with copies of orders, if any, passed by this Government in the matter of giving special encouragement in the public service to members of communities which ar backward in education.

2. In reply, I am to forward copies of the papers noted in the margin regarding the employment of Muhammadans and of Hindus of lower castes in the public services.

1. Resolution by the late Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam No.1769 C., dated the 15th February 1907.

2. Bengal Government Circular No.3386 A., dated the 20th April, 1914.

3. I am to add that, the orders of the Government of India require that the rules for the recruitment of the Provencial Civil Services should be adapted to secure the due representation of the different classes of the community in those services.

Letter No.10045, dated the 11th December 1914, from the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, General Department, to the Resident in Mysore.

With reference to your letter No.7833, dated the 30th October 1914, I am directed to forward herewith copies of the orders specified in the accompanying list regarding the employment of members of backward classes in the public service.

CONFIDENTIAL

Letter No. 1746, dated the 12th December 1914, from the Government of India, Department of Education, to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

With reference to your letter No. 7831, dated the 30th October 1914, addressed to the Home Department, in which you ask for copies of any orders passed by the Government of India in the matter of giving special encouragement in the public service to members of communities which are backward in education, I am directed to forward a copy of the papers noted on the margin. The circular letter, dated 31st October 1913, should be treated as confidential.

1. Govt. of India Resolution No. 7/215-225 Education, dated the 15th July 1885.
2. Govt. of India circular letter No. 1448-1457-Genl., dated the 31st October 1913.

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Serial no 48

Pol. No. 1230 of 22.12.14

Mysore Resident's Office,
Bangalore, the 22nd December 1914.

No. 103582-2.

A copy of the foregoing letter, with enclosures, is forwarded to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore in continuation of this office letter No. 9767, dated the 30th November 1914, with the request that the Education Department's circular letter, dated the 31st October 1913, may be treated as confidential.

D. no. 1528/8.A. 23.12.14.

First Assistant Resident.

The receipt of the copies of the G.O's may be acknowledged with thanks. 25/12/14

List of Government Resolutions relating to the employment of members of backward classes in the public service.

Government Resolution,	Educational Department,			No.799, dated the 16th May, 1887, paragraphs 6 and 7.
"	"	General Department,		No.3998, dated the 1st August, 1904.
"	"	"	"	No.5789, dated the 25th October, 1904.
"	"	"	"	No.2828, dated the 10th May, 1911.
"	"	"	"	No.3796, dated the 20th June, 1911.
"	"	"	"	No.4268, dated the 5th June, 1913.

Government letter, General Department, No.5175, dated the 15th July, 1913.

Government Resolution, General Department, No.625, dated the 23rd January, 1914.

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GATT India Ag

Para 20 to 22

EDUCATION—JULY 1885.

No. $\frac{7}{215\ 25}$.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Education), dated Simla, the 15th July 1885.

Read again the following papers on the subject of the encouragement of Muhammadan education in British India.

Education Proceedings, 19th August 1871, nos. 2 to 8.
Ditto ditto 27th January 1872, no. 13.
Ditto ditto June 1873, nos. 74 to 111.
Ditto ditto July 1873, no. 59.
Ditto ditto September 1873, nos. 2 and 3.
Ditto ditto January 1874, no. 4.

Read also—

A letter from the Government of Bengal, no. 104, dated the 17th February 1882, forwarding a memorial from the National Muhammadan Association, dated the 6th February 1882, on the position and claims of the Muhammadan community in British India.

Home Department Circular letter no. 4—181-190, dated the 8th March 1882, to Local Governments and Administrations, calling for a full and careful report on the allegations and prayers contained in the memorial.

Read replies to the above circular letter—

From Government of Madras, no. 574, dated the 28th June 1882.

From Government of Bombay, no. 1758, dated the 6th October 1882.

From Government of Bengal, no. 481-T.G., dated the 14th October 1882.

From Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, no. 1401, dated the 16th April 1883.

From Government of the Punjab, no. 916, dated the 19th April 1883.

From Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, no. 3438—186, dated the 4th September 1882.

From Chief Commissioner of British Burma, no. 531—144-N., dated the 16th May 1882.

From Chief Commissioner of Assam, no. 5401, dated the 21st October 1882.

From Chief Commissioner of Coorg, no. 332—19, dated the 28th May 1882.

From the Resident at Hyderabad, no. 427, dated the 14th November 1882.

Read also the following correspondence on the subject of raising the Calcutta Madrissa to the status of a second grade college :—

Education Proceedings, September 1883, nos. 12 to 20.
Ditto ditto December 1883, nos. 25 to 27.

Read also—

Paragraphs 555 to 581 of the Report of the Education Commission, on the education of Muhammadans viewed as one of the "classes requiring special treatment," and the Remarks of Local Governments and Administrations on that portion of the Commission's report.

RESOLUTION.

In February 1882 a memorial was addressed to His Excellency the late Viceroy by the National Muhammadan Association calling attention to the present decayed position of Muhammadans in India, to the causes which had, in the opinion of the memorialists, led to this decadence, and to the circumstances which in their belief, tend to perpetuate that condition. The memorial

was fully reported upon by the Local Governments and was also discussed by the Education Commission. His Excellency the late Viceroy was unable to deal with the question before his departure from India, but left on record an expression of his hope that it would receive full consideration at the hands of his successor. The present Viceroy feels a special interest in the well-being and advancement of the Muhammadan subjects of the Crown in India; and after his landing at Bombay took an early opportunity of assuring the leading members of the Muhammadan community of Western India that he would not fail to enquire into the representations submitted by them with reference to the position and prospects of their co-religionists. His Excellency in Council has now carefully considered the memorial above referred to, together with the correspondence and reports quoted in the preamble, and numerous pamphlets and papers of various descriptions kindly furnished by persons interested in the subject of Muhammadan education.

2. From the statements of the memorialists and the whole course of previous discussions, it is clear that the chief drawback in the way of the advancement of the Muhammadan community in times past has been their inability or unwillingness to take full advantage of the State system of education. From the time of Warren Hastings to the present, this has been a matter of regret to the Government. The failure of the Muhammadans in certain provinces to compete on equal terms with Hindus for State employment has frequently been noticed; and repeated efforts have been made to investigate the causes of this failure and to remove these, so far as the action of Government could deal with them at all. To go no further back then 1871, on the 7th August of that year, the Government of India issued a Resolution upon the condition of the Muhammadan population in the matter of education, in which, after regretting that so large and important a class should anywhere stand aloof from active co-operation with the educational system, and lose the advantages, both material and social, which the other subjects of the Empire enjoy, His Excellency the Earl of Mayo in Council directed that further and more systematic encouragement and recognition should be given to the classical and vernacular languages of the Muhammadans in all Government schools and colleges; that in avowedly English schools established in Muhammadan districts, the appointment of qualified Muhammadan English teachers should be encouraged; that assistance should be given to Muhammadans by grants-in-aid to enable them to open schools of their own; and that greater encouragement should be given to the creation of a vernacular literature for the Muhammadans. The Resolution concluded:—

His Excellency in Council desires to call the attention of Local Governments and Administrations to this subject, and directs that this Resolution be communicated to them and to the three Universities in India, with a view of eliciting their opinions whether, without infringing the fundamental principles of our educational system, some general measures in regard to Muhammadan education might not be adopted, and whether more encouragement might not be given in the University course to Arabic and Persian literature.

3. This resolution was duly communicated to the Secretary of State who concurred generally in the policy therein indicated, on the understanding, however, that as regards the encouragement of the languages of Muhammadans in the schools of the country, the Government of India did not contemplate any change in the subjects taught, but only in the mode of instruction.

4. The reports received from the Local Governments and Administrations in reply to this Resolution were reviewed by the Government of India in a Resolution dated 13th June 1873. From these reports His Excellency the Earl of Northbrook in Council inferred that generally wherever the ordinary vernacular of the country was read and written in the Hindustani or Urdu character, there the Muhammadans occupied their proper position in the primary and secondary schools founded or aided by the State. In all provinces where this was the case, the indigenous Muhammadan schools were numerous, and up to a certain point in a thriving condition. They were encouraged and assisted by the Government officers; the grants-in-aid were offered on conditions on the whole fairly suitable for Muhammadan requirements; and

the course of primary education was so shaped as to favour the Muhammadan at least equally with the Hindu. On the other hand, in provinces where the Muhammadans were scattered and not numerous, where they mostly spoke a different language from that of the majority of the population, or where their teaching was in a different tongue and according to entirely separate traditions, there the special arrangements requisite to meet these circumstances had not always been organised, and the claims of the Mussalman community had been often almost inevitably disregarded. Where the Muhammadan used a form of the country dialect, he attended with others the primary Government schools for the rudiments of education; but where his mother-tongue was different in speech and in written character, he was naturally precluded from availing himself of this teaching. The peculiar obstacles which kept him apart from the ordinary school system naturally grew stronger as he emerged beyond those elements which are common to all teaching. The difficulties which had arisen from these causes had nowhere been satisfactorily surmounted. The Government expenditure on education being necessarily limited, and insufficient for the support of two separate classes of schools, the money available was naturally bestowed too exclusively upon those classes that not only formed the more numerous section of the people, but were both homogeneous for educational purposes and more eager to make use of the grant. It was however in the colleges, higher schools, and universities that the absence or backwardness of Muhammadans was most conspicuous. The reports all agreed that the existing system had not attracted them to the higher ranges of the educational course, or induced them to persevere up to the point at which studies impress real culture and fit young men for success in the services and open professions. The Resolution went on to observe :—

How far this state of things can be attributed to the want of a connected scheme of courses of instruction suitable for Muhammadans, leading up through the lower to the higher standards, and how far to the general disinclination of Muhammadans to exchange their earlier modes of study for others more consonant with modern habits of thought, is a question which need not here be closely examined. It may be conjectured that, at the present epoch, Muhammadans are discovering that the ancient paths are unprofitable to stand upon, while their traditions and natural predilections still hold them back from setting out energetically upon newly opened roads. For while it is confessed that Muhammadans nowhere appear in satisfactory strength upon the lists of our higher schools, colleges, or universities, on the other hand those institutions which have purposely preserved the ancient exclusively Muhammadan type, and which have been restricted to instruction in the languages and sciences which belong peculiarly to Muhammadanism, have also been found to be falling gradually but steadily, into neglect. We may perhaps assume, therefore, that the Muhammadans are not so much averse to the subjects which the English Government has decided to teach, as to the modes or machinery through which teaching is offered. And if it thus appear that to the traditions and reasonable hesitation which keep aloof our Muhammadan fellow-subjects are added certain obstacles which our system itself interposes—either by using a language that is unfamiliar or machinery that is uncongenial—it is plain that many of the drawbacks to the universality of our educational system are susceptible of removal.

His Excellency in Council, therefore, perceives with gratification from the reports now before him that judicious endeavours are being made to diminish, so far as they can be remedied, these inequalities in the distribution of State aid, and to place the Muhammadans, wherever this may be possible, upon a more even footing with the general community throughout the whole course of our public instruction.

5. The Resolution then proceeded to notice in general terms the measures adopted in the several provinces to give effect to the views of the Supreme Government. Particulars of these will be given below when reviewing their effects and results in each province up to date.

The Governor General in Council assumed that in all provinces where Muhammadans were few, and often exposed to all the disadvantages which affect a religious minority without wealth or superior influence, it would be the special care of Government to satisfy themselves that these endeavours to encourage the education of Muhammadans would be persistently maintained. It was recognised as the paramount duty of an Imperial department thus to fill up the gaps in the ranks of elementary education, and to range the various divisons of the vast population in one advancing line of even progress.

6. The Resolution thus described the principles upon which the education of Muhammadans should be encouraged by the State :—

As to the principles upon which the education of Muhammdans should be encouraged by the State, His Excellency in Council need say little here, for they appear to be understood by all Administrations, and with general consent accepted by the people,—by none more openly than by the leading Muhammadans of India. The State has only to apply its educational apparatus and aid, so as they may best adjust themselves to existing languages and habits of thought among all classes of the people, without diverging from its set mark and final purpose—the better diffusion and advancement of real knowledge in India. His Excellency in Council is anxious that the attainment of this object shall in no class of the population be hindered by differences of language or of custom; and with this veiw the Government of India is very willing that the entire body of Muhammadan (as of Hindu) classic literaure shall be admitted and take rank among the higher subjects of secular study; and that the languages shall form an important part of the examinations for University degrees. In short, His Excellency in Council is prepared to listen favourably to any well-considered proposal for modifying or extending in these directions the existing educational system. One measure to which the Resolution of 1871 particularly adverted was the development of a vernacular literature for Muhammadans. His Excellency in Council would be slow to believe that such a literature still needed creation. To this suggestion Local Governments attach differing degrees of importance or practicability; and, on the whole, His Excellency in Council sees reason to believe that we must be cautious in attempting to proceed in this direction much beyond the point we have reached already. It is most desirable to frame a series of high class text-books, to encourage the printing and publication of valuable Muhammadan works and to offer prizes either for good translations of foreign works or for original studies. But in regard to the patronage of what may be properly called literature, the exercise of it must necessarily be restricted by the pressing demands of general education upon our finance, and by the difficulty of making a fair selection, or of distributing any money available with due discrimination and indubitable advantage.

The Resolution concluded as follows:—

His Excellency in Council has now reviewed rapidly the general measures which have been taken, or are being taken, for the encouragement of education among Muhammadans. The papers before him, received from all parts of British India, show that the Earl of Mayo's Resolution has succeeded in its main purpose of drawing the attention of all Administrations to needs and obligations which before had perhaps not everywhere been adequately realised. These needs and obligations may now be intrusted with confidence to the care of Local Governments. The Supreme Government has satisfied itself that the principles upon which Muhammadan education should be supported or subsidised are clearly understood; while the conditions and rate of progress in this as in all branches of public instruction, the range of its operations, and all other practical details, depend chiefly in each province upon local circumstances, administrative skill, and financial resources.

7. About this time a separate correspondence was being carried on with the Government of Bengal on the subject of the management of the Calcutta Madrissa, established by Warren Hastings in 1780, and with reference to the status and condition of the Madrissa and College at Hooghly supported out of an endowment bequeathed in 1806 by Mahommed Mohsin in trust for "pious uses." In connection with these Mohsin funds, not only had large accumulations to the credit of the trust been permitted to accrue, but the funds had been in part appropriated to the benefit of a wholly different class from that for which the endowment was destined. The Government of India accordingly desired that the whole subject of the application of the funds in promotion of Muhammdan education should be fully reconsidered and plans matured for their disbursement more in consonance with the intentions of Mahommed Mohsin. The Government of Bengal, in its letter dated the 17th August 1872, in submitting to the Government of India the views of the Lieutenant-Governor in regard to the general measures to be taken for the promotion of Muhammadan education in Bengal, put forward certain suggestions as to the utilisation of these funds. It proposed to reform the Calcutta and the Hooghly Madrissas, and to take upon itself the cost of the non-Mussalman side of the Hooghly College, hitherto entirely supported from the Mohsin funds, but at the same time to accept from the funds a fair contribution for the Madrissa attached to the College and for special benefits to Muhammadan students studying in the College. As, in the opinion of the Lieutenant-Governor (Sir George Campbell), it would be difficult to justify the devotion of provincial funds to special Muhammadan education in the province generally, while the Mohsin endowment supplied a legitimate means of effecting the purpose in view, the

Government of Bengal further expressed its intention to devote the money thus saved from the Hooghly College to aid and extend Muhammadan education elsewhere. Proposals for the establishment of new madrissas at Dacca and other local centres in Eastern and Northern Bengal were then explained in detail; but as the Mohsin funds would not be adequate to enable the Government to equip efficiently these new madrissas, the Lieutenant-Governor trusted that the Government of India would contribute to make up the difference. The main questions left for the decision of the Government of India were (1) whether the Government of India approved of the proposed distribution of the Mohsin Funds and of the establishment of madrissas; and (2) whether the Government of India would give some special aid towards the establishment of madrissas in Eastern and Northern Bengal.

8. In reply the Government of India, on 13th June 1873, wrote to the Government of Bengal as follows:—

The general principles upon which the Lieutenant-Governor desires to see these * institutions administered and directed for the better promotion of high Muhammadan education appear to the Government of India to be sound, and the obstacles to working upon them are not practically insurmountable. * * * It is agreed, by common consent, that the intention of the British Government in supporting these institutions is to give to Muhammadans their full share of high-class intellectual training and of sound knowledge useful to them in life, combined but not clashing with that Oriental erudition which belongs to their race and country. And it is also agreed that, in shaping our methods towards these ends, we are bound to avoid, so far as may be possible, any unwelcome abandonment of the old ways of Muhammandan study, or any slight upon the classic learning of Muhammadan Asia. On the contrary, the importance to Muhammadans of such studies is admitted, and their intrinsic value as instruments of literary training in this country is not under-rated.

* Calcutta and Hooghly Madrissas.

But the point of difficulty is also recognised by all to whom the subject is familiar. It lies in the problem of framing for Muhammadans a course of secular education, which is the only kind that can be given in Government institutions, upon the study of a literature which on so many sides of it is intimately connected with their religion and doctrinal tenets.

His Excellency in Council, nevertheless, believes that the problem thus presented is capable of solution; that a course of study can be laid down which shall maintain and encourage the cultivation of Arabic and Persian, of the history, literature, and philosophy which those languages convey, of their logical system, and of such parts of Muhammadan law as deal with purely temporal interests, without compromising the Government to the support of any peculiar school of religious teaching.

His Excellency in Council is willing to santion the preliminaries of any plan for reconstituting the two madrissas, which may fall within the limits of these principles.

After referring with approval to the details of the proposals regarding the reorganisation of the madrissas, the Government of India continued with reference to the Hooghly Institution:—

The Lieutenant-Governor's proposition is to withdraw the greater part of the Mohsin Funds from the Hooghly College, which has no particular local claim, and to use the money for encouraging Muhammadan education elsewhere, apportioning it according to need. So much of the present cost of the Hooghly College as would be left unprovided for by this subtraction of the endowment funds might, His Honour suggests, be then defrayed by the State.

His Excellency in Council approves the outlines of this proposal, and considers that some such arrangement would be consistent with the purposes of the Mohsin Endowment, and generally advantageous to Muhammadan education. But, with regard to the employment of Mohsin Funds thus to be set free, His Excellency remarks that there are such valid objections to any separate system of denominational schools or colleges that the Government of India prefers not to move further in that direction, although there is no intention of disturbing what may already exist. His Excellency in Council thinks that the memorandum of Mr. Bernard, and the Lieutenant-Governor's observations upon it, suggest the alternative of strengthening certain selected Government institutions on their Muhammadan side, instead of setting up new ones. For instance, the high schools or colleges at Chittagong and Dacca, in the midst of a great Muhammadan population might be thus reinforced both in the way of teaching Arabic and Persian more thoroughly and of generally cheapening education to Muhammadans by scholarships and the like. Or a portion of the Mohsin Funds might go toward increasing the public grants-in-aid of Muhammadan schools and colleges.

The details of any scheme which might be worked out upon this design were left in the hands of the Bengal Government. As to the request for Imperial aid, the Government of India consented, chiefly in view of Sir George Campbell's scheme for encouraging Muhammadan education, to increase the regular provincial assignment by an annual additional grant of Rs. 50,000.

9. On the 29th July 1873 the Government of Bengal forwarded for the information of the Government of India a copy of a Resolution recorded by the Lieutenant-Governor explaining the measures which Sir George Campbell had adopted consequent on the instructions of the Government of India set forth above and the additional assignment of Rs. 50 000. The measures proposed included a liberal scheme of scholarships for Muhammadan youths attending colleges and zillah schools, especially for those lads who should elect to pursue the ordinary English course of study and to read physical science.

Despatch from Home Department, No. 5, dated the 30th June 1873.
Despatch from Financial Department, No. 295, dated the 2 st July 1873.
Despatch from Home Department, No. 6, dated the 1st September 1873.

10. These proceedings were reported to the Secretary of State in the despatches marginally noted, and His Lordship on 13th November 1873 replied as follows:—

I fully concur in the views stated in the elaborate Resolution recorded by Your Excellency in Council, under date of June the 30th, and observe with much gratification that throughout India efforts are being made with great judgment and earnestness to induce the Muhammadans to partake of the many benefits of our educational system.

I approve of the proceedings of Your Excellency in Council in relation to Muhammadan education in Bengal.

Your Lordship in Council is fully aware of the many and peculiar difficulties which surround the subject, and has issued some every judicious and discriminating instructions to the Government of Bengal. I approve of the additional assignment of Rs. 50,000 which you have granted to that Government.

With your despatch of the 1st of September you have transmitted to me a letter from the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal explanatory of the measures which he has adopted consequent on your instructions and the additional assignment. The arrangements of the Lieutenant-Governor indicate a very careful dispositon of the means placed at his disposal, and an intelligent appreciation of the great importance of the whole subject.

I cannot conclude without an expression of my cordial satisfaction with the careful and complete manner in which Your Excellency has dealt with a question, surrounded with so many difficulties, and so intimately connected with the best interests of a very large and influential portion of Her Majesty's subjects in India.

11. The effect of the measures adopted by the various Local Governments in consequence of the Resolution of Earl Mayo's Government in 1871 is very fully discussed in the Report of the Education Commission, with reference to the statistics of the year 1881-82. The facts for each of the principal provinces may be summarised as follows:—

(A) In *Madras*, on receipt of the Orders of the Government of India, the Local Government, notwithstanding a certain amount of opposition on the part of the Educational authorities, directed the establishment of elementary Muhammadan schools and corresponding classes in other schools, at the principal centres of Muhammadan population. In these classes and schools instruction was to be given in Urdu. Arrangements were initiated for training Muhammadan teachers; and Persian was to be taught in any high school where there was a sufficient demand for this. By the University special recognition was accorded to Arabic and Persian. Of the result of these measures, the Commission observe:—

The special schools maintained by Government were 11 in number, 7 of them being Anglo-vernacular middle schools, and 4 Anglo-vernacular primary schools. Nine schools, Anglo-vernacular, or vernacular, were maintained by municiplities, and of aided schools with a special provision for Mussalman pupils there were 4 Anglo-vernacular and 210 vernacular. Other inducements had also been held out to Mussalman students. They were admitted in all schools upon payment of half the usual fees; seven scholarships were specially reserved for Mussalman candidates at the University examinations; a special Deputy Inspector of Mussalman schools had been appointed; an elementary normal school had been established at Madras; and the University of Madras still continued to allot the Arabic and Persian languages at its examinations a maximum of marks considerably larger than that carried by vernacular languages. The combined results of these

measures were eminently satisfactory. In place of the 5,531 Mussalmans at school in 1870-71, the returns for 1880-81 give 22,075, or 6·7 per cent. of the total number under instruction; while the percentage of Mussalmans to the total population of the Presidency is only 6 per cent. The proportion of boys at school to those of a school-going age is for Muhammadans 15·1, for Hindus 13·7. But it is not in numbers only that progress has been made. Taking the results of the middle school examinations, we find that the percentage of passed candidates to those examined was, for Brahmins 44, for Hindus not Brahmins 35, for Muhammadans 41. In the lower University examinations, taking only the percentage of successful candidates to those examined, the results for 1880-81 are equally satisfactory. * * * But of college education, beyond the first examination in Arts, Muhammadans, speaking generally, do not avail themselves at all, though there is no reason to suppose that the general system of education beyond that standard is not as well suited to the Muhammadans as that below it.

To the foregoing account it may be added that under orders issued in 1882 the Government of Madras, with the object of encouraging Muhammadans to enter the Medical Service, has reserved for that community a certain number of stipendiary appointments in the medical apprentice grade.

(B) In *Bombay*, excluding Sind, the percentage of Muhammadans to the total population was 7·1 in 1871, while 8·7 per cent. of the scholars in the Presidency were of that religion. Sind was no doubt in a very backward state, the feeling of the population there being strongly against the study of English. Out of a population of 1,354,781, only 10,115 were in schools known to the Department, and of that number only 31·8 per cent. were Mussalmans, though the proportion of Mussalmans to the rest of the population was as 4 to 1. Taking the Presidency as a whole, the indifference of the Muhammadans was not, however, so much to education generally as to education in the higher branches. They came freely to the lower schools, but failed to prosecute their studies to the higher standards. The Director (Mr. Peile), in considering the suggestions of the Government of India, pointed out that poverty alone would not account for this neglect of high education for beggar Brahmins abounded in the high schools. He attributed it to poverty and depressed social status combined; but there was probably also in the course of study itself something discouraging to Muhammadan youths. The special measures adopted on Mr. Peile's suggestion were, therefore, designed to stimulate the progress both of higher and lower education. The University placed Persian on the list of languages that might be taken up for a degree, and a Professor of Arabic and Persian was appointed to the Elphinstone College. In the Vernacular Training College special provision was made for training Muhammadan teachers; and Persian instruction in all classes of schools received particular attention. Later on the number of special Mussalman schools was increased and Mussalman Deputy Inspectors appointed to inspect them. Of the effect of these steps, the Commission write:—

In 1871-72 the number of Mussalmans at school, according to Mr. Peile's estimate, was 15,577, or about 8·7 per cent. of the total number at school; in 1881-82 the number had risen to 41,548, or 11·7 per cent. of the total number at school. There were also in the latter year 22,284 Muhammadan children in indigenous schools, which would raise the percentage to 14·7.

The Bombay Provincial Report, drawn up for the Commission, gives an account of the good work which is now being done in this direction by the Anjuman-i-Islam, a private institution started by the Muhammadan community. It states:—

The most promising feature in connection with the progress of Mussalman education during the past decade (1871—1881) has been the formation and recognition of a society known as the Anjuman-i-Islam, which, it is hoped, will in time establish a network of secular schools in Bombay. This society is so important that it was felt advisable to make special rules for its assistance. At present it receives a fixed subsidy of Rs. 500 a month from Government. By the end of the year 1880-81 the society's first school was fairly started. Its Hindustani and Anglo-Hindustani Departments, together with a large class of children reading the Kuran, contained in all 102 pupils. Since then the operations of the society have been extended.

(C) In *Bengal* there can be little doubt that the condition of the Muhammadan population is more depressed than elsewhere; and it is on the state of things in that province that the memorial now before Government bases most of its statements. At the same time it must be admitted that there is here

perhaps less reason than elsewhere for making large separate provision for the Muhammadan element of the population, the vast majority of the Mussalmans being cultivators speaking the Bengali vernacular of their Hindu neighbours. On receipt however of the orders of the Government of India, the Local Government arranged for teaching Urdu and Arabic or Persian up to the Entrance standard in all zillah schools; and wherever there was a sufficient demand, a special class was formed to study Arabic and Persian after the Mussalman fashion. The Persian language was added by the University to the subjects for the F. A. and B. A. Examinations; and in the Grant-in-aid Code specially liberal terms were offered to schools managed by Muhammadans. The reforms introduced in the management of the Calcutta Madrissa and Mohsin Endowments have been noticed above. New madrissas were opened at Dacca, Rajshahye and Chittagong, each under an Arabic scholar of repute assisted by competent moulvies. In each the full course of the Calcutta Madrissa was to be taught, and English was to be added if desired by the pupils. Scholarships for Muhammadans tenable in madrissas or in English colleges and schools were founded, and Rs. 18,000 were allotted to paying two-thirds of the fees of Muhammadan pupils in Government Colleges and schools outside Calcutta, and to the payment of moulvies in those schools. The muktabs or mosque schools were soon after brought into relationship to the indigenous primary school system without interfering with their religious side. Many hundreds of muktabs are now aided in this way. These efforts have to some extent been successful, and the Mussalmans are not merely coming more freely to the vernacular schools, but taking a more prominent place in the returns of higher education. Muhammadans formed in 1871 about 32 per cent. of the population of the province. The proportion of Mussalman boys to the total school attendance, which in 1871-72 was only 14 per cent., had increased in 1880-81 to nearly 24 per cent. In primary vernacular boys' schools the proportion was in the latter year 24·6 per cent.; in middle schools, English and vernacular, over 13 per cent.; in high schools, under 9 per cent.; while in English colleges it was only 3·8 per cent. as against 4·04 per cent. in 1871. The rapid fall in the proportion of Mussalman students in schools of the higher classes, and the reduction in the proportion in colleges below the figure of 1871, is not satisfactory. The opinion of the Education Commission is however favourable to ultimate progress:—

> Owing to the ready way in which Mussalmans have accepted the primary system of instruction, there is a very satisfactory increase in the total number of pupils of that race, which has risen from 28,148 in 1871 to 262,108 (including students in technical schools and colleges) in 1882; the proportion of Mussalmans being now 23·8 per cent. against 14·4 in 1871. In each of the Madrissas of Hooghly, Dacca, Rajshahye, and Chittagong the full Arabic course of the Calcutta Madrissa is taught, and in each also instruction in English is given to all pupils who wish it. In the Dacca Madrissa the course in English is carried up to the Entrance Standard. Of 1,089 pupils in the six madrissas, as many as 322 learn English. The privilege of reading at one-third of the ordinary fees has also, by recent orders of the Government of Bengal, been extended to Muhammadan students of any college in Calcutta, whether Government or other. In the case of non-Government colleges, aided and unaided, the amount of the remissions is paid from the Provincial Revenues.

Recently a still further concession to the demands of the Muhammadan community has been made; and in order to provide larger facilities of instruction in English, the Calcutta Madrissa has been raised to the position of a college. Notwithstanding this alteration in the status of the institution, the privilege has been continued, whereby Muhammadan students attending the college have two-thirds of their fees paid out of the Mohsin Endowment. On the other hand, the Rajshahye Madrissa, which was neither very successful nor much wanted, has, with the concurrence of the leading Muhammadans, been closed, the funds being diverted to the Calcutta institution.

The National Muhammadan Association is, as the Government of Bengal remarks, mistaken in supposing that the Mohsin Fund is now diverted to other than Muhammadan objects, or that its receipts are allowed to accumulate unutilised.

(D) *North-Western Provinces.*—Here the Muhammadans formed in 1871 about 13½ per cent. of the total population, while the total number in

school was 17·8 of the scholars. The course of study was such as to afford every encouragement to Muhammadan pupils. In 1881 the percentage of Mussalmans to the total number of students under instruction was 14½ per cent. In English colleges they constituted a proportion of 13 per cent., and in English high and middle schools of 20 per cent. The figures therefore show a slight falling off, which it is hoped may soon be recovered. There is much at the present time which is encouraging in the state of feeling on this subject among the leading Muhammadan gentlemen of the province. They have under the enlightened guidance of Syud Ahmed, C.S.I., made great efforts to provide for their countrymen facilities for the prosecution of the higher education. These efforts have resulted in the founding of the Aligarh College. It was originally intended to confine this college to Mussalman youths alone, but it has since been opened to Hindus. The Government of India entirely concurs with the Education Commission in the praise which they accord to this undertaking :—

The Aligarh Society has set an example which, if followed to any large extent, will solve the problem of national education; and it is difficult to speak in words of too high praise of those whose labours have been so strenuous, or to overrate the value of the ally which the State has gained in the cause of education and advancement.

(E) *Oudh.*—The population of Oudh contains 10 per cent of Muhammadans. The proportion of Mussalmans to the total number attending Government and aided schools in 1871-72 was 24·8 per cent. In 1881-82 the proportion had fallen to short of 23 per cent. The falling off has unfortunately been in the higher grades of schools. But on the whole there is no reason to believe that Muhammadan education is neglected in Oudh, or that the Mussalman community there is indifferent to the advantages held out to its members. With the general revival of educational effort in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh which may be expected to follow on the report of the Education Commission, the position of this special class will also, it may be hoped, improve.

(F) *Punjab.*—Muhammadans form over 51 per cent. of the population of the Punjab In 1871-72, 35 per cent of the total number of pupils under instruction were Mussalmans The Local Government saw no reason to adopt any special measures for the promotion of Muhammadan education in consequence of the Resolution of 1871. It is, therefore, satisfactory to find that in 1881 at the end of the decade the percentage of Mussalman pupils at school had risen to over 38 per cent, and that the increase had been in the higher rather than in the lower class of schools.

(G) *Central Provinces.*—The Muhammadans here form only 2·5 per cent. of the population, but are found to be fully alive to the importance of education, their attendance in the higher schools being especially good. Arabic and Persian classes are opened in all zillah schools, where the demand warrants this.

12. From the foregoing paragraphs it is evident that a considerable improvement has taken place within the past 10 or 15 years in the relations of the Muhammadan community to the educational system of the country, and that many of the drawbacks of which complaints might justly have been made in 1870 have now been removed. The Education Commission have however formulated specific proposals for the further encouragement of Muhammadan education. In proposing these, the Commission remark as follows on the general subject :—

Apart from the social and historical conditions of the Muhammadan community in India there are causes of a strictly educational character which heavily weight it in the race of life. The teaching of the mosque must precede the lessons of the school. The one object of a young Hindu is to obtain an education which will fit him for an official or a professional career. But before the young Muhammadan is allowed to turn his thoughts to secular instruction, he must commonly pass some years in going through a course of sacred learning. The Muhammadan boy, therefore, enters school later than the Hindu. In the second place he very often leaves school at an earlier age. The Muhammadan parent belonging to the better classes is usually poorer than the Hindu parent in a corresponding social position. He cannot afford to give his son so complete an education. In the third place, irrespectively of his wordly means, the Muhammadan parent often chooses for his son while at school an education which will secure for him an honoured place among the learned of his own community, rather than one which will command a success in the modern professions

or in official life. The years which the young Hindu gives to English and Mathematics in a public school, the young Muhammadan devotes in a madrissa to Arabic and the law and theology of Islam. When such an education is completed, it is to the vocation of a man of learning, rather than to the more profitable professions, that the thoughts of a promising Muhammadan youth naturally turn. The above are the three principal causes of an educational character which retard the prosperity of the Mussalmans. It would be beyond the province of a strictly Educational Report to attempt generalisations based upon the social or historical conditions which affect the Muhammadan community in India.

The recommendations we proceed to make have been framed, we believe, not merely with a regard to justice, but with a leaning towards generosity. They are based not more upon the suggestions contained in the Provincial Reports than upon the evidence of witnesses and the representations of public bodies. They deal, we think, with every form of complaint that is grounded in fact, and they contemplate the various circumstances of various localities. Few of them, indeed, are of general application; many of them, we trust, will before long be rendered obsolete. Special encouragement to any class is in itself an evil; and it will be a sore reproach to the Mussalmans if the pride they have shown in other matters does not stir them up to a course of honourable activity; to a determination that whatever their backwardness in the past, they will not suffer themselves to be outstripped in the future; to a conviction that self-help and self-sacrifice are at once nobler principles of conduct and surer paths to worldly success than sectarian reserve or the hope of exceptional indulgence.

It is only by frankly placing themselves in line with the Hindus, and taking full advantage of the Government system of high and especially of English education, that the Muhammandans can hope fairly to hold their own in respect of the better description of State appointments. This is clearly seen by the memorialists themselves, and the reports of Local Governments show that in most provinces a real advance has been made in this respect. The recommendations of the Commission are, as they themselves point out, not of universal application, and none of them need be taken to imply a leaning towards the maintenance of a distinctly Oriental training throughout the curriculum for Muhammadan pupils. The object of the Commission is to attract Muhammandan scholars by giving adequate prominence to those subjects to which their parents attach importance, and to hold out special inducements to a backward class; but in applying the recommendations, due regard is everywhere to be paid to local circumstances, and care must be taken to avoid unnecessary widening of the line between Muhammadan and other classes of the community.

The recommendations are as follow :—

(1) that the special encouragement of Muhammadan education be regarded as a legitimate charge on Local, on Municipal, and on Provincial Funds;

(2) that indigenous Muhammadan schools be liberally encouraged to add purely secular subjects to their course of instruction;

(3) that special standards for Muhammadan primary schools be prescribed;

(4) that Hindustani be the principal medium for imparting instruction to Muhammadans in primary and middle schools, except in localities where the Muhammadan community desire that some other language be adopted;

(5) that the official vernacular, in places where it is not Hindustani, be added as a voluntary subject to the curriculum of primary and middle schools for Muhammadans maintained from public funds, and that arithmetic and accounts be taught through the medium of that vernacular;

(6) that in localities where Muhammadans form a fair proportion of the population, provision be made in middle and high schools maintained from public funds for imparting instruction in the Hindustani and Persian languages;

(7) that higher English education for Muhammadans, being the kind of education in which that community needs special help, be liberally encouraged;

(8) that where necessary a graduated system of special scholarships for Muhammadans be established; to be awarded (*a*) in primary schools, and tenable in middle schools; (*b*) in middle schools, and tenable in high schools; (*c*) on the results of the Matriculation and First Arts Examinations, and tenable in colleges;

(9) that in all classes of schools maintained from public funds a certain proportion of free studentships be expressly reserved for Muhammadan students;

(10) that in places where educational endowments for the benefit of Muhammadans exist, and are under the management of Government, the funds arising from such endowments be devoted to the advancement of education among Muhammadans exclusively;

(11) that where Muhammadan endowments exist, and are under the management of private individuals or bodies, inducements by liberal grants-in-aid be offered to them to establish English-teaching schools or colleges on the grant-in-aid system;

(12) that, where necessary, normal schools or classes for the training of Muhammadan teachers be established;

(13) that, wherever instruction is given in Muhammadan schools through the medium of Hindustani, endeavours be made to secure, as far as possible, Muhammadan teachers to give such instruction;

(14) that Muhammadan inspecting officers be employed more largely than hitherto for the inspection of primary schools for Muhammadans;

(15) that associations for the promotion of Muhammadan education be recognised and encouraged;

(16) that in the annual reports on public instruction a special section be devoted to Muhammadan education;

(17) that the attention of Local Governments be invited to the question of the proportion in which patronage is distributed among educated Muhammadans and others.

13. The Education Commission have dealt so completely with the whole question of Muhammadan education, that the appointment of a Special Commission to enquire into the subject, as suggested by the memorialists, is no longer necessary. The recommendations of the Commission have been considered by Local Governments, with the following results:—

(A) *Madras.*—The Madras Government remarks:—

Special encouragement is already held out to Muhammadan education, and a further advance is contemplated in this direction, though not exactly on the lines suggested by the Commission. It is not thought desirable to dissociate this class so distinctly from the ordinary scheme of teaching, as, except in a few localities, Muhammadans avail themselves freely of the advantages of the existing system. Thus neither special schools nor special normal classes seem necessary, while the recommendations as to the Persian and Hindustani languages are hardly applicable to the peculiar linguistic conditions of the South, and ignore the extent to which the Muhammadans use its vernacular languages. At the same time the object of the recommendations meets with cordial approval.

It has been shown in paragraph 11 above that the condition of the Muhammadans in Southern India is, from an educational point of view, by no means unsatisfactory. All funds, provincial, local, and municipal, are bound by the Grant-in aid Code to give special encouragement to Muhammadan education. The experiment of separate schools has not been successful and is not, the Director of Public Instruction thinks, necessary, except to some extent in Madras and one or two large Muhammadan centres and for the Moplahs on the west coast. Some increase of the subordinate inspecting agency for Muhammadan schools is, however, admittedly desirable. While the broad results for the whole province leave perhaps little to desire, the Governor General in Council thinks it would be well were the officers of the Educational Department directed to

Public Service.—

Petition from the Mahars of the Bombay Presidency praying for the removal of certain disabilities under which they labour on account of their caste.

General Department.
No. 5789

Bombay Castle,
25th October 1904.

Petition,* without date, from Shivram Januba Kamble and other Mahars.

RESOLUTION.—His Excellency the Governor in Council has given the memorial received from Shivram Januba Kamble and fifteen hundred Mahars of the Deccan and Konkan his earnest consideration. His reply, it is feared, will seem to them unsatisfactory and disappointing. Their aspirations are legitimate and praiseworthy. But while Government recognize no disabilities on the ground of caste and creed in themselves, they can do little to prevent the effect of the social prejudices under which the memorialists labour, however deeply they may regret them. The difficulties to which the memorialists allude cannot be removed by an executive order of Government, nor is it probable that social customs which have survived many hundreds of years will disappear otherwise than gradually under the influence of British rule, though the spread of education, the cheapening and quickening of communication and other changes that affect society are likely to exercise an ever-increasing effect upon them. His Excellency in Council is forced, though reluctantly, to the conclusion that much practical assistance cannot be rendered to them under present conditions, though in cases where this is possible the memorialists may be assured of the sympathy of Government.

2. The definite requests of the memorialists are briefly—

(*a*) that they should be admitted freely to the lower grades of the public service;

(*b*) that the restrictions against the attendance of their children at public schools should be removed;

(*c*) that they should be permitted to join the Police Department;

(*d*) that they should be allowed to enlist in the Indian Army.

3. As regards the first request, Government have recently revised the rules† for regulating the admission to, and promotion in, the subordinate service of this Presidency. These rules embody the principles Government desire to have applied in the selection of candidates, and they offer to all classes equal opportunities for securing employment. Other sections of the community lately applied to Government for special treatment and were given a similar reply, and Government cannot do more for the Mahars in this respect than for other candidates for Government service.

† *Vide* Notifications No. 1365, dated the 7th July 1903, Educational Department, and No. 4517, dated the 14th June 1904, Revenue Department.

4. With reference to (*b*), it should be observed that Government have always upheld the principle that schools maintained from public funds should be open to all members of the community without distinction. If the petitioners can give any specific instances to the Educational authorities and the Collectors concerned in which children of their caste have been refused admission into public schools, inquiries will be made and necessary orders passed. In order that the education of low-caste children may not be neglected, special schools are maintained for them where there is a sufficient number of them.

* Printed as an accompaniment to this Resolution

5. As regards (*c*), the Governor in Council has caused inquiries to be made and finds that there is a small number of the Mahar caste employed in the Police Force of the Presidency, mostly in the armed branch. His Excellency in Council regrets that it is not practicable at present to increase materially the proportion now enlisted. The objections of the other members of the Police Force to associate with them cannot, in the general interests, be disregarded, and caste prejudices render it difficult to place them in authority over men of other castes. The duties which the Police are constantly called upon to perform are such as to bring them into close contact with the people of the country and their social life. These duties are by their very nature often distasteful to the public, and the feeling of resentment would often be intensified if they were performed by an officer of Police belonging to this class.

6. As regards (*d*), the memorialists should be informed that the matter is one with which this Government is not authorized to deal.

7. The memorial should be forwarded to the Collector of Poona with a request that he will communicate the reply of Government to Shivram Januba Kamle, the first signatory, for his own information and that of the other memorialists.

8. This Resolution should be placed on the Editors' Tables.

J. SLADEN,

Acting Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner in Sind,
The Commissioner, N. D.,
The Commissioner, C. D.,
The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Poona,
(With the memorial which it is requested may be returned when no longer required.)
All other Collectors, including the Collectors and Deputy Commissioners in Sind,
The Director of Public Instruction,
The Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari,
The Director of Land Records and Agriculture,
The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor,
All Departments (except the Separate Department),
The Editors' Table, Bombay,
The Editors' Table, Poona,
The Editors' Table, Dharwar,
The Editors' Table, Belgaum,
The Editors' Table, Karachi.

No. of 1904.

Copy forwarded for information and guidance to

Accompaniment to Government Resolution, General Department, No. 5789, dated the 25th October 1904.

Petition from Shivram Januba Kamble and other Mahars of Poona and other Districts and Native State.

We, the undersigned Mahars, one of the many religions and castes living in peace under the British Government, most humbly and respectfully take the liberty of placing the following few lines for Your Excellency's favourable consideration.

2. Your petitioners are reduced to the lowest possible condition of life, and being left with very little means of subsistence, are passing their time miserably, struggling for existence even under the enlightened and merciful British Government. Our merciful rulers who, we know, consider us equally subjects with other castes, according to the Proclamation of 1858, issued by the late Queen of England and Empress of India, gave us liberty to join different services, and so we were able to maintain ourselves as loyal and dutiful subjects of the British Government.

3. In former times, when the British *ráj* was pressed. Mahars from all quarters came into the Army, and in other ways during the sepoy mutiny our fathers showed themselves worthy of the confidence which the Government of that time reposed in them; but now we are in a miserable condition, because, while formerly our people were allowed to enter the Native Army of the British Government, and titles were bestowed upon them for good conduct and service, at present, in deference to some caste ideas, Mahars are considered as outcaste people and the Indian Council passed an order to remove the Mahar soldiers from the Native Army, and this was soon brought into force, and now our people are prevented from entering the Native Indian Army and most of its auxiliary departments, and so we have no means left except the most menial ones to gain our daily bread, or to follow any other professions, being considered as lowcaste men according to the views of the Hindu religion. We are regarded with supreme hatred and contempt, and the commonest rights of humanity are denied us; our touch, nay, even our shadow, is deemed a pollution. Lately, in some villages the Mahars are prohibited from speaking, by the high caste Hindus, on certain days in the week. It is considered by them that even the voice of a Mahar will cause pollution. Gradually, and day after day, new inventions are employed to annoy Mahars. We are considered as mere chattels, and our life of no more value than that of the meanest reptile. The following instance will clearly show how we are treated by our own countrymen.

> In May 1902 Mr. Bapu Hari Godbole, Second Class Magistrate, Jamkhed, convicted Govindya walad Mokindya, Mahar, of voluntarily corrupting the water of a public spring, and fined him eight rupees, or in default to suffer two weeks' simple imprisonment. A reference in the matter was considered at the High Court before the Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty.
>
> Mr. R. A. Lamb, District Magistrate of Ahmednagar, who made the reference to the High Court, said the accused, being a Mahar by caste, had drawn water by means of a Pohora from a public spring set apart for drinking purposes. As he had touched the spring, its water was not used by the higher class. The Magistrate had, on these facts, held that the accused had corrupted or fouled the water of the spring within the meaning of Section 277 of the Indian Penal Code, and had convicted the accused. Mr. Lamb said there was no finding that the water of the spring was rendered unclean or impure for drinking purposes by the accused, and no offence therefore was committed (Criminal Ruling No. 20 of 1900, Imp. *vs.* Bhagi kom Natheaba). In Mr. Lamb's opinion the conviction and sentence passed on the accused could not stand, and he therefore made the reference to the High Court to set aside the conviction and to order the fine to be refunded.
>
> Their Lordships, for the reasons given by the District Magistrate, quashed the conviction and sentence, and directed the fine to be refunded.

4. Had not Mr. Lamb, moved with pity, taken the case in his own hands, the poor Mahar would have had to suffer punishment at the hands of the Native Magistrate. So we cannot even act as porters, for we defile all that we touch. We cannot work as domestic servants to Hindus, for the house would be polluted by our entrance, much less can we (even if we by some means succeed in obtaining education or capital) become clerks, school-masters or merchants. If we had any rights from our own people, we would not have troubled the British Government. From the time the English commenced to rule over this country, the Mahars have served them loyally. At the time of the Indian Mutiny Native soldiers other than Mahar ones had acted against the British Government, and they disliked the English, but the Mahars served them as loyal subjects. It was published in 1903 in the *Tribune*, one of the newspapers from Lahore, that some Dogra Brahmin soldiers from a Native Infantry Regiment of the Punjab refused to drive some carts loaded with boxes "filled with Australian meat" for which they, together with some Native officers, were discharged from

the service; but the Mahar soldiers never refused, and—as we can confidently say—they will never refuse to obey the orders of the Government in future. The Mahar community welcomed the advent of the British Government, as releasing their people from the tyranny of ages. Everywhere they were willing to support the British *ráj*, and did so, but now in times of peace and quiet the counsels of the higher castes, which the benign British Government always refused to recognise, have been accepted, and good men and worthy men, albeit called Mahars by higher caste Hindus, have lost their employment, and are degraded for no fault of their own, only that accident of birth which has deprived them temporarily, they believe, of British justice.

5. Formerly under the Mahomedan Government, before the rule of the English over this country, the Mahars, as faithful servants, were given small pieces of land in some villages, which are called (Mharki) even at the present time.

6. We do not wish that the Government should make those who call themselves high caste Hindus abide by our opinion, but we ask that a similar liberty should be given to Mahars in public appointments. Therefore, we humbly and respectfully request Government to give us the following rights as we are loyal subjects of the British Government:—

(1) We ask that Government would be pleased to consider the present position of the Mahar community and open to us the various employments they have at their disposal. Many of us are fitted to become clerks, &c., but are debarred from entering into competition with other castes, and are, even in such cases where we have been allowed to compete, practically excluded by our fellow countrymen. We ask for no charity; we desire only a fair field and no favour to anybody.

(2) At the present day our children grow up, except in isolated instances, with very little learning, because we are debarred from sending our children to schools where other children belonging to different castes go. Hence we are the equivalent of the "Backward Classes" of newspaper talk. If we had got the same advantages as others, we know that we should have been worthy of them. We therefore ask Government to see that our children enjoy like privileges with those of other castes.

(3) With regard to the Army, our caste is in the same case with some other low-caste people (who) also are not permitted to join the Army, or even the auxiliary—the baggage train, the Supply and Transport, the Mule Corps and similar branches. Formerly we were predominant in these branches, as drivers, hamals, and in many capacities. The Military authorities have made a clean sweep, save of a few dooly-bearers, and for no fault of ours, except silent, obedient service: we are replaced by men from other parts of India. We ask that our men should be allowed to join the Native Military and Native Police Departments, on the same terms as other castes, and that our Mahar men should be promoted in the same way as other castes are, or if Government do not wish to enlist the Mahar soldiers in the same regiments as that of the other castes, they may kindly form separate regiments of Mahar soldiers only; as there are in the Punjab, separate regiments of the "*Mujbis*" and in Rajputana of the "*Mers*."

(4) The bands of the Native Regiments are largely supplied by Mahars, and amongst them are some fairly good musicians, as many European officers have from time to time admitted. Even these men cannot get promotion in the Army, because it would in some people's eyes be wrong to promote a Mahar beyond the rank of Havildar or a Naik even. These ranks are but rarely attained. The higher castes of Hindus will not play upon these brass instruments for fear of defilement. Mahars, in this respect, are like the European soldiers, there is no objection on their part, under these circumstances, and so, why they should not receive similar privileges?

7. Finally, we ask Your Excellency's Government to listen to our prayer, and to give us some chance in the battle of life which our own countrymen deny us. We are the smallest kind of peasant labourers; we cultivate the fields surrounding the Maratha villages, and receive a dole of grain for our share; we perform the menial offices of the villages. We are without hope unless the benign British Government gives us a helping hand, and shows us some way, whereby we may extricate ourselves from our present sad lot. Charity in any form we do not want, it only helps to degrade us; if we only get a better chance of education; if our former status in the Army is restored to us; if in so far as Government are able, we are allowed to enjoy those privileges which are just now reserved for other castes, then we, at present in the jungle and mire of mere circumstances of birth, will show ourselves worthy of the confidence of Government, and bless the Power that has removed us from the mud of ages on to the firm ground which Her late Majesty of blessed memory made in her Proclamation for all Indian subjects.

examine more particularly, in communication with district officers and the leading members of the Muhammadan community, the educational provision for the members of that Community in each district, with a view to seeing whether in special localities more effect should not be given to some of the recommendations of the Commission. The backward state of the Moplahs seems especially to call for attention. The Governor General in Council is disposed to agree with the Madras Government that it is undesirable to accentuate the difference between Muhammadans and Hindus by making Hindustani in lieu of the current vernacular the medium of instruction, where the Muhammadans show themselves ready to attend the ordinary schools of the country. Where this is the case, the local vernacular should be the ordinary medium, the special wants of Muhammadan youths being met by the formation of Hindustani classes and teaching them the Arabic character. There may however be tracts where Muhammadan feeling would prefer the establishment of special schools, and in such places the recommendations of the Commission should receive attention. In secondary schools of all kinds facilities for the study of Arabic or Persian should be offered wherever there is a real demand for this.

(B) *Bombay.*—The Local Government merely remarks that "the special wants of Muhammadans have had attention;" refers to the monthly grant of Rs. 500 towards the Anjuman-i-Islam school; and adds that "the Governor in Council is prepared to aid further in the extension of Muhammadan education should opportunity offer."

Although here, as in Madras, the educational conditions of Muhammadan population taken as a whole is not altogether unsatisfactory, there can be no doubt that in certain localities, as in Sind, there is an urgent call for special measures; and the Governor General in Council would wish to see the same further examination of local wants initiated that has been suggested for Madras. Some steps should certainly be taken to encourage Muhammadans to read up to the higher standards. At present here, as in other provinces, they specially fail to pursue their studies beyond the lower stages.

(C) *Bengal.*—The Lieutenant Governor remarks:—

The proposals for the support of special Muhammadan schools, and for the special encouragement of Muhammadan education in ordinary schools, are worthy of liberal consideration. Many of them are already in force in this province; the chief innovation being that for the creation of a special class of scholarships for Muhammadan students. To this, no doubt, objection may be raised, just as objection has been, not without force, raised to the principle of this special proposal in Mr. Barbour's dissent. The Lieutenant Governor, however, thinks, that if it can be shown that in any locality the number of Muhammadans who gain scholarships is not in due proportion to their numbers and position, a fair case will have been made out for exceptional, though he will also add temporary, treatment. The other recommendations under this head are conceived in a liberal spirit, and may be accepted, except in so far as they recognise the substitution of Hindustani for the Hindi vernacular. If by Hindustani be meant that language which, written in the Hindi or Nagri character, is the common speech alike of Muhammadan and Hindu in Behar, the Lieutenant-Governor has no objection to offer. But if the recommendation mean that the policy which has prevailed for some years, of conveying primary instruction to Muhammadans in Behar through Hindustani expressed in the Hindi character, is to be reversed, then the Lieutenant-Governor must very strongly dissent from the recommendation as being opposed to the true interests of the Muhammadans of Behar. Finally, the Lieutenant-Governor is not disposed to support the establishment of normal schools or classes for Muhammadan teachers exclusively. Little is gained by such separatism.

The Governor General in Council trusts that the Bengal Government will give effect to its views. There is no intention to reverse the decision of the Local Government in the matter of adoption of Hindi as the Court language of Behar, and as the ordinary medium of instruction in the primary schools of that province. Where the Muhammadan population is strong and likely to attach special importance to Oriental teaching of a Muhammadan type, care should be taken to meet this want, with a view to making the schools popular and inducing the better classes to allow their children to push their studies eventually to a higher standard, especially in English. But equal care is necessary to prevent the absolute separation of the Muhammadan community from the rest of this population. It must also be borne in mind that it is only by an acquaintance with the current vernacular that Muhammadans can hope

to secure employment. It has already been shown in this Resolution that very much has been done by the Local Government to meet the requirements of the Muhammadans in Bengal, and it may fairly be said that they have now every opportunity offered them of securing a good education. If it is found that anything further is required in any part of the province, or at any particular stage of the educational course, to advance the progress of the Muhammadan community, the Governor General in Council feels sure that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor will not stint the necessary outlay.

(D) *The North-Western Provinces and Oudh.*—The Lieutenant-Governor considers that no special measures on behalf of Muhammadans are required, as Mussalman education in these provinces is by no means in a backward state. The interests of the class will, it is said, be duly attended to, and aid and encouragement on the part of the State will not be wanting.

Here it would seem to be sufficient if enquiry is made as to the necessity of special measures in any locality where the number of Muhammadans is unduly low in any grade of the educational course.

(E) *The Punjab.*—Here also no special measures are thought to be called for. The Muhammadans are not backward in taking advantage of the existing educational facilities.

(F) *The Central Provinces.*—The Chief Commissioner is opposed to the adoption of special measures in aid of the Muhammadans, but it has been seen above that nothing is really required in these provinces. The Educational authorities may be directed to keep a watchful eye on any localities where the Muhammadan population is large and backward.

(G) *Assam.*—The Muhammadans here are chiefly the agriculturists of Sylhet, who are not an impoverished class and whose vernacular is Bengali. Sufficient provision is already made for Persian instruction in secondary schools where there is a demand for this. All scholars unable to pay fees are admitted free to schools in Assam.

(H) *Coorg.*—Sufficient provision is already made for the few Muhammadans there are in Coorg.

(I) *Berar.*—Special provision has already been made for Muhammadans in the Assigned Districts, and the percentage of Mussalmans in the schools is larger in proportion than that of the Hindus.

(J) *British Burma.*—The questions discussed in this Resolution have little or no application to British Burma, where there is hardly any indigenous Muhammadan population, where the resident Muhammadan population is but 40 per cent of the whole and where the great bulk of the people are Buddhists. The Mussalmans in Burma are, the Chief Commissioner reports, on a fair equality with the other sections of the population.

14. On the whole, the Governor General in Council is satisfied that the attention which has once more been drawn to the subject of Muhammadan education will have the best results. His Excellency in Council attaches special importance to recommendation (16) of the Commission's Report, "that in the annual reports on public instruction a special section be devoted to Muhammadan education." These reports should be precise and detailed, and discuss the position and advancement of the Muhammadan community, not merely as a whole, but with reference to local variations, in order that the Government of India may be kept fully informed as to the state and progress of this important section of the community. For the attraction of Muhammadans to higher education, a liberal provision of scholarships is essential, and their wants must not be overlooked in the framing of any general scheme of scholarships for any province, in pursuance of the orders of the Government of India on the Report of the Education Commission. Probably the appointment of special Muhammadan Inspecting Officers to inspect not merely primary Muhammadan schools, but to enquire into Muhammadan education generally, would have a good effect in Bengal and other places where the Muhammadans are very backward. Such officers would bring the peculiar wants of their co-religionists more thoroughly

to notice than can perhaps be expected from subordinate officers of a different faith. The action taken in those and other directions should be fully explained in the annual reports.

15. Returning again to the memorial of the National Muhammadan Association, the Governor General in Council observes that, apart from the general educational drawbacks of which they complain, and to remedy which it has been shown that much has already been done, the memorialists attribute the present depressed condition of their co-religionists to the following specific causes :—

(1) the abolition of Persian as the official language and the substitution of English or the vernacular, the effect of which has been that Hindus have generally supplanted the Muhammadans in the Government service ;

(2) the further orders of 1864, making a knowledge of English essential in the examinations leading to the Native Bar and judicial service, which again gave a special advantage to the Hindus ;

(3) the resumption proceedings of 1828—1846, which are said to have resulted in the confiscation of numerous rent-free grants devoted more or less to educational purposes, and also in the ruin of many ancient families.

16. The memorialists themselves are not desirous of seeing Persian revived as the official language. Nor do they propose to revert to vernacular examinations for pleaderships and munsifships. They recognise the fact that the Muhammadans, if they are to succeed at all, must rise to the educational level of the day, and their prayer, which is for assistance to enable them to rise, has been fully met in the foregoing paragraphs. But they find a special grievance in the existing regulations for pleadership examinations in Bengal, which are said to preclude all save graduates in law of the University from becoming pleaders and so eligible for the Subordinate Judicial Service. The memorialists desire that admission to this service should be by special competitive examination.

On this subject the Honourable Judges of the Calcutta High Court remark :—

The memorialists, in paragraph 22 of their memorial, ascribe the numerical inferiority of Muhammadans in the Subordinate Judicial Service to the conditions laid down in the year 1865 or 1866, which have become still more stringent as regards the raising of the standard of qualification for a higher grade pleader and for a munsif. The conditions laid down in 1865 or 1856 are presumably those contained in rule 5 of the rules of the Government of Bengal made in 1866 under section 6 of Act XX of 1865. Their increased stringency, as regards munsifs, was, it is presumed, the qualification mentioned in the High Court's notification No. 3344 of the 16th December 1868, by which the Court, after consulting the Government of Bengal, declared that it would nominate to the office of Munsif "none but those who have obtained the degree of B. L., or who have passed the senior grade pleadership examination or some other examination equivalent thereto;" and as regards pleaders, the qualifications declared necessary in the rules of the 2nd May 1866, made by the High Court under section 4 of Act XX of 1865. With the question of English as the language for the high grade pleadership examination, this letter has already dealt. As to the second question, I am to point out that there exists, notwithstanding this notification and these rules, no "hard-and-fast rule" regarding the qualifications necessary for entering the Judicial Service, except that the candidate must be a member of a recognised legal profession. It is true that, before nominating any one for the post of munsif, the Court satisfies itself that the candidate is fitted for employment on the bench. He must have a certain knowledge of law, and he must also be a person of liberal education, and in the majority of instances a certain course of university education, and the acquirement of a degree in law, are taken as a guarantee of the candidate's fitness. But these qualifications are by no means indispensable, and instances have not so long ago occurred in which Muhammadan gentlemen, possessing neither of these qualifications have been nominated to the Government for employment as munsifs. That more of such nominations are not made is due, not to the existence of a hard-and-fast rule, but to the lamentable scarcity of Muhammadan gentlemen of sufficient position and education to make them eligible for such appointments, even when a degree in law or a knowledge of English is not an indispensable portion of their acquirements.

The Governor General in Council observes that under the High Court rules for the qualification, admission, and certificates, &c., of pleaders, it is not absolutely necessary that a candidate should have graduated at a university or indeed have passed any university examination whatever. Provided the candidate has passed some *public examination* accepted by the Court as equivalent to the standard of the University First Arts Examination and has attended suitable law lectures, he is eligible to present himself for the pleadership examination. It is possible, however, that in practice the university qualification is ordinarily insisted upon, and it would perhaps be well if the Local Government established some public examination which the Court would accept as equivalent to the preliminary university test. In other Provinces no artificial obstacles appear to lie in the way of Muhammadans desirous of qualifying as pleaders. As regards the admission of duly qualified Muhammadans to the Judicial Service, the Governor General in Council trusts that in provinces like Bengal and Bombay, where there is at present a deficiency in this respect, the High Courts will endeavour to secure a certain proportion of officers of that class.

17. With reference to the statements respecting the resumption proceedings in Bengal, and their disastrous effect upon the welfare of the Muhammadan community generally, and upon their educational system, the Government of that province, in reporting upon the memorial, records the following observations :—

The memorial refers to the resumption laws as among the chief causes of Muhammadan decadence. It seems to the Lieutenant-Governor that there has been a great deal of very ill-informed declamation on the subject of the resumption laws. Vague statements regarding their disastrous effects are met by statements equally vague regarding their necessity and the general fairness with which they were conducted. Mr. Rivers Thompson is not concerned to deny that possibly in many cases (and obviously the action of Government would most seriously affect Muhammadan holders of land) the assessment of revenue on land previously held rent-free may have entailed losses both in position and wealth; but the statements of writers who maintain that these proceedings entailed wholesale ruin on the Muhammadan community in general, and the scholastic classes in particular, cannot be suffered to pass without remark. Such statements admit of no proof. They are unsupported by the history either of the origin or of the progress of the resumption proceedings themselves. These proceedings originated chiefly in the misconduct of the Native official classes in the early days of British rule. Before the transfer of the sovereignty of Bengal and Behar to the East India Company in 1765, the revenue collectors under the Moghul sovereigns used occasionally to alienate lands in the shape of endowments and rent-free grants. They had of course no authority to do this, the ruling power alone being competent to grant away its share in the produce of the land; but it is on good authority believed that these illegal alienations were few in number and limited in extent before the accession to sovereignty of the East India Company. During the first few years of the Company's administration, however, such invalid grants increased enormously. Mr. James Grant in his Analysis of the Finances of Bengal (1786) declares that they extended to one-fourth of the entire rental of Presidency, or nearly one million sterling per annum; and though Sir John Shore afterwards questioned the correctness of Mr. Grant's calculations, there is no doubt that these fraudulent alienations were very extensive. There can be as little doubt under the circumstances of the case that they were due, not to any praiseworthy intention of supporting religion or promoting learning, but to purely selfish motives of personal gain. It is unnecessary here to enumerate the various occasions from the time of Mr. Hastings to that of Lord William Bentinck, on which Government asserted its right and declared its intention to assess revenue on these alienated lands. From time to time efforts were made to carry this intention into effect, by prescribing a system of registration, designed to protect rent-free holdings and to identify invalid grants. These measures, however, proved ineffectual, and it was not until the financial pressure caused by the Burmese War compelled recourse to taxation, as well as to retrenchment, that effective steps were taken to make good the Government claim. The choice before Lord William Bentinck's Government lay between the introduction of a general measure of taxation and the enforcement of the incontestable rights of Government to share in the produce of these invalid lakhiraj grants. Whatever may be said by writers to whose sympathies vicissitudes of families appeal more forcibly than the financial necessities or the just claims of an empire, the Lieutenant-Governor believes that no impartial man will deliberately maintain that the choice of the Government of the day was wrong.

It has been stated in a recent article published in the *Nineteenth Century* by the Hon'ble Amir Ali, the Secretary to the Association, that the harshness of the resumption proceedings has left behind a legacy of bitterness, has entailed widespread ruin on the Mussulman gentry, and has destroyed the Muhammadan educational system. No details in support of this statement were furnished at the time and the author of the article in question

has since confessed himself unable to supply the omission. Desirous of ascertaining whether official records lent colour to the writer's assertions the Lieutenant-Governor consulted the Board of Revenue, who have reported that the assertions in question admit of no verification from the revenue records of Government. On this subject more than one writer has drawn on his imagination for his facts: fanciful references to decaying muniments and moth-eaten title-deeds, which have no existence in fact, take the place of substantial arguments; and the fact is always either forgotten or ignored that the result of even the harshest resumption case was *not the dispossession of the holder, but the assessment of revenue on his holding, and even that, in no case, at more than half the prevailing rates.* When the admitted leniency of the assessment of revenue rates in Bengal is remembered, and when it is understood that a resumption proceeding meant nothing worse than the imposition on lands previously rent-free of half those rates, the charges of harshness and ruin inflicted wholesale through the action of the resumption laws will be estimated at their true value. The resumption literature is uninteresting reading at the present day; but an examination of it will show to those who take the trouble to make a dry and laborious enquiry that those proceedings were conducted with as much moderation and regard for private interests as the nature of the case permitted. The holders of rent-free grants possessing titles from the former rules of the country were, of course, exempted from the operations of the law. As however the "ravages of white-ants" might possibly render it difficult for lakhirajdars of this description to prove their titles, the Government came to their aid, by decreeing that if only they could prove possession for twelve years before the transfer of the sovereignty of the country to the East India Company, their holdings should be exempted from assessment. The first effective resumption law having been passed in 1819, all that these "ancient families" were called upon to show was that the lands in question had been in their possession for little more than a single generation. For an "ancient family," rooted in the soil, this was no difficult or oppressive task.

If the provisions of the resumption laws were thus tempered in the case of the holders of large grants, the procedure was, so far as the Government was concerned, even more lenient in that of petty lakhirajdars. Parcels of land not over 50 bigahs in extent were altogether exempted, and the Government of the day intimated its willingness to increase that limit should such a course seem desirable to the local officials. The character of these proceedings can hardly be summed up more accurately than in the terms employed by the Court of Directors in the review of the results of the resumption proceedings, contained in their Despatch No. 2, dated February 1854:—

"The result is satisfactory, and the means employed have been in the majority of instances fair and equitable. In the progress of the resumption proceedings, we have had occasion to animadvert in some cases, as in that of Chittagong, on the sweeping measures of the resumption officers; but in the general conduct of the proceedings the principles of liberality and justice, which we advocated from the commencement, have been on the whole adhered to.

"Where ascertainable rights have been invaded, redress, has been afforded; but it is only justice to those who contribute to the expenses of Government that immunities and privileges resting on no foundation of right should be gradually and considerately eradicated."

Under any circumstances it may be noticed that the Muhammadans were not exceptionally treated in the working of the resumption laws; and if irretrievable injury was done to Muhammadan progress by their operation, the enquiry naturally suggests itself why Hindus, equally subjected to the same laws, have survived their evil effects.

So far as the Presidency of Madras is concerned, the allegations of the memorialists appear to be equally based upon misapprehension. Every endowment for charitable and pious uses was scrupulously investigated by the Inam Commission some 20 years ago, and wherever the validity of the grant was satisfactorily established, a title deed was conferred by Government in the name of the holders of the grant and their successors, ensuring its continuance to them and declaring it not to be subject to further interference so long as the institutions and services, the objects of the grant, were efficiently maintained and performed. Nor is there any evidence that such endowments as were then confirmed for educational purposes have been since wasted or abused. There were, it is reported, extremely few endowments of an educational kind.

The report from the North-Western Provinces and Oudh is of a similar character. The allegations regarding waste or confiscation of charitable endowments or scholastic foundations are stated not to accord with any specific facts known to the Government of those Provinces.

The Government of the Punjab writes as follows on this subject:—

Passing now to the fourth prayer of the memorialists, it is only necessary to observe that the number of Mussalman endowments in the Punjab is extremely small, and the only

case of importance is that of the Itmad-ud-Doula Fund. So far as can be gathered from the documents which exist in regard to this fund, the trust was formed for the purpose of promoting education in the city of Delhi. The fund is devoted to the maintenance of an Anglo-Arabic school, attended by Muhammadans both of the Suni and Shia persuasion, but in which religious instruction has not hitherto been given. The fund is managed by a committee composed mainly of native gentlemen, presided over by the Commissioner of the Division. With this exception, the subject of Muhammadan endowment is one which calls for no action so far as this province is concerned.

In the other provinces this question of educational endowments appears to be one of no practical importance.

18. As regards Muhammadan endowments generally, these are almost invariably, it is believed, of a religious or *quasi*-religious character; and while it is impossible for Government to meddle with them, large powers of interference are conferred on those interested under the provisions of Act XX of 1863. What is chiefly required is, as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal points out, that the enlightened Members of the Muhammadan community should bring pressure to bear upon their less advanced co-religionists, in whose hands the funds of this description for the most part lie, to give a wise direction to their expenditure.

19. While it is clear, therefore, that undue importance has been attached by the memorialists to this matter, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is disposed to think that it would be satisfactory to the leaders of the Muhammadan community that the question of the management and appropriation of Muhammadan educational endowments should be more fully examined. It may be possible by some unobjectionable amendment of the law to secure more effectually than is the case at present the object which the memorialists have in view. His Excellency in Council would be glad therefore if the Local Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab were each to appoint a small committee to consider and report upon this subject. Each committee might consist of an experienced Revenue Officer, one or two influential Muhammadan gentlemen, one at least being a learned Muhammadan lawyer, and one or more of the legal advisers of the Government. In the Presidency towns it would be very desirable that the Advocate General should be invited to serve upon the Committee. The different local committees might advantageously be placed in direct communication with one another, and their reports when ready should be submitted through the Local Government, with the opinion of that Government, for the consideration of the Government of India. It is believed that in temporarily-settled provinces full information is already on record as to the number, value, and present appropriation of most of these endowments. In such cases the Committees would probably only have to consider, on such information as may be readily available, whether there is any ground for believing that endowments intended for educational purposes are in fact now diverted to alien uses, and whether in that case any amendment of the law is possible which, without violating the principle that Government cannot connect itself with the management of religious endowments, might lead to the recovery of such funds. In Bengal and perhaps elsewhere the enquiry would probably have to take a wider range, and the Committees would require the assistance of Government and the district officers in the collection of information as to the present number and position of the local endowments. The Governor General in Council will however leave it to the Local Government in each province to lay down the general scope of the enquiry in accordance with local circumstances.

20. The memorial of the National Muhammadan Association lays special stress upon the extent to which the Hindus have ousted Muhammadans from State employ generally, and prays that "the balance of State patronage may be redressed."

The memorialists are aware of the orders which have from time to time been issued by the Government of India as well as by the Local Governments, directing the Heads of Departments to pay due regard to the claim of candidates belonging to their community; but at the same time they assert that no practical gain has accrued to the Muhammadans from these orders. This they

attribute to two causes—(1) neglect of the Government policy by the officers with whom the actual distribution and dispensation of State patronage rests, and (2) the undue importance which is attached to a university qualification.

With regard to this point, the Government of India would remark that in every province admission to the superior departments of the Government service is now, speaking generally, regulated either by public competition or by the possession of qualifications altogether independent of the race or caste of the candidate. If, therefore, Muhammadans have secured a less proportion of places in the public service than members of other native communities in India, the blame cannot, in the opinion of the Government of India, be attributed in any sensible degree to the action of the State or of its officers. In the matter of the Statutory Civil Service, the Muhammadans have in fact had even more than their proportionate share of consideration, 10 out of 36 nominations to that service having been given to Mussalmans.

21. From the reports of the Local Governments it would appear moreover that the memorialists have exaggerated the numerical inferiority of Muhammadans in the public service generally. In Madras and Bombay where Muhammadans form only from 6 to 7 per cent. of the total population, the anxiety of these Governments to induce the Mussalman community to qualify for the public service has been distinctly manifested in the special educational facilities afforded to members of that community. Not only so, but Mussalman candidates, provided they are qualified by the prescribed tests for the public service, have always received exceptional favour. In Madras this has been specially the case since the time of Lord Hobart's Government in 1872. The Government of Bombay point out that in Western India the Muhammadan chances of employment are better now than they were in the days of the Hindu dynasties which preceded the British Empire. If the proportion of Muhammadans in the public service of Bombay is small, the reason is, in the opinion of the Government of Bombay, to be found, not in any disfavour to Muhammadans, entertained by English bestowers of patronage, nor in the overpowering influence of Hindu advisers and subordinates, for the Government and its higher officers are fully alive to the administrative advantage of associating men of different races in every department of public business, but in the circumstances that entrance into the public service is determined as far as possible by educational tests, "whereby public emoluments are treated as public property, and the public is served by the fittest persons." In Sind, where the proportion of Muhammadans to the total population is considerable, the reports show that that community is very largely represented in most departments of the public service.

In Bengal, to which the memorial more particularly refers, the Muhammadans form over 31 per cent. of the total population. Here it is no doubt true that their numerical inferiority in the public offices is very marked. This is, however, mainly due to their want of the prescribed educational qualifications, especially as regards a knowledge of English. For this deficiency poverty will to some extent account; but there is also no doubt that there has been a real unwillingness to take advantage of the education provided by the State. At the same time another important fact, pointed out by Nawab Abdul Lateef in a memorandum laid before the Education Commission, should not be overlooked, *viz.*, that "the mass of the Muhammadan population consists of cultivators among some millions of Brahmins and Kayasthas, who from time immemorial have enjoyed a superior system of education and in consequence a passport to public offices." This is especially the case in Eastern Bengal, where the Muhammadans are most numerous.

In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and in the Punjab the enquiries which have been instituted prove that the allegations of the memorialists as to the exclusion of their community from a fair share of Government patronage do not apply. The figures submitted indicate that in respect of offices in the Subordinate Executive and Judicial services, including all the higher and better paid appointments, the Muhammadans have secured not only a fair proportion, but

almost an unduly liberal share of patronage. In the Central Provinces they have been equally fortunate. Nor in the minor administrations does there appear to exist any cause of grievance under this head.

22. The Governor General in Council does not consider it desirable or for the advantage of the Muhammadans themselves that they should be exempted from those tests which are established to secure the admission of duly qualified candidates into the public service. Nor can special favour be shown them in open competitive examinations of any description. It is only by raising their own educational qualifications to the level already attained by other races that the Muhammadans can hope to win appointments that are awarded as the result of examination. But there are a large number of appointments the gift of which lies in the hands of the Local Governments, the High Courts, or local officers. The Governor General in Council desires that in those provinces where Muhammadans do not receive their full share of State employment, the Local Governments and High Courts will endeavour to redress this inequality as opportunity offers and will impress upon subordinate officers the importance of attending to this in their selection of candidates for appointments of the class last referred to. The subject of the extent to which Muhammadans are employed in offices under Government might usefully be noticed in the Annual Reports of Provincial administration.

23. Another point urged in the memorial is the alleged unsatisfactory character of the administration of Muhammadan law. According to the memorialists,—

> The frequent miscarriage of justice, occasioned by the insufficient acquaintance generally possessed by English and Hindu Judges with the principles of Muhammadan law, has given rise to a certain feeling of dissatisfaction and distrust among all classes of the Musalman population in India. They allege, and not without reason, that since the abolition of the offices of Mufti and Kazi-ul-Kuzzat—officers specially authorised to interpret and expound the Muhammadan law to European Judges,—the Muhammadan law has practically ceased to be administered. Even where it is attempted to be applied or enforced, the attempt is always uncertain in its result. The major portion of the Muhammadan law regulating the domestic relations is not recognised by the Courts of Justice in India.

The remedy suggested is the appointment in the mofussil of Muhammadan Judges qualified to expound the Muhammadan law, to sit as Assessor Judges in the trial of Muhammadan cases. The appointment of a Muhammadan Judge in each of the High and Chief Courts is also recommended.

With regard to this matter, the Government of India, after a careful consideration of the local reports, including the opinions of the High Courts, has no hesitation in coming to the conclusion that the Mussalman community have no substantial grievance. In those provinces in which any considerable number of cases of Muhammadan law come before the Courts, the Bar is largely composed of members of that community, so that Muhammadan exponents of the law are always to be found. The appointment of law officer to the Courts was abolished by Act XI of 1864 after full deliberation, on the ground that the office had come to be one of no practical utility. However necessary it may have been in the early days of British rule to employ Muhammadan experts to interpret Muhammadan law, especially when the Criminal Courts for the most part had to administer that law, such necessity has now ceased to exist; the penal code has been introduced, the general study of law has now progressed, the standard for judicial employment has been raised, and text-books in English, dealing fully and ably with Muhammadan law, have become common. In the opinion, therefore, of the Government of India the evidence forthcoming lends no support to the statements of the memorialists, that justice has miscarried from the want of acquaintance of the Judges with Muhammadan law. Nor does the Government see any reason to revive the system which would place members of the Mussalman community in the position of Assessor Judges to the civil courts of the country. It is also impossible to undertake that a Muhammadan Judge small always sit on the bench of each of the High and Chief Courts; but the Governor General in Council would certainly admit the claims of any

Muhammadan gentleman who might appear to be in other respects the best suited for such an appointment. One gentleman of the Muhammadan community recently filled the post of Officiating Judge of the bench of the High Court of the North-Western Provinces.

24. The last point in the memorial to which it is necessary to refer is the abolition of Urdu as the Court language of Behar. This was a measure carried out after much consideration by the Local Government. The Lieutenant-Governor now remarks regarding it:—

To the objections against the introduction of Hindi as the official language of Behar, the Lieutenant-Governor considers that a sufficient answer is furnished by the last Administration Report of the Commissioner of the Patna Division. It is stated in that report that the change in question has been effected without difficulty and with great advantage to the public in general. A new class of amla and legal practitioners acquainted with Hindi is springing up, while the change has been introduced with such consideration for the claims of existing incumbents of offices that the individual hardship caused by it has been inappreciable. This statement will be intelligible when it is understood that even at the present day all subordinate officials and law-agents have some knowledge of Hindi. All speak it, and nearly all write it though possibly not with the same facility as Urdu. There is reason to believe that this outcry against the use of Hindi in Behar is rather a matter of factitious sentiment than of practical inconvenience. It is far louder among the Muhammadans of Calcutta who are not affected by the change than among the supposed sufferers. The change is the logical sequence of that exclusively Hindi teaching which has prevailed for nearly ten years with such marked success in all the primary patshalas and vernacular schools of Behar, in the very institutions, that is to say, from which the subordinate official classes, in whose behalf alone this outcry is raised, are fed. To give effect to the wishes of the National Muhammadan Association, therefore, on this point, it would be necessary to reverse the existing and approved policy of popular education in these provinces—a course which the memorialists themselves would hardly advocate.

25. The Governor General in Council has felt it to be his duty in the preceding paragraphs to controvert various misconceptions which find place in the representations that have been laid before Government; but he will, as already stated, always take a lively interest in the advancement and well-being of the Muhammadan community, and he concurs in the remarks which not unfrequently occur in the local reports, that the very fact that a memorial like that under notice has been presented with the concurrence and approval of so many leading gentlemen in Bengal and elsewhere, indicates that the Muhammadans have themselves come to appreciate fully the necessity of moving with the times. They have now among them not a few highly educated and public spirited men who are keenly interested in the improvement and advancement of their co-religionists. The Local Governments are everywhere anxious to do all that they equitably can do to assist in this movement; and His Excellency in Council has little doubt that, within the next ten years, much greater progress will be made than has hitherto been recorded. It is the earnest desire of the Supreme Government to treat all classes of Her Majesty's subjects in India with absolute impartiality, and see all alike benefiting by the protection, the patronage and the assistance of the State.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be forwarded to the—

Governments of Madras, Bombay and the North-Western Provinces and Oudh for information and guidance, with a request that a copy of it may be communicated to the Honourable the Judges of the High Court for information.

Government of Bengal for information and guidance. (A copy will be separately communicated to the High Court, Calcutta.)

Government of the Punjab for information and guidance, with a request that a copy of it may be communicated to the Judges of the Chief Court for information.

Chief Commissioners, Central Provinces, British Burma, Assam and Coorg and Resident at Hyderabad for information and guidance.

Ordered also, that this Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*, and that the whole of the papers cited in the preamble, together with the section of the Education Commission Report which deals with Muhammadan education, be published in the form of a Selection from the Records of the Government of India.

(True extract.)

A. MACKENZIE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Confidential

Nos. 1448/1457.

FROM

THE HON'BLE MR. L. C. PORTER, C.I.E., I.C.S.,

Secretary to the Government of India,

To

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

" CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

" CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

" CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES.

" CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PUNJAB.

" CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BURMA.

" CHIEF CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BIHAR AND ORISSA.

" HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

" HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF ASSAM.

" CHIEF COMMISSIONER AND AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

Department of Education.
General.

Simla, the 31st October 1913.

SIR,

I am directed to address you on the subject of the recruitment of suitable Muhammadans as assistants and clerks in the various Departments of the Government of India Secretariat.

2. For some time past the Government of India have had under consideration the desirability of increasing the proportion of Muhammadans in the Government of India Secretariat clerical establishments and it has been decided that a register containing the names of candidates should be maintained by this Department. I am accordingly to request that, (with the permission of the Governor in Council / His Honour the Lieutenant Governor in Council / His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor) the Department of Education may be furnished from time to time with the names of suitable Muhammadans who are desirous of serving as assistants or clerks in the Government of India Secretariat.

3. The Government of India are unable to hold out any definite hopes of providing for a fixed number of candidates every year, but possibly (at a very

rough estimate) there might be some dozen vacancies a year for Muhammdans for the next few years.

4. I am to forward a copy of the Home Department Resolution No. 1715-1725, dated the 2nd November 1911, containing rules for the recruitment of assistants and clerks in the Secretariat offices of the Government of India and the scales of pay both for the higher and lower divisions, together with a tabular form showing the information that is required in the case of each selected candidate.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

348DE—924—23-10-13—GCBP Simla

Copy of paragraphs 6 and 7 of Government Resolution, Education Department, No.799, dated the 16th May, 1887.

6. The question as to the employment of Musalmans has already been decided. The representatives of the Musalmans asked Government that Hindustani might be recognized in the same way as the vernacular of the locality, and that rules and regulations as to the qualification should be "relaxed in favour of Mahomedans" until a due proportion of places in the public service is secured by them. In answer to this the Government of India state that the absolute separation of the Mahomedans from the rest of the population must be prevented, that it is only by an acquaintance with the current vernacular that Mahomedans can hope to obtain employment and that it is not "desirable or for the advantage of the Mahomedans themselves that they should be exempted from those tests which are established to secure the admission of duly qualified candidates into the public service. Nor can special favour be shown them in open competitive examinations of any description. It is only by raising their educational qualifications to the level already attained by other races that the Mahomedans can hope to win appointments that are awarded as the result of examination." At the same time the Government of India impressed upon their officers the necessity of redressing any inequality which exists in the distribution of offices and the importance of selecting a due proportion of Mahomedans for appointments under Government, and implied that standards should not be unduly raised so as to handicap the backward classes. It has been the policy of this Government to apply these principles in the case of all the backward classes.

7. His Excellency in Council expects officers who make appointments to these lower grades to show no partiality in favour of or against any section of the community.

(Signed) J. R. Naylor,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

To

APPOINTMENT DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENT—No. 3386 A.

CALCUTTA, THE 20TH APRIL 1914.

FROM J. G. CUMMING, ESQ., C.I.E., I.C.S.,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

TO ALL COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

SIR,

THE Governor in Council has had under his consideration the question of the co-ordination of the orders in force in the Presidency on the subject of the employment of Muhammadans in ministerial appointments.

2. The policy of the Government of India regarding appointments, which lie in the hands of the Local Governments, the High Courts or local officers, was enunciated in the Resolution of the Home Department, dated the 15th July 1885, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 18th July 1885, in which the following passage occurs:—

"The Governor-General in Council desires that, in those provinces where Muhammadans do not receive their full share of State employment, the Local Governments and High Courts will endeavour to redress this inequality as opportunity offers and will impress upon subordinate officers the importance of attending to this in their selection of candidates for appointments of the class referred to. The subject of the extent to which Muhammadans are employed in offices under Government might usefully be noticed in the annual reports of provincial administration."

Attention was invited in the same Resolution to the fact that the numerical inferiority of Muhammadans in the public offices was very marked in Bengal. Orders have been issued from time to time by the Governments of Western and Eastern Bengal, emphasizing the importance of giving effect to the policy of the Government of India as indicated in the above Resolution, prescribing statistical returns to show the progress made and reminding local officers of the importance of the subject. Recent statistics obtained from local officers, however, show that the progress attained in this direction so far has not been very marked. It will be observed from the figures noted in the margin for offices subordinate to the Divisional Commissioners in Eastern Bengal that the proportion of Muhammadans in these offices still falls below the percentage borne by the Muhammadan population literate in English to the total population of persons literate in English. While it is not intended that Muhammadans should be admitted to the public service when their educational qualifications fall short of the standards that have already been fixed for admission to that service, it has to be remembered that literacy is not the only important consideration that should govern recruitment for Government service. It is reasonable that

DIVISION.	Total permanent strength.	Muhammadans holding permanent appointments.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.	Total number of persons (males) literate in English.	Total number of Muhammadans (males) literate in English.	Percentage of column 6 on column 5.
Dacca	556	70	12	86,859	15,767	18
Chittagong* ...	447	109	24	30,199	8,811	27
Rajshahi† ...	819	186	22	39,815	10,676	26

* Excluding Chittagong Hill Tracts. | † Excluding Darjeeling.

the number of Muhammadans in ministerial posts should also bear some relation to the importance and population of the community. The adoption of a policy based on these principles has long been approved by Government; and it appears to the Governor in Council that these principles have assumed a greater importance owing to the remarkable progress in education made of late years by the Muhammadan community. His Excellency in Council is therefore convinced that the time has come when it is advisable to fix a more definite proportion of appointments which should be filled by Muhammadans in the ministerial services employed in district offices. Special orders are already in existence regarding the ministerial officers in the offices of the Secretariat and of Heads of Departments. After a careful consideration of all the circumstances, His Excellency in Council thinks that, under present conditions, one-third would be a fair share of the ministerial appointments which should be held by Muhammadans in the offices in the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions excluding the Darjeeling district, and in the Presidency Division. In the other districts of the Presidency the proportion should correspond approximately to the percentage of the population represented by Muhammadans. His Excellency in Council desires that officers empowered to make appointments should make special efforts to attain to this standard, and that until the prescribed proportion has been reached, they should not reject a Muhammadan candidate, if qualified, in favour of a Hindu candidate merely because the latter has superior qualifications. Failure to comply with these instructions in respect of appointments made should be especially explained in the annual statement prescribed in paragraph 4 of this circular.

3. There are reasons to believe that the paucity of Muhammadan candidates has often been due to the fact that vacancies are not properly advertised. Accordingly I am to invite attention to the standing orders contained in rule 1, Appendix B, at page 78 of the Board's Rules, 1910 (*cf.* also corresponding rule 1, Appendix B, at page 83 of the Board's Rules, 1902, applicable to the districts in Eastern Bengal), which direct that whenever a permanent vacancy occurs or is about to occur in a paid appointment, a notice of the fact shall be suspended in some prominent place in the office, and a date, which shall not be less than 15 days after the issue of the notice, shall be fixed for filling up the vacancy. His Excellency in Council desires that heads of offices should scrupulously follow this rule and should supplement this procedure, when necessary, by invoking the assistance of recognized Muhammadan associations to secure qualified candidates. It is hoped that, as the number of qualified Muhammadan youths increases every year, it will not be difficult to obtain suitable candidates, if only steps are taken to ensure that timely information of the existence of vacancies reaches those interested. The Governor in Council is confident that, with the co-operation of his officers and by the adoption of the measures indicated, a distinct and steady advance will be maintained in the matter of employment of Muhammadans.

4. Lastly, for statistical purposes, it is important to secure a uniformity in the form of returns furnished to Government by local officers, regarding the employment of Muhammadans, in place of the different forms which have hitherto been in use in Eastern and Western Bengal. The Governor in Council accordingly directs all officers concerned to furnish the prescribed statistics commencing with the current official year in the form annexed to this circular. This form will supersede all the forms hitherto in use. The returns should reach Government not later than the 1st of July following the year to which they relate. The return regarding the employment of natives of the province prescribed by the late Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam need not be furnished in future.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

J. G. CUMMING,

Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 3387 A.

COPY forwarded to the Inspector-General of Police, Inspector-General of Prisons, Inspector-General of Registration, Director of Public Instruction, Director of Land Records, Director of Agriculture, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Sanitary Commissioner, Conservator of Forests, and the Secretaries to Government in the Public Works and Irrigation Departments, with the request that officers subordinate to them in the mufassal may be directed to observe the instructions contained in this circular in filling vacancies in their offices, and to furnish returns in the prescribed form by the 1st of July in each year, through the proper channel, to Government in the Appointment Department.

No. 3388 A.

COPY, with a copy of the above memorandum, forwarded to the

for information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

A. CASSELLS,

Under-Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th April 1914.

Statement showing the employment of Muhammadans in ministerial appointments in the *during the year ending 31st March 19*

Office.	1st April.				31st March.				Number of vacancies during the year.		Number of vacancies filled by Muhammadans.		Remarks.
	Total permanent sanctioned strength.	Total number of Muhammadans holding permanent appointments.	Number of appointments which should be held by Muhammadans if it were possible to follow the proportion fixed by Government.	Percentage of figures in column 3 to those in column 2.	Total permanent sanctioned strength.	Total number of Muhammadans holding permanent posts.	Number of appointments which should be held by Muhammadans if it were possible to follow the proportion fixed by Government.	Percentage of figures in column 7 to those in column 6.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Permanent.	Temporary.	(Special reasons, if any, for failure to comply with the instructions contained in Government circular No. , dated the in the appointments made during the year.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

B. S. Press—18-6-1914—1430C—500—J. L. C.

Public Service.—

Petitions from certain inhabitants of the Dhárwár and Belgaum Districts regarding the existing rules for admission to, and promotion in, the —.

General Department.
No. 8998

Bombay Castle,
1st August 1904.

Petition from Mr. Baba Saheb valad Abdul Saheb Javali, and other Mahomedans of the village of Hubli in the Hubli Táluka of the Dhárwár District, dated the 25th March 1904:—

"That in the humble opinion of Your Excellency's petitioners it is most essential that all classes of natives duly qualified for the public service should share equally in the administration of the country, that equal opportunities should be granted to all classes of His Majesty's subjects to enter Government service, and obtain promotions therein, so that there might be a due admixture of all classes and creeds in the various departments of public service, which will partly act as a check on the corruption and oppression of any particular class or classes preponderating in Government service, and partly serve as a useful means for the breaking up of caste cliques and monopolies in that service, and will thus both improve the efficiency of the administration and promote the education of the backward classes.

"* * * * *

"12. To summarise our prayer. If Government wishes to accomplish their object of educating and lifting up the backward cultivating classes from their present state of apparently contented and deplorable ignorance and to make of them intelligent and worthy citizens capable of appreciating the benefits that are being conferred on them by a benevolent Government, it is imperatively necessary that, firstly, the existing clique monopolies in Government offices must be thoroughly broken up by selecting the heads of offices and their assistants from different castes; secondly, Government should make special rules for the employment of qualified candidates on lower grades of the public service from all classes by rotation, so that each class may be separately and proportionately represented in all the departments of the public service; thirdly, lists of candidates according to castes may be made and maintained in each district; fourthly, a similar provision be made with regard to higher grades of public service such as the posts of the Mámlatdár, the Subordinate Judge, and the minor reserved posts in a district; fifthly, promotions may be granted to those already in service according to seniority, in rotation, according to castes; and, lastly, to ensure proper supervision and better working of the rules prayed for and to prevent them from remaining a dead letter, Your Excellency's humble petitioners pray that the heads of offices be asked to submit periodical returns of the number of appointments and promotions conferred upon all the classes of His Majesty's benign Government."

Similar petition from Mr. Chanmallappa C. Tenginkai and other members of the Lingayat Community of the village of Dhárwár in the Dhárwár Táluka of the Dhárwár District, dated the 27th March 1904.

Similar petition from Mr. Shivlingappa Manbassapa Topigi and other Lingayats of Hubli in the Hubli Táluka of the Dhárwár District, dated the 27th March 1904.

Similar petition from Mr. S. M. Jeelani, Cazi of Dhárwár, and other Lingayats, Rajputs and Mahomedans of the village of Dhárwár in the Dhárwár Táluka of the Dhárwár District, dated the 3rd April 1904.

Similar petition from Mr. K. B. Kallur and other members of the Lingayat Community of Saundatti, Parasgad Táluka of the Belgaum District, dated the 6th July 1904.

Similar petition, without date, from Mr. Virabhadrappa B. Halbhavi, certain Lingayats, Jains and Mahomedans of the village of Gokák, Gokák Táluka of the Belgaum District.

Similar petition from Mr. Shidlingappa Shetty and others of the village of Murgoel of the Parasgad Táluka of the Belgaum District.

RESOLUTION.—Revised rules for regulating admission to and promotion in the subordinate service of this Presidency have been published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* under Government Notifications No. 1365, dated the 7th July 1903, Educational Department, and No. 4517, dated the 14th June

1904, Revenue Department. These rules embody the principles Government desire to have applied in the selection of candidates and will, it is hoped, give all classes of the community equal opportunities for securing employment. The Collectors of Dhárwár and Belgaum should be requested to inform the memorialists accordingly.

J. SLADEN,

Acting Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner in Sind,
The Commissioner, N. D.,
The Commissioner, C. D.,
The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Dhárwár,
The Collector of Belgaum,
All other Collectors, including the Collectors and Deputy Commissioners in Sind,
The Director of Public Instruction,
The Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and A'bkári,
The Director of Land Records and Agriculture,
The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor,
All Departments (except the Separate and Legislative Departments).

No. of 1904.

Copy forwarded for information and guidance to

Appointments.—
Regarding the employment of Mahomedans in Government service.

General Department.
No. 2828

Bombay Castle,
10th May 1911.

Letter from the Honorary Secretaries, Anjuman-i-Islam, dated —— April 1911 :—

"The Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay on behalf of the Moslems of this Presidency beg humbly to approach Government on the question of the appointment of deserving Moslems in Government service.

"Having regard to the complaint made by several high officials of Government that suitable Mahomedan candidates are not found to apply for such posts, the Anjuman-i-Islam feels it to be its duty to assist Government in making a proper selection. Should Government be pleased to consider their recommendation, the Anjuman will endeavour to submit from time to time the names of suitable Mahomedan candidates, so that their claims may be considered by Government along with those of the other applicants for posts in the public service."

RESOLUTION.—The Honorary Secretaries, Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay, should be asked to send the names of suitable candidates to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor in the case of gazetted appointments and to the heads of offices and Departments concerned in the case of non-gazetted appointments.

L. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to Government.

To

All Departments of the Secretariat,
All Heads of Offices under the several Departments of the Secretariat,
The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor,
The Prothonotary and Registrar of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Original Side, Bombay,
The Registrar of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side, Bombay,
} By letter No. 2829, dated 10th May 1911.
The Honorary Secretaries, Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay (by letter No. 2830, dated 10th May 1911).

Genl 464

No. of 1911.

Copy forwarded for information and guidance to

Appointments.—
Regarding the employment of Mahomedans in Government service.

General Department.
No. 3796

Bombay Castle,
20th June 1911.

Letter from the Honorary Secretary, Bombay Presidency Moslem League, Poona, to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, dated 26th May 1911—

Stating that in connection with the subject of the employment of Mahomedans in the public service, the league has kept a register of qualified Mahomedan candidates from all parts of the Presidency; and requesting that the league may be afforded facilities for sending a list of suitable names, from time to time, to Government officers and heads of departments for their selection.

RESOLUTION.—The Honorary Secretary, Bombay Presidency Moslem League, should be asked to send the names of suitable candidates to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor in the case of gazetted appointments and to the heads of offices and departments concerned in the case of non-gazetted appointments.

L. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to Government.

To

All Departments of the Secretariat,
All Heads of Offices under the several Departments of the Secretariat,
The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor,
The Prothonotary and Registrar of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Original Side, Bombay,
The Registrar of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side, Bombay.
} By letter No. 3797, dated 20th June 1911.
The Honorary Secretary, Bombay Presidency Moslem League, Poona (by letter No. 3798, dated 20th June 1911).

Genl 645 r

No. of 1911.

Copy forwarded for information and guidance to

Appointments.—

Regarding the employment of Marathi-speaking Hindu backward classes in Government service.

No. 4268.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th June 1913.

Memorandum from the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, No. 94, dated the 12th May 1913—

Transferring, for disposal, a petition, dated the 29th April 1913, from the President, Maratha Aikyecchu Sabha, Bombay, who states that the Sabha was established more than twenty-five years ago for advancing the interests of the Marathi-speaking Hindu backward classes; describes the work hitherto done by the Sabha; invites the attention of Government to the necessity of taking into consideration the claims of the few educated members of the Hindu backward classes in making appointments both to the lower and higher grades of the public service in this Presidency; and makes the following suggestions:—

"1. The Revenue, Judicial, Abkari and other officers of Government should be asked to keep a list of eligible men from the backward classes from amongst whom selections for vacancies should, as far as possible, be made. If Government are disposed to accede to the above suggestion, the Sabha will be happy to furnish them with the list of such eligible candidates and to add to the names from time to time.

"2. Where competitive examinations are held for filling up any Government posts, candidates from the backward classes, if found otherwise competent and fit, should be given preference over others.

"3. When there are any new or prospective posts to be created, the Sabha may be consulted as to the available candidates from amongst the backward classes."

RESOLUTION.—With regard to their second suggestion the Sabha should be informed that the efficiency of the public service must be the first consideration with Government in the selection of candidates for employment and that they cannot consent to the lowering of the standard required for admission to the public service in order to favour one particular section of the community at the expense of the rest. Government place special facilities, in the form of exemptions from school fees and scholarships, at the disposal of the backward classes in order to enable them to qualify for admission to the public service, and it is by availing themselves to the fullest extent of these opportunities that the classes referred to by the Sabha should endeavour to attain their object.

2. With regard to their suggestions (1) and (3) the Sabha should be asked to send the names of suitable candidates to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor in the case of gazetted appointments and to the heads of offices and departments concerned in the case of non-gazetted appointments.

J. L. RIEU,

Secretary to Government.

To

All Departments of the Secretariat,
All Heads of Offices under the several Departments of the Secretariat,
The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor,
The Prothonotary and Registrar of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Original Side, Bombay,
The Registrar of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side, Bombay,
} By letter No. 4269, dated the 5th June 1913.
The President, Maratha Aikyecchu Sabha (by letter No. 4270, dated the 5th June 1913).

F Genl 479

No. of 1913.

Copy forwarded for information and guidance to

Public Service: Regarding the employment of Marathi-speaking Hindu backward classes in Government service.

Dated the 23rd June 1913.

From—Mr. K. R. Korgawkar, M.A., LL.B., President, Maratha Aikyechhu Sabha;

To—The Secretary to Government, General Department.

I am directed by the Managing Committee of the Maratha Aikyechhu Sabha to convey the Sabha's thanks to you for your reply, dated 5th instant, to the Sabha's representation, and for the sympathetic attitude evinced therein towards the proposals of the Sabha.

With reference to paragraph 2 of your reply, I beg to state that while fully subscribing to the principle that Government should not consent to the lowering of the standard required for admission to the public service, in order to favour any particular section of the community, the Sabha only requests that candidates from backward classes, *if found otherwise competent and fit*, should be given preference over others, and such preference, the Sabha humbly submits, would not affect the standard of admission, much less lower it, as suggested in your reply. The Sabha is thankful to Government for the special facilities with regard to education placed at the disposal of the backward classes, and has been trying its utmost to persuade people to take advantage of them to the fullest extent, but it will still more strengthen the hands of the Sabha, and will fulfil the laudable intentions of Government in affording special facilities, if the suggested preference be kindly granted.

I have also to thank you for the suggestion contained in paragraph 3 of your letter under reply, and to state that the names of suitable candidates will be sent to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor in the case of gazetted appointments, and to the Heads of offices and departments concerned in the case of non-gazetted appointments.

No. 5175.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th July 1913.

From

J. L. RIEU, ESQ., I.C.S.,
Secretary to Government;

To

THE PRESIDENT, MARATHA AIKYECHHU SABHA,
Peerbhoy Building, Princess Street,
Bombay.

Sir,

In reply to your letter dated the 23rd June 1913 on the subject of the appointment of members of the Marathi-speaking Hindu backward classes to the public service, I am directed to state that Government are unable to accede to your request that candidates drawn from those classes, provided that they are qualified for appointment, should be given the preference over all other candidates. Subject always to the observance of the principle which requires the maintenance of a due admixture of classes in the ranks of the public service, preference can be given only on considerations of superior fitness and capacity. Any departure from this rule would be inconsistent with the selection of the best material available and would necessarily entail a lowering of the highest standard of efficiency attainable.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. L. RIEU,
Secretary to Government.

Employment of Muhammadans in Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam, in the Appointment Department, No. 1769 C, dated Shillong, the 15th February 1907.

Read- Resolution by the Government of India No. 7,-2/51/25 dated the 15th July 1885, on the subject of the encouragement of Muhammadan Education in British India.

Circular No. 5221 C, dated the 25th May 1906, addressed to Commissioners of Divisions in Eastern Bengal, on the subject of the proportion of Muhammadan employés in ministerial service under Government in the transferred districts of Eastern Bengal.

The replies referred to the above Circular, from the Commissioners addressed and from other officers to whom copies of it were forwarded for opinion.

RESOLUTION.

In the Resolution of the Government of India, dated the 15th July 1885, which is referred to above, the Governor General in Council dealt mainly with the question of Muhammadan education, concerning which a memorial had been presented by the National Muhammadan Association. The memorial contained, however, a reference to the question of the distribution of State patronage as between the various communities of British India, and the Resolution accordingly dealt with this matter at some length, detailing the circumstances obtaining in each province, and communicating the views of the Government of India upon the subject. With reference to Bengal it was remarked.

In Bengal to which the memorial more particularly refers, the Muhamadans form over 31 per cent of the total population. Here it is no doubt true that their numerical inferiority in the public offices is very marked. This is, however, mainly due to their want of the prescribed educational qualifications, especially as regards a knowledge of English. For this deficiency poverty will to some extent account; but there is also no doubt that there has been a real unwillingness to take advantage of the education provided by the State. At the

same

same time another important fact, pointed out by Nawab Abdul Lateef in a memorandum laid before the Education Commission, should not be overlooked, viz. that 'the mass of the Muhammadan population consists of cultivators among some millions of Brahmins and Kayasthas, who from time immemorial have enjoyed a superior system of education and in consequence a passport to public offices'. This is especially the case in Eastern Bengal, where the Muhammadans are most numerous.

The views and orders of the Governor General upon the question of the employment of Muhammadans were contained in the following paragraph:-

The Governor General in Council does not consider it desirable or for the advantage of the Muhammadans themselves that they should be exempted from those tests which are established to secure the admission of duly qualified candidates into the public service. Nor can special favour be shown them in open competitive examinations of any description. It is only by raising their own educational qualifications to the level already attained by other races that the Muhammadans can hope to win appointments that are awarded as the result of Examination. But there are a large number of appointments the gift of which lies in the hands of the Local Governments, the High Courts or local officers. The Governor General in Council desires that in those provinces where Muhammadans do not receive their full share of State employment, the Local Governments and High Courts will endeavour to redress this inequality as opportunity offers, and will impress upon subordinate officers the importance of attending to this in their selection of candidates for appointments of the class last referred to. The subject of the extent to which Muhammadans are employed in offices under Government might usefully be noticed in the Annual Reports of Provincial Administration.

2. From the time of the issue of this Resolution special attention has been devoted by the Local Government in Bengal to this subject, and there has been some improvement effected in the direction of securing to the Muhammadan community a share in State patronage more commensurate with their numerical proportion and their importance. But the progress was so slow that in the year 1900 the Government of Bengal were compelled to issue definite orders with reference to the appointment of Sub Inspectors of Schools, prescribing that such appointments should

be

be distributed to Hindus and Muhammadans in the exact proportion borne by each of these communities to the total population of each district. These orders have worked successfully and have helped in a marked degree to advance primary education amongst the masses of the cultivators.

3. The attention of the Lieutenant-Governor was drawn shortly after the constitution of this province, to the small proportion of ministerial posts held by Muhammadans in Government offices in Eastern Bengal, and enquiries were made to elicit full information on the subject. The results of these enquiries may be conveniently summarised in the following statement in which the proportion of ministerial posts held by Muhammadans is contrasted with the proportion borne by Muhammadans to the total population, and by literate Muhammadans to the total literate population of each district in Eastern Bengal:-

	Dacca.	Mymensingh.	Faridpur.	Bakarganj.	Chittagong.	Noakhali.	Tipperah.	Rajshahi.	Dinajpur.	Jalpaiguri.	Rangpur.	Bogra.	Pabna.	Malda.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Percentage of Muhammadans to total population.	62·6	71·39	61·89	68·31	71·70	75·87	70·57	77·63	49·52	28·97	63·66	68·85	74·78	47·96
Percentage of literate Muhammadans to total literate population.	25·24	33·36	21·98	47·30	44·71	49·86	41·44	55·21	56·37	36·12	46·56	75·40	39·42	36·40
Percentage of ministerial posts held by Muhammadans.	12·	9·4	8·4	13·9	21·	18·5	17·5	22·7	15·3	8·3	16·7	36·2	16·2	17·1

Under the orders of Sir Bampfylde Fuller these figures were laid before the Divisional Commissioners, and their opinions were invited as to the steps that should be taken to secure a fairer and more reasonable distribution of Government patronage. Copies of this communication were forwarded at the same time to the Board of Revenue, Heads of Departments and District and Sessions Judges, with a request that their views on the subject might be submitted for the consideration of Government.

4. Replies have now been received from all the officers consulted and have been very carefully considered by the

Lieutenant-

Lieutenant-Governor. There is a general consensus of opinion that Muhammadans have not received as much employment as they have a right to demand or as they are qualified to hold. This is no doubt due to the causes indicated in the Government of India's Resolution of 1885 and to others suggested in the letter under consideration, viz. principally to the larger number of qualified Hindus, and the fact that the position of the Hindus is so preponderating that it is difficult for any not of this class to gain admittance or having gained admittance to keep their positions in Government offices. This consideration also explains the frequent exclusion in many offices of all but a few castes of Hindus, and has sometimes even gone so far as to make of some offices almost a family gathering. Such exclusiveness while it is unfair to candidates of other classes is most mischievous and detrimental to Government interests and to the interests of the public, especially where as in this province the excluded class is the most numerous, and therefore has the larger number of dealings with the offices.

It is a matter, therefore, of essential importance that in the interests of fairness and efficiency decided measures should be taken to put an end to this abuse.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor is convinced that there has been a great advance since the year 1885 in the education of the masses of the people and that among Muhammadans and important castes of Hindus other than those usually employed in Government offices and among non-Hindus, fully qualified employés can generally be found, and where this is the case there should be a broadening of the field of selection. It is accordingly directed that in future, in all offices, before making new appointments, whether directly to paid employment, or to apprenticeships from which the paid appointments are usually at present filled (so long as the system of apprenticeship continues) officers must widely advertise (1) the vacancies which they wish to fill. Muhammadan Associations and other known Associations, and educational officers, should be informed so (2) that they may put forward the names of suitable candidates who may be known to them and of whom they may have prepared lists, and officers who are unable to obtain suitable candidates of the required class in their own district or neighbourhood should make their requirements known in

other.

G. R. S. 26]

File No. 3-14

Serial No. 63

Diary No. of letter replied to

Pol. No. 641.

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, *the* 191

To

The First Asstt to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore

Date of issue 6.1.15

Signed by Mr D. Narasinga Rao

Sir,

I am directed to ack-
nowledge with thanks the
receipt of the ~~Proceedings~~ copies of G.O.
~~and the~~ orders on the subject of
Special encouragement in the
Public Service to members of
Communities ~~which are back-~~
~~ward in education~~ ~~forwarded~~
with your ~~memorandum~~ Communication noted

backwards

Sent

over.

SUBJECT.

in the margin.

2. The Circular letter No 1448-1457 issued by the 31st October 1913 of the Govt of India regarding special encouragement to Muhammadans will be treated as ~~strictly~~ confidential as desired in your memorandum of the 22nd December 1914.

1. Letter No 9767 of the 30th Nov 1914
2. Memo No 10314 of the 19th December 1914
3. Memo No 10358 of the 22nd December 1914

5.1.15.

Noted

Copy Secy to Govt.

31/12

List of enclosures,

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—25,000—4-3-18

Statement showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service.
Military Secretary's Office, Bangalore.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by				Total	Remarks.
	Brahmins	Lingayat	Moodliars	Telugu Banajiga		
Non-Gazetted - on Rs 50/- and above	2				2	
Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	2	1	2	1	6	

Military Secretary's Office
Bangalore February 1915

A Jones Lt Col
Military Secretary

Statement

Showing the Extent to which the General Communities are represented in the Public Service - Govt House Mysore

1 Class of Appointments	2 Number of appointments			Total	Remarks if Any
	Brahmins	Vaisyas	Mohomedans		
(a) Nongezetted on Rs 50 & Above	2	"	"	2	
(b) Nongezetted below Rs 50/-	"	1	1	2	
Total	2	1	1	4	

Mysore
1 January 1915

S. Vishwanathaiya
Superintendent
Govt House

Statement shewing the extent to which the several Committees are represented in the Public Service of Government Stables Department.

	Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by: Brahmins	Lingaeth	Mahamedans	Weaver Belimagga	Vellalar Moodaliar	European	Native Cristian	Total	Remarks
	Government stables									
a	Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	Superintendent.
b	Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	3	3rd ~~Clerks~~ Jamedars
	Horse Carriage Department.									
a	Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	1	1	1	.	1	.	.	4	Clerks
b	Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
	Carriage Factory Department.									
a	Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
b	Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	2	1 Clerk 1 Supervisor
		1	1	4	1	1	1	1	10	

Bangalore
12th January '15

Jas. A. Rambler
Superintendent
Government Stables

Statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service — Mysore Imperial Service Transport Corps.

1.	2. Number of appointment held by					3.
	Brahmins	Muhammadans.	Christians	Moodliars	Naidoos	Remarks.
(a) Non-Gazetted on ~~Rs~~ 50/- & above.	1 *	1	"	"	"	* Retires on 16th April 1915.
(b) Non-Gazetted below ~~Rs~~ 50/-.	1	1	1	0	2	

Bangalore,
11th January 1915.

Fuzulla Khan
Offg: Commandant,
Imp: Serv: Trans: Corps.

Statement showing the extent to which the Devaval Committee are represented in the Public Service Nesserpatta pass Jaffna. —

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by			Total
	Brahmins	Kshatriya	Moodliars	
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	"	"	"	"
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	2	1	1	4.

Nesserpatta pass Jaffna
Dated 19th January 1915.

L. Ramaswamy
Jaffna Post

GOVERNMENT STUD FARM
No.
Date
KUNIGAL

Military Department.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service of Govt. Stud Farm Dept.

1. Class of Appointments	2. Number of Appointments held by						Total	Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Vakkaliga	Mohamedans	Christians		
Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	..	..	1	1	..	3	
Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	2	1	..	..	..	..	3	
	3	1	..	1	1	..	6	

Dated 25th January 15
Kunigal

Ag Mahomed Iffin

Superintendent,
Government Stud Farm,
Kunigal.

D. no 254/E-A File 3-1 no 81 60

GPB—100,000—29-7-14

1914-15

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

To

The Secretary to the Govt of Mysore
General Adm: Department
Bangalore

Dated

Despatched 8th February 1915

Received

General No. 596

No.

Enclosure No. one

Submitting statement furnishing statistics on officials employed in Superior Service in the Mysore Dt.

No: S.96/1

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.
Dated, Mysore, 8th February 1915

From

A.Subramanya Iyer, Esquire.,B.A.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao, Esquire.,B.A.,B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

With reference to your Order No.50-92/ E.A dated 23rd October 1914 calling for certain statistics regarding the officials in superior Service employed in the Mysore District, I have the honor to submit herewith the statement furnishing the said statistics.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

M.S. [illegible]

Assistant Commissioner,
For Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.
(Absent from station)

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service Revenue and other Branches which are subjects to the Control of the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.

Name of Department	Number of appointments held by																						Total		Remarks.
	Brahmins		Kshatriyas		Vaisyas		Lingayats		Smigha Maratha		Pillay, Naidu & Modaliars		Christians		Indra		Parsis		Jains		Mohammedans				
	Non gazetted on Rs 50 and above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	Non gazetted on Rs 50 & above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	Non gazetted on Rs 50 & above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	Non gazetted on Rs 50 & above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	Non gazetted on Rs 50 & above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	Non gazetted on Rs 50 and above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	Non gazetted on Rs 50 & above	Non gazetted below Rs 50	Non gazetted on 50 and above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	Non gazetted on Rs 50 and above	Non gazetted below R, 50	Non gazetted on Rs 50 and above	Non gazetted below Rs 50.	Non gazetted on Rs 50 & above	Non gazetted below Rs 50 -	Non gazetted on Rs 50 and above	Non gazetted below Rs 50/-	
Revenue Department:—																									
Permanent	18	236	-	2	-	3	1	3	-	4	1	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	17	21	270	
Temporary	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	
Treasury Department:-																									
Permanent	2	13	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	17	
Temporary	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Survey Department	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Police "	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Muzarai "	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Marahamat Department																									
Permanent	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	
Temporary	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	8	
Local Fund Department	1	34	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	40	
Economic " Temporary	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
D.P.W. Revenue " Do.	5	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	43.	(Offices of the Special Land Acquisition Officer, G. R. & works and Mysore Hassan & Arsikere Railways)-
Total	28	353	-	3	-	4	1	4	-	6	1	4	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	23	31	400	

6th February 1916
Mysore

N. G. [illegible]
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District.

No 104
Cur one

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD
CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE,
Dated, Mysore, 11th Feb. 1915.

FROM

T.G.Lukshmana Rao, Esq., L.C.E.,

Chairman of the Board of Trustees,
Mysore City Improvements.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,

Secretary to the Govt. of H. H. the Maharaja
of Mysore, Gen. and Rev. Departments.

SIR,

With reference to Government Order No.50-92/E.A. dated the 23rd October 1914 calling for information regarding the class representation in the public service, I have the honour to submit a statement in the form given, of the officials of the scheduled staff in superior service employed under the City of Mysore Improvement Trust Board.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T Lukshmana Rao

CHAIRMAN.

D. no. 2628-A. 13. 2. 15.

File 3-14. 81 81.

191 .

From

The CHAIRMAN of the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore.

To

The SECRETARY to the Govt. of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Gen. and Rev. Depts. Bangalore

Dated 11. 2. 15

Despatched

Received

General No. 104

Enclosures One

SUBJECT

Class representation of officials employed in the Irish Board Service:-

GBPM—500—24-11-18.

Statement Showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service.

Mysore City Improvement Trust Board.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.										Remarks if any.
	Brahmins	Christians	Lingayets	Modliars	Mahammadans	Pillays	Telugu Banajigas	Vysyas	Vokkaligas	Total	
Non-Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	3	
Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	21	2	2	4	1	2	.	1	.	33	
Total	23	2	2	4	1	2	1	1	.	36	

Mysore,
February 1915.

T Lukshmana Rao
Chairman.
Mysore City Impt Board

89

File 3 of III

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service.

General and Revenue Secretariat

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by													Total	Remarks if any
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Lingayats	Mahomedans	N. Christians	Europeans & Eurasians	Parsees	Jains	Moplahs	Jains & Sonars Weavers				
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 and above.	98	1	1		1	2				7	1			111	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50.	21					1				1				23	
Acting clerks	12					1								13	
Temporary Sett. S.R.S	7				1	1								9	
Special Sorting Sett	13				1	1								15	
Total.														15	Rangamma Gowda

18/1/15

Diary no 311/6-A
29.7.15

File no 3-14

GIP—100,000—29-7-14 64

From 1914-15

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

To

The Secretary,
Government of Mysore
General & Revenue
Departments, Bangalore

Dated 19th February 1915

Despatched 21/2

Received

General No. 412

No. Secy

Enclosure No. one

Submitting a statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Tumkur District.

This Department concern this Branch

To Bot I

Jaffna District office

Dated 19 - 2 - 1915

From

K. R. Sriniwasa Iyengar Esq. B.A.

Deputy Commissioner

Jaffna District

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao Esq. B.A. B.L.

Offg. Secretary to the Government

of H. H. The Maharaja of Mysore

Bangalore.

Sir,

As requested in Government order No. 50-92 E.A. dated 23rd October 1914, I have the honor to submit herewith a Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service in the Jaffna District

I have the honor etc.,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant

K R Srinivasa Iyengar

Deputy Commissioner

List Showing the Extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service in the Tumkur District —

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by												Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Lingayets	Mudaliars	Vokkaligas	Kurubars	Bedars	Jains	Mohamedans	,	Total	
Deputy Commissioner's office - Upper Division -													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	4	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	6	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
— Do - Lower Division -													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	19	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	21	
— Do - Treasury Dept. -													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	8	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	10	
— Do - Survey Department.													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
— Do - Irrigation wells Deptt. -													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
— Do - Revenue Maramat Deptt. -													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Maddagiri Sub Division office -													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Gubbi Sub Division office -													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
— Do - below Rs 50/-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Taluk Establishments.													
Non-gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
— Do — below Rs 50/-	142	-	1	1	-	2	1	2	1	7	-	157	
Total -	194	-	1	1	2	4	1	2	2	8	-	215	

Tumkur
Dated 20. 2. 1915.

Rdmmanna

20/5/15

G.R.S. 26]

SUBJECT Class-representation in Public Service.

Diary No. of letter replied to

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, the 191 .

Date of issue 8.5.1915

Signed by Mr. R. Madhava Rao.

	No	Date	
C. Bangalore.	323 329	9.12.14 14.12.14	Flag N to S.
" Mysore	596	8.2.15	Flag P.
" Tumkur	412	21.2.15	Flag S.
" Kolar	275	7.12.14	Flag Y.
" Hassan	208	2/9.1.15	Flag X
" Kadur	274	24.11.14	Flag Q.
" Shimoga	323/214	30.1.15	Flag W
" Chitaldroog.	240.	4.12.14.	Flag T.

Flag Z.

Section E.A.

File No. 3 B 14.

Serial No. 65

R.O No. 623-4-5-6-7-8-9-630/E.A.

To The Deputy Commissioner Distt.

Sir,

With reference to your letter no dated forwarding statements showing class-representation in Public Service, I am ~~directed~~ to state that ~~you have not furnished the~~ information ~~on the~~ subject as called for in G.O. ~~no 50-92 dated 26.10.1914~~ ~~desired~~ ~~above~~ ~~request~~

over. and

As regards ~~And to request that the sta-~~

~~tistics for the following~~ departments ~~under your control~~ mentioned hereunder, which is wanting in the Statements now received, may be kindly furnished before the 20th of this month.

Yours Sincerely

for Chief Secretary

Genl & Geo. Depts.

Deputy Commr. Bangalore.

1. Registration
2. Municipal & Local Funds.
3. Treasury
4. Marahamat
5. Economic Conference
6. Survey
7. Veterinary
8. Mazarai
9. Bench magts. court Est.

Deputy Commr. Mysore.

1. Police. (including executive staff)
2. Jud. (Cit. magistrate's Court. & Bench magistrate's court)
3. Excise (including Executive staff.)
4. Registration
5. municipal.
6. Veterinary
7. Forest (including executive staff)

Deputy Commr. Tumkuru.

1. Police (including executive staff)
2. Excise (— do —)
3. Forest (— do —)
4. Registration
5. municipal.
6. Local Funds
7. Economic Confce
8. Veterinary
9. Mazarai
10. Jud. Bench magts. Ct.

Deputy Commr. Kolar.

1. Police (including executive staff)
2. Jud. (Bench magts. Court. Est.)
3. Registration
4. Municipal.
5. Treasury
6. Marahamat
7. Economic Confce
8. Survey.
9. Veterinary
10. Mazarai.

Deputy Commr. Hassan

1. Police (including executive staff)
2. Excise (— do —)
3. Forest (— do —)
4. Registration
5. municipal.
6. Treasury.
7. Survey
8. Veterinary.

Deputy Commr. Kadur.

1. Police (including executive staff)
2. Excise (— do —)
3. Forest (— do —)
4. Registration
5. municipal & Local Funds.
6. Marahamat
7. Economic Confce
8. Survey.
9. Veterinary
10. Mazarai
11. Mahad Jud.

Deputy Commr. Shimoga.

1. Jud. (Bench magts. Court).
2. Forest (including executive staff)
3. Mtnl (municipal municipal) & Local Funds
4. Treasury
5. Marahamat
6. Economic Confce
7. Survey.
8. Veterinary
9. Mazarai

Deputy Commr. Chitaldroog.

All Departments except Revenue.

List of enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

20,000—14-2-14

2975/15

D. O. No.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Dated Bangalore, 8th May 1915.

Please reply necessary under advice 8/5

Sir,

With reference to your letter Nos.323 & 329 dated 9-12-14 14-12-'14 forwarding statements showing class representation in Public Service, I am ~~directed to observe~~ desired to requested that information as regards the Departments mentioned hereunder, which is wanting in the statements ~~sent~~ now received, may be kindly furnished before the 20th of this month.

Yours sincerely,

N Madhava Rao

K. Chandy, Esq., B.A.,

Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District.

1. Registration
2. Municipal and Local Funds.
3. Treasury
4. Marahmat
5. Economic Conference.
6. Survey.
7. Veterinary
8. Muzrai
9. Bench Magistrates' Court establishment.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Kadur District.

Dated Chikmagalur, 20th. May 1915.

From,

The Deputy Commissioner,

Kadur District.

To,

The Secretary to Government of Mysore,

General and Revenue Departments,

B A N G A L O R E.

Sir,

With reference to your D.O. No. 627/E.A. dated 8th. instant requesting to forward certain statements showing class representation in Public Service in this District, I have the honor to submit herewith the statements above referred to of the marginally noted Departments of this District, and to state that the statements relating to the Revenue Department was already submitted with my letter No. 274 dated 24th. November 1914.

1. Police.
2. Excise.
3. Forest.
4. Registration.
5. Municipal and Local Fund.
6. Maramat.
7. Economic Conference.
8. Survey.
9. Veterinary.
10. Muzrai.
11. Malnad Improvement.
12. Registration Dept.

I have the honor to be.

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

Deputy Commissioner,

Kadur District.

Dko. 683/8 ...

G.P.B.—100,000—29-7-14

File 3614. 22-5-15

1915

From

The Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore
Genl & Revenue Departments
Bangalore.

Dated 20. 5. 15.

Despatched 20. 5. 15

Received

General No. 530

No.

Enclosure No. Eleven

Submitting statements showing class representation in Public Service in Kadur District & stating that statements relating to Revenue Department was already submitted.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Excise Department, Kadur District.

	Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by.						Total	Remarks.
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Christians	Mahomedans	Sudras		
a	Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	
b	Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	21	2	1	5	2	1	32	
	Total	22	2	1	5	2	1	33	

Chikmagalur
20. 5. 1915

M Kesava Iyer
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Registration Department of the Kadur District.

	Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.					Total	Remarks.
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Mahomedans	Christians	Sudras		
a	Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	2	.	.	.	.	2	
b	Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	13*	.	.	1	.	14	
	Total	15	.	.	1	.	16	

* includes two attenders on Rs. 8/- each.

Chikmagalur
20. 5. 1915.

Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Veterinary Department, Kadur District

	Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by.					Total	Remarks.
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas and other Hindoos	Christians	Mahomedans		
a	Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b	Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	2	-	-	-	-	2	
	Total	2	-	-	-	-	2	

Chikmagalur
20. 5-1915

M Kesavamurthy
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Muzrai Department, Kadur District.

	Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.					Total	Remarks.
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Other Hindoos	Mahomedans		
a.	Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above							
b	Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-							There is only one Peshkar at Kalasa and one Parpatagar at Kigga and they are paid Rs 20/- and 10/- respectively from the respective temple funds and they are not paid by Government.
	Total							

Chikmagalur
20. 5. 1915

M Kesavamurthi
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Office of the Special Revenue Officer, Malnad Improvement Scheme, Kadur and Hassan Districts.

	Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by					Total	Remarks.
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Other Hindus	Mahomedans		
(a)	Non-Gazetted on Rs. 50/-	3	"	"	"	"	3	
(b)	Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	8	"	"	"	"	8	
	Total	11	"	"	"	"	11	

Chikmagalur
20. 5. 1915.

M Kesava Iyengar
Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

Statement Showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Maramat Department of the Deputy-Commissioner's office, Kadur District.

	Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by —					Total	Remarks.
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Muhamedans	Other Caste		
a	Non Gazetted on Rs 50 and above.	1	.	.	.	.	1	
	Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	2	.	.	.	.	2	
	Sub overseer's Establishment at Chikmagalur and Tarikere including all the Taluk Inspectors in the District.	7	.	.	.	.	7	
	Total —	10	.	.	.	.	10	

Chikmagalur.
20. 5-1915.

M Krishnaiah
Deputy-Commissioner
Kadur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Survey Department, Kadur District.

	Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by — Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Christians	Mohamedans	Total	Remarks.
a	Non Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	1	.	.	.	.	1	
b	Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	3	.	.	.	.	3	
	Total -	4	.	.	.	.	4	

Chikmagalur.
20. May 1915.

M Kesavan
Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

Statement Showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Economic Conference Department, Kadur District.

	Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by					Total	Remarks.
		Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Christians	other Hindus	Mohamedans		
a	Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	.	.	.	.	.	.	
b	Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	2	.	.	.	.	2	
	Total	2	.	.	.	.	2	

Chikmagalur,
20th May 1915.

M Kuriamma Jr

Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District

D. no. 487/E.A.
24-5-15

No 22
R.O.

Hassan
21st May 191[illegible]

Sir,

With reference to your R.O. Letter No. 626/E.A. dated 8th Instant I herein enclose a Statement showing the class representation in public Service of the Departments referred to in your R.O. under reply.

Yours Sincerely,

V. Ramaswamiah

To
V. Madhava Rao Esquire,
Assistant Secretary,
General and Revenue Departments
Bangalore.

Statement showing the extent to which the Seven Castes in the General Departments of the St are represented in the Public.

Class of appointments	Name of Department	Number of appoi														
		Brahmins	Kshtriyas	Jains	Mohamedans	Vakkaliga	Lingayats	[illegible]	Chetty	Rawths	Kurubas	Gollas	Sathani	Rajput	Maratta
a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.	Police Department	2	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Excise Department	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Forest Department	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Registration - do.	5	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Municipal - do	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Treasury - do	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Survey - do.	Vacant	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Veterinary - do	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	Police Department	38	1	.	13	10	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Excise - do -	23	-	.	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
	Forest - do -	12	-	-	1	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Registration - do	18	-	-	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Municipal - do	25	1	2	1	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Treasury - do -	7	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Survey - do -	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Veterinary - do -	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total	137	2	5	22	16	4	4	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1

[illegible]

Deputy Commissioner,
Hassan District.

File 3-4. 274
81 68.

D.O. No. 698/8M
Enc-3

Bangalore,
26th May 1915.

Dear Sir,

In returning herewith the marginally noted statements on class-representation in the public service of your District received with your letter No.530 dated the 20th May 1915, I am desired to request you that the caste of the persons shown under "Mudaliars and Mudaks", "other Hindus" and "other castes" may be specifically noted in the column of remarks and the statements retransmitted very early.

Forest Department
Local and Municipal Funds.
Police Department.

Yours sincerely,

K.S.Krishna Iyer, Esq.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

D.O. No. 338 Eu 6 sent separately.
D. no 493 for A
24. 5. 15

3-14.
8169.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District,
Dated, Tumkur the 20th May 1915.

S i r,

Adverting to your D.O. letter No.630/E.A. of the 8th instant, requesting information regarding class representation in the departments noted below, I have to inform you that statements regarding the first four departments were submitted to the respective Heads of Departments in November and December 1914. Copies of these statements are herewith enclosed. The statements for the Local Fund, Conference and Veterinary Departments are also now sent herewith. There is no separate establishment for the Muzrai Department, and the clerk who does that work is included in the Revenue Establishment. No

No Bench of Magistrates has been formed as yet in this District.

Yours sincerely,

T. S. Swaminathan

N. Madhava Rao, Esqr., B.A.,B.L.,

Assistant Secretary to Government,

General and Revenue Departments,

Bangalore.

1. Police (including executive staff)
2. Excise - do -
3. Forest - do -
4. Registration
5. Municipal
6. Local Fund
7. Economic Conference
8. Veterinary
9. Muzrai
10. Judicial Bench Magistrate's Court.

cl Bnc

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public service, Forest Department, Tumkur District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held								Remarks if any.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Marattas	Mahomedans	[illegible]	Kurubas	Total	
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	3	-	-	-	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	14	.	.	1	3	1	1	20	
Total	17	.	.	1	3	1	1	23	

Copy

Deputy Commissioner
Tumkur District

(Sd) P. S. Govinda Rao.
District Forest Officer,
Tumkur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public service.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held					Remarks.
	Brahmins	Naikas	Sudras	Lingayats	Total	
		Conference.				
(a) Non Gazetted on 50 and above		— Nil —				
(b) Non Gazetted below 50/-	2				2	

Sumkur.
Dated 18th May 1915.

Deputy Commissioner,
Sumkur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service.

Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by						Remarks.
	Brahmin	Naikas	Sudras	Lingaits	Mahomedans	Total	
			District Funds.				
(a) Non Gazetted on 50 and above			— nil —				
(b) -do- below 50/-	20	1	2	1		26	
			Municipal				
(a) Non Gazetted on 50 and above			— nil —				
(b) -do- below 50/-	12	.	-	1		13	
			Veterinary.				
(a) Non Gazetted on 50 and above			— nil —				
(b) -do- below 50/-	1	-	.	-		1	

Tumkur.
dt 18th May 1915.

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public service in the several Registration offices of the Tumkur District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by				Total	Remarks.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Moodaliars		
				District		
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above.						
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	2					
Total	2					

			Tumkur · Sub	the District.	
				4	
2				19	
2			1	23	

(Sd) Narasingarao Purniah,
For District Registrar.

			Gubbi Sub	Registry Office.	
3				1	
3				1	

Abstract for Registry office.

3			1	1	
19				2	
22			1	3	

"Copy"

District Registrar,
Tumkur District.

			Tiphur Sub	Registry Office.	
1			–		
2				1	
3			–	1	

			Paragada Sub	Registry Office.	
1				3	
1				3	

			Kunigal	Registry office.	
3				1	
3.	-	-	-	1	

			Kortagere Sub	Registry office.	
				1	
1	-	-	-	2	
1	-	-	-	3	

			Maddagiri Sub	Registry Office.	
1					
1				2	
2				2	

Turvekere Sub Sub Registry office.

1				3	
1				3	

Cheekurikanhalli Sub Registry Office.

1				1	
1				1	
2				2	

			Bira Sub	Registry office.	
				1	
2				1	
2				2	

G. R. S. 26]

SUBJECT: Class-representation in Public Service.

Diary No. of letter replied to _____

Section E. A.,
File No. 3-14.
Serial No. 70.

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, the 191 .

D.O. No. 706/E A

Date of issue 31-5-1915.

Signed by Mr. R. Madhava Rao.

To The Deputy Commissioner
Tumkur.

Dear Sir,

In returning herewith the marginally noted ~~form~~ statement of class-representation in public Service received with your D.O. no 338 dated the 20th May 1915, I am desired to request you to be so good as to ~~show~~ clarify the appointments in the former statement under two heads ~~time~~ "on Rs 50 and upwards" and

1. Police department
2. Excise "

P. T. over.

and ~~those~~ "below Rs 50", and in his letter, to ~~furnish~~ mention the cases of those shown under column headed "And so on".

Yours sincerely.

Sd/-

For Sd/- Secretary to Govt
Genl Edu. Deptt

List of enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—20,000—14-2-14

D No. 500/E A

GPB—100,000—29-7-14 1915

VIII 30/5

1915.

71

From

The Deputy Commissioner.
Kadur District.

To

The Secretary to Govt.
Gl + Rev: Depts.
Bangalore.

Dated
Despatched } 29 May 1915
Received

General No. 557
No.

Enclosure No. Three.

Submits revised State-
-ments on class represent-
-ation in the Public Service
in the Kadur District.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.
Dated, Chikmagalur, 29th May 1915.

From,

K. Krishna Iyer, Esquire.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

To,

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire., B.A.,B.L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith, the revised statements giving necessary particulars on class - representation in the Public Service of the marginally -- noted Departments of this District as - called for in your D. O. No.698/E.A. dated the 26th instant.

Forest Department.
Local and Municipal Funds.
Police Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

K Krishna Iyer
Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

R.G.T.

Statement showing the extent to which several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Forest Department, Kadur District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.															Remarks.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Mahomedans.	Vokkaligas.	Christians.	Moodaliars	Lingayets.									
A. Non-Gazetted officers on Rs 50/- and above.	2	.	.	2	1	.	.									
B. Non-Gazetted officers below Rs 50/-	20	2	7	1	1	1	1									
Total	22	2	7	3	2	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	

Chikmagalur
29. 5. 1915.

Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public the Local Fund Department of the Kadur District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.															Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Moodaliars	Sudras	Christians	Mahomedans	Gangadikars	Kurubas (Hulumats)								
A. Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.								
B. Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/- &	24	.	2	.	.	.	1	1								
Total	24	-	2	-	.	.	1	1	-	.	-	.	-	.	.	

Chikmagalur
29. 5. 15.

Deputy Commissioner
Kadur Distri

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the ____ Police Department, Kadur District.

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by															Remarks.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Christians	Mahomedans.	Vokkaliyas.	Gangadikars.	Gold-smiths.	Rama Kshatriyas	Kurubars.	Bhobies (Ayyan)	Lingayets	Nainadaris	Madiatus	Sarasvathas.	Banajigas.	
Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above -	3	"	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	24	2	3	13	2	"	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	
Total	27	2	5	13	2	"	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	

Chikmagalur,
29. 5. 1915.

Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

D.O. No. 731
Ex 10
14/6

Dtd. 528/E.A.
14-6-15.

File no 3 3/4
Sl 72

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 12th June 1915.

Dear Sir,

As desired in your D.O.letter No.623/E.A. dated the 8th May 1915, I herein enclose ten statements showing the class representation in public service in the different departments.

Yours Sincerely,

M. Sreenivasulu

To

N.Madhava Rao Esq.,B.A., B.L.,
Assistant Secretary to Govt.
Genl. & Rev. Depts.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.
Dated, Mysore, 10th June 1915.

From

A. Subramanya Iyer, Esquire., B.A.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire., B.A. B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of His
Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to your D.O.letter No. 624/E.A. calling for the statements shewing class Representation in Public Service as regards the marginally noted Departments, I have the honor to state, that information regarding Excise, Registration and Forest Departments has been forwarded to the respective heads of Departments in Nos. 219,130 and 488 dated 3-12-14, 4-11-14 and 27-11-1914 respectively. I have herewith now submitted the required information as regards lice (including Executive ~~Establishment~~ Staff excluding the City Police), dicial, Municipal and Veterenary Departments.

The Assistant Superintendent of Police Mysore City, has reminded again for the immediate submission of the information will be submitted as soon as it is received.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant.

Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

D. No. 530/8.A
15-6-915
GPB—100,000—29-7-14

File No 30/14
8173

From

The Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District

To

The Secretary
to the Govt of Mysore
Gen. & Rev. Depts

Dated

Despatched 11.6.15.

Received

General No. 999
No.

Enclosure No. One

1. Police
2. Judicial
3. Excise
4. Registration
5. Municipal
6. Veterinary
7. Forest.

Submits a Statement showing class representation in Public Service.

Statement showing the extent to which the several ~~Communities~~ Communities are represented in the Public Service.

Police, Judicial, Municipal and Veterinary Departments.

309

Name of Department	Number of appointments held by:— Brahmins		Kshatriyas		Vaisyas		Muhammadans		Coorgis		Rajputs		Sikhs		Vakkaliga		Hale Kannadaka Brahmins		Kirti Gauligars		Kurubars & Gollers		Gowda Brahmins		Marthakas		Salaries, Nairs, Chettis etc		Total		Remarks.
	On Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	On Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Rs. 50/- and above	Below Rs. 50/-	Non Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	
Police (including Executive Staff).	5	72	1	4	.	.	1	18	1	1	.	5	.	3	.	7	.	4	.	1	1	2	.	2	1	.	.	3	10	122	Excluding City Police.
Judicial (Bench Magistrates' Court, City Magistrates' Court)	1	3	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	
Municipal	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	13	
Veterinary	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	
Total -	7	88	1	5	.	.	1	18	1	1	.	5	.	3	.	9	.	4	.	1	1	2	.	2	1	.	.	4	12	142	

Abrahamanya

Deputy Commissioner

Mysore Distt

D. no. 532/80. A
15-6-8/15

GPB—100,000 29.7.14

File no 3 of 14-
8174

191

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

To

The Secretary
to the Govt of Mysore
Gen. & Rev. Depts

Dated

Despatched 12.6.15.

Received

General No. 1003
No.

Enclosure No. One

Submits a Statement
giving information regarding
Class representation in the
Public Service.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Mysore District.

Dated, Mysore, 12th June 1915.

From

A. Subramanya Iyer, Esquire., B.A.,

Deputy Commissioner,

Mysore District.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire., B.A. B.L.,

Secretary to the Government of His

Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

General and Revenue Departments,

Bangalore.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No. 999 Dated 11-6-1915 I have the honor to submit herewith the statement giving information regarding class representation in the Public Service, in the Mysore City Police.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant.

Deputy Commissioner,

Mysore District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service.

Department.	No. of appointments held by.																												Total		Remarks
	Brahmins		Kshatriyas.		Vaishyas		Gowda Brahmins		Europeans		Mohammedans.		Hurubans		Vokkaliga rs.		Jattis.		Waidus		Lingayats		Telugu Banijigars		Holiyars.		Gollars.				
	Non Gazetted on Rs 50 and above.	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Rs 50 and above	Below Rs 50/-	Non Gazetted on Rs 50 and above.	Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-.	
Mysore City Police.	2	10	.	1	.	.	.	3	1	.	.	14	1	2	.	2	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	1	nil	4	4	41.	

Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

D.C. No. 361 Ex 2 sent separately. D. No. 533/Ex.A 2/13
15-6-15
File No 3 of 1456
Sl 25

MR 15/6

15/6/15

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Tumkur District,

Dated, Tumkur the 11th June 1915.

Dear sir,

As requested in your D.C. No.706 dated 31st ultimo I send herewith copies of corrected statements of the Police and Excise Departments showing the class representation in these Departments in this District.

Yours sincerely,

T.R.S. [illegible]

N. Madhava Rao, Esqr., B.A.,B.L.,

Assistant Secretary to Government,

General and Revenue Departments,

B A N G A L O R E.

4 Mc

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service Police Department Tumkur District as per statement submitted to the Inspector General of Police with this office. No. 240 dated 23rd November 1914.

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by: —																	
	Brahmins	Mahrattas	Rajputs	Sivachars	Mudaliars	Settibanajigar	Handeravarkar	Kachavar	Sathani	Naikar	Pallegar	Mohamedans	Asaari	Kurubars	Shettiar	Weavers	Wakkaligar.	Remarks.
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	3	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	-	"	"	1	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	37	2	-	3	1	1	1	1	1	6	1	19	1	1	1	1	2	
Total	40	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	6	1	21	1	1	1	1	3	

40
46.

Dated 8th June 1915
Tumkur

"Copy"
Forwarded
Deputy Commissioner.

(Sd) A. Hayes,
Superintendent of Police
Tumkur District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the public service.

Excise Department Tumkur District.

Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by: —										Remarks if any
	Brahmins	Marhattas	Rajputs	Vaisyas	Kachavaras	Naidu	Moodaliar	Betty Banajigar	Christians	Mahamadans	
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs. 50/. and above.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	Includes the officials of Taluk Range, Sub Range and District offices on superior service.
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	32	1	4	.	1	.	1	2	1	6	
Total	33	1	4	.	1	1	1	2	2	6	

18

Dated 1st June 1915
Tumkur

"Copy"
W. Spencer
Dy Deputy Commissioner.

(Sd) M. Abdul Hakim
District Excise Officer
Tumkur District.

76

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District.
Dated Chitaldrug, 15th June 1915.

From

V. R. Thyagaraja Iyer Esquire M.A.,
Deputy Commissioner,
C h i t a l d r u g.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao Esquire B.A.,B.L.,
Offg: Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
B a n g a l o r e.

S I R,

With reference to your D. O. No.629/E.A. dated 8th May 1915, I have the honor to submit herewith a statement showing class representation in public service in all the Departments except Revenue in this District.

I have the honor to be,
S I R,
Your most obedient servant,
S. Chakrapani
Assistant Commissioner,
For Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District.
(Absent from station).

S.V.

D. No. 550 / E. A. 3-14
19.8.914/15. 37/81 76.

From
The Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District.

VIII
Ser 1876

To
The Secretary to Government,
General & Revenue Departments
Bangalore

Dated 15th June 1915.
Despatched 16th June 1915
Received
General No. 581
No.
Enclosure No. one.

Submitting a statement showing class representation in public service in all the Departments, except Revenue, in this District.

file

G.P.B.—50,000—26-9-12

G. R. S. 26]

File No. B 14
Serial No. 77

Diary No. of letter replied to

D.O. No. 874
G.A.

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, the 191 .

To
The Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldroog

Date of issue 21-4-15

Signed Dr. B. Mahadeva Rao.

Sir,

In returning herewith the statement of class representation in public service received with your letter no. 581 dated the 16th June 1915, I am desired to request you to mention the castes of those shown under the column 'other Hindus' and return the statement early.

Yours &c
[illegible]
for Sec. Secretary
Genl. & Rev. Depts.

over.

SUBJECT.

D. no 567 18-A.
28.6.15

Deputy Commissioner
Nric, Chitaldroog Dt

D. o. No. 248.
Enc. one

Dy Chitaldroog
25th June 1915

78

Sir,

As desired in your D-O. No. 874/18A dated 21st June 1915, I return herewith the statement of class representation in public service, noting at foot, the castes to which the persons shown under column "Other Hindus" belong.

Yours faithfully

S. Ramachandra Iyengar
for Deputy Commissioner

To. N. Madhava Rao Esq B.A. B.L.
Asst Sec'y to Govt
General & Revenue Sec'ts
Bangalore.

Statement Showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service in all Departments, except Revenue, in the Chitaldrug District.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by												
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Lingayats	Naidus	Christians	Setti Banajigars	Kurubas	Naik	Mahomedans	Vakkaligas	other Hindus	Total
Non Gazetted Officers on Rs 50 & above													
Forest Department	3												3
Excise Department	2	1											3
Police Department	3			2									5
Registration Department	2												2
Municipal & Local Funds do					1								1
Survey Department	1												1
Total	11	1		2	1								15
Non Gazetted Officers below Rs 50 &													
Forest Department	13					4	1		1	2	1		21
Excise Department	32					2	1			4			39
Police Department	42	2						1	4	30	7		86
Registration Department	13												13
Municipal and Local Fund do	29		1	1						1		⊛3 ?	35
Marahamat Department	14				1								15
Survey Department.													
	143	2	1	1	1	6	1	1	5	37	8	3	209

⊛ 1 Pallegar
1. Chitragar
1 Singh
3

S. Chakrapani
For Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Kolar District.

No. 22/6

Dated Kolar 15th July 1915.

From

P. F. Bowring, Esquire,
Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A.,B.L.,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit herewith statements showing the extent to which the various communities are represented in the Public service in the several Departments noted in the margin as called for in your D.O. No. 625/E.A. dated 8th May 1915.

1. Police.
2. Registration.
3. Municipal.
4. Economic Conference.
5. Veterinary.
6. Marahamat.

As the statement for the Revenue Department already submitted with this office letter No. 225 dated 8th December 1914 includes information about the Treasury Establishment, no separate statement is submitted in respect of it. There is no Bench Magistrate's Court in this District nor is there a separate Muzrai Establishment.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

M. Venkatesa Iyengar

For Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

D. No 68/E.A.

GPB—100,000—29-7-14

17. 7. 15

191

From

The Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore,
Genl & Rev: Depts.
Bangalore.

Dated 15th July 1915.

Despatched

Received

General No. 22

No.

Enclosure No. 6

Submitting Statements showing the extent to which the various Communities are represented in the public Service in the District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service, Kolar district (Police department)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by													Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Jains	Sudras	Gangadas	European	Eurasians	Muhammadans	Non Christians	Coorgs	Native Christians	Non Christians	Rajputs	Mahrattas		
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs. 50 and above	7	1	.	-	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	56	-	13*	1	-	1	28	1	1	2	3	6	2	114	
Total.	63	1	13*	1	3	2	29	1	1	2	3	6	2	127	

6 Vokkaligas
7 Banajigas
13

M. Venkatesa Iyengar
for Deputy Commissioner
Kolar district

Statement showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service: Kolar district (Registration Department)

(1) Class of appointments	(2) Number of appointments held by —													Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Jains	Sudras	Europeans	Native Christians	Muhammadans	Mudaliyars	Naidu	Kaka-Rattas	Lingayats	Others		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 and above	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	17	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	21	
Total	23	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	27	

M. Venkatesa Iyengar
Deputy Commissioner
of Kolar district

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service: Kolar district (Local Fund and Municipal departments).

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by-													Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Jains	Sudras	Muhammadans	Native Christians	Uthra Madras	Muhammadans	Naidus	Uthra Marathas	Lingayats	Dhobies		
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs. 50 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	43	
Total.	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	43	

M. Venkatesa Iyengar
for Deputy Commissioner
Kolar district

395

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service. Kolar district (Economic Conference)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by —													Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Jains	Sudras	Muhammadans	Native Christians	Uriya Muhammadans	Muhammadans	Uriya Kattas	Lingayats	others			
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Total	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	

M. Venkatasa Iyengar
Inspecting Commissioner
for Kolar district

326

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public Service. Kolar district (Veterinary)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by													Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Lingayats	Vaisyas	Jains	Sudras	Muhammadans	Native Christians	Uthra Madras	Muhammadans	Naidus	Uthra Madras	Lingayats	Others		
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Total	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	

M. Venkatesa Iyengar
for Deputy Commissioner
of Kolar district

1427

Statement showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in Public Service Kolar district (Marahamat Department)

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by													Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Jains	Sudras	Adi Dravidas	Native Christians	Muhammadans	Anglo Indians	Naidu	Boyas	Lingayats	Dhobis		
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs. 50 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	21	-	1 Sanitaries		-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	24	
Total	21		1.	.	.	.	1	-	.	.	1	-	-	24	

Venkatesa Iyengar
for Deputy Commissioner
Kolar district

D. No. 194/8.A
17-8-15

D.O. 30

80

Deputy Commissioner's Office,

Dated Shimoga 12th August 1915.

Sir,

As desired in your D.O. letter No. 628/M.A. dated the 8th May 1915 and subsequent reminders No. 77-797/E.A. dated the 8th June 1915 and No. 65/E.A. dated 7th July regarding class representation in public service I herein enclose a statement as regards the Departments noted below. A revised statement of the Revenue Department is also sent, as some of the Departments for which separate figures are now given had been included under the Revenue Department.

Yours truly,

N. Madhava Rao, Esquire., B.A., B.L.,
Assistant Secretary to the Government of Mysore.

1. Judicial (Bench Magistrate's court)
2. Forest (including Executive staff)
3. Municipal (Moffusil Municipalities)
4. Treasury.
5. Marahmat.
6. Economic Conference.
7. Survey.
8. Veterinary.
9. Muzrai.

C.T.

Statement showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service, in the Shimoga District.

Name of Department	Class of Appointments	Number of appointments held by																				Remarks.
		Hindus																				
		Beda	Beda	Brahmin	Golla	Kshatria	Kumba	Kumbara	Lingayat	Madhvalla	Madhva	Madhva	Panchala	Pillay	Uppara	Vakkaliga	Coorga	Christian	Muslim	Total	
Judicial, Bench Magistrates Court —	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above																				
	(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50.			1																1	
(2) Forest, (Including Executive staff) —	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above			8													1		2	11	
	(b) -do — below 50/-			30					2	2	2							1	10	47	
(3) Municipal & mofussil municipalities —	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50/-																				
	(b) - do — below Rs 50/-			15																15	
(4) Treasury.	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above —			2																2	
	(b) do — on below Rs 50/-			10															1	11	
(5) Maramat	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above			1																1	
	(b) -do — on below Rs 50/-			11							1	1								13	
(6) Economic Conference	(a) Non Gazetted on Rs 50 & above																				
	(b) do — below Rs 50/-			2																2	
(7) Survey	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 & above			1																1	
(8) Veterinary dept	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 & above			1																1	
	(b) do — below Rs 50/-			2																2	
(9) Mazrai	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 & above																				
	(b) -do — on Rs below 50			1																1	
				85					2	2	3	1					1	1	13	108	

Shimoga
13th August 1915

Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District.

1 Revised Statement Showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Shimoga District, Revenue Department.

Name of Department	Class of Appointments	Number of Appointments held by																		
		Hindus																Christians	Mussalmans	Total
		Beda	Beda	Brahmins	Gotta	Kshatriya	Kumbara	Kumbla	Lingayat	Madivala	Mudaliar	Nayinga	Panchala	Pillay	Uppara	Vaisya	Vokkaliga			
	(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above			10							1							1		12
	(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-		2	167	1			5	2	4	1		1					3	10	196
	Total		2	177	1			5	2	4	2		1					4	10	208

Shimoga
13th August 1915

Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

G. R. S. 26]

File No. 3-14

Serial No. 81

Diary No. of letter replied to

No. 396 — 406
E. A.

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* 191 .

Date of issue 1. 9. 15

Signed by Mr N. Madhava Rao

To

(1) The Supt. Govt. Press.
(2) The Engineer-in-chief State Ry. Const.
(3) The Chairman Irrig. board
(4) The Stamp Commr.
(5) The D. G. of Education
(6) The Excise Commr.
(7) ~~The Conservator of Forests~~ The Chief Engineer in Mysore.
(8) The I. G. of Registration
(9) The Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commr.
(10) Dy. Commr. Kadur
(11) Dy. Commr. Bangalore.

Sir,

In returning herewith the statement showing the representation of the various communities in the service of

over.

SUBJECT.

300

your Department, I am directed to state that detailed information is required regarding the castes or communities to which those entered under the column "others" belong and to request that you will be so good as to resubmit the statement with the necessary particulars very early.

I have be

[illegible]

For Secretary

Genl Deptt.

[illegible] 25/5/15

List of enclosures

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—25,000—4-3-13

All Communications should be addressed to the Engineer-in-Chief and not by name

D. 291/ 10-9-15
8182

Telegrams
"STATERAIL"
CODE-5TH EDITION A.B.C.

OFFICE OF THE ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF,
MYSORE STATE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION,

Bangalore, 4th September 1915.

No. 8962 Sno: 1.
H. 289

FROM

The Engineer-in-Chief,
Mysore State Railway Construction Department,
BANGALORE.

To

The Secretary to Government of Mysore,
General Department,
Bangalore.

Sir,

Statement showing the representation of the various communities in the service of the State Railway Construction Deptt.

As desired in your letter No.403/E.A dated the 31st August 1915, I have the honour to return herewith the above statement with necessary particulars required noted in the remarks column.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Y K Ramachandra Rao
Engineer-in-Chief,
State Railway Construction.

CSS

4/9

GPB—5,000—23-5-14

STATEMENT SHOWING THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE SEVERAL COMMUNITIES ARE ~~XXXX~~ REPRESENTED IN ~~THE~~ PUBLIC SERVICE.

MYSORE STATE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION DEPARTMENT.

	Number of appointments held by.										Total	Remarks if any.
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas.	Vokaligars.	Christians.	Mohomadens.	Naidus.	Moodrs.	Lingayats.	Men of other casts.		
Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	19	4.	..	1	3	2	2	4	1	..	36	
Non-Gazetted below Rs.50	119	2	..	5	12	5	7	8	1	2	161	
Total.	138	6	..	6	15	7	9	12	2	2	197	

Engineer-in-Chief,
State Railway Construction.

GPB.—100,000—29-7-14

1915-16.

From

The Deputy Comr.
Kadur Dist.

To

The Secretary to Govt.
General Dept.

Dated 7 Sept. 1915

Despatched 8 Sept. 1915

Received

General No. 163

No.

Enclosure No. 2

Submitting a fresh statement giving detailed information regarding the castes or communities represented in the Public service in the Rev: Dept. of this Dist.

D. No. 298/88
13-9-15

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Kadur District,

Dated Chikmagalur, 7th September 1915.

From,

K. Krishna Iyer, Esquire.,

Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.

To,

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire., B.A., B.L.,

Secretary to the Government of His Highness the

Maharaja of Mysore, General Department,

B A N G A L O R E.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No. 406/E.A. I have the honor to forward a fresh statement giving detailed information regarding the castes or communities represented in the Public Service in the Revenue Department of this District corrected up to the end of November 1914.

The Statement received with your above reference is retransmitted herewith.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

Deputy Commissioner,

Kadur District.

C.M.K.

Statement Showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the public Service in the Revenue Department in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District –

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by					Remarks –
	Brahmins.	Lingayats	Gangadikar Vokaliga	Mangalore christian.	Total.	
Non Gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	6	1	1		8.	
Non Gazetted below Rs 50/-	16	1		1	18.	
Total	22	2	1	1	26.	

7.9.1915

In charge Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District

Statement Shewing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service in the Revenue Department of the office of the Deputy Commissioner Kadur District –

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by — Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	other Castes	Musalmans	Total	Remarks –
Non Gazetted on Rs 50 and above —	6	.	.	2	.	8	one is a Lingayat Nadodda is a Kadu Gowda Kur Vokkaliga.
Non Gazetted below Rupees 50	16	.	.	1+1*	.	18	*1 is a Malayalam Christian; Tamilian is a Lingayat.
Total	22	.	.	4	.	26	

Chittaragadur
Dated 23rd November 1910.

W Wallace
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District.

108

D. no 290 18. A.
10. 9. 15

W. D. 305—GPB—1,000—16-8-15

No. 632
Cui: ne

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT,
GOVERNMENT PRESS,

Dated Bangalore, 4th September 1915

FROM

C. H. YATES, ESQ.,
SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS,
BANGALORE.

TO D. Ms. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A. B.L.,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No. 402/18. A, dated 31st August / 1st September 1915, I have the honor to retransmit herewith the Statement showing the representation of the various communities in the service in the Government Press, Bangalore, duly noting detailed information re castes on the reverse thereof.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant
C. H. Yates
Superintendent
Government Press

Statement showing the particulars of various castes under the head "Other Hindus."

Class of appointments	Other Hindus	Number	Remarks
(a) Non Gazetted on Rs: 50/- & above	Naidu	1	
	Vokkaligas	1	
	Gollar	1	
	Gold Smith	1	
	Total	4	
(b) Non Gazetted below Rs: 50/-	Weavers	17	
	Gollars	6	
	Mahasattas	7	
	Medaliars	12	
	Naidus	3	
	Sadars	2	
	Gold Smith	1	
	Vokkaligas	5	
	Satani	1	
	Pallegars	2	
	Ziglars	5	
	Halwatha	1	
	Lingayat	1	
	Devangas	3	
	Kurubars	2	
	Panchamas	4	
	Total	72	

Bangalore,
6th September 1915.

Superintendent,
Government Press.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service (Permanent Establishment of the Government Press, Bangalore).

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by					Total	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Other Hindus	Christians	Mahomedans		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	3	-	4(a) +	1	-	8	(a) Please see order for details
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs: 50/-	28	2	72(b) +	11	5	118	(b) do
Total	31	2	76 X	12	5	126	

Bangalore,
9th November 1914.

C. Yates
Superintendent,
Government Press.

D. 303 / E.A
13-9-15

OFFICE OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE,

No. 106
E.1

Bangalore, dated 6th September 1915.

FROM

P. RAGHAVENDRA RAO, ESQ., B.A., B.L.,
Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General ~~and Revenue~~ Departments.

Sir,

In reply to your letter No. 398/E. A. dated 31-8-1915, returning the statement showing the representation of the various communities in the service of this Department, I have the honor to state that as the sub-divisions under the head "Hindus-others", have to be counted by the hundred, it is not practicable to give details regarding the various castes or communities constituting it. There are included in it, all those who do not come, or, are not usually brought under, the other three main heads amongst these professing the Hindu faith. In case, this is considered unsuitable for any reason, I beg that -- necessary instructions may be kindly given now for my guidance in the matter.

The enclosure to your letter accompanies.

I have the honor to be,
S i r,
Your most obedient servant,
P. Raghavendra Rao
Excise Commissioner. 7.9.15

MRG.

GPB—2,000—14-5-14

191

FROM

P. RAGHAVENDRA RAO, ESQ., B.A., B.L.,
Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To

Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Gen. and Rev. Depts.

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No.

Enclosure No.

SUBJECT.

DIARY No. 322

19 10

SECTION E.A.B.

FILE No. 3-16

SERIAL No.

345

No. 661

Office of the Inspector-General of Registration in Mysore,
Dated, Bangalore, 15th September 1915.

From

P. Raghavendra Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Inspector-General of Registration in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of H. H. the
Maharaja of Mysore,
General Department, Bangalore.

Sir,

In reply to your letter No. 397/ E.A. dated 31st August 1915, returning the statement showing the representation of the various communities in the service of this Department, I have the honor to state that as the sub-divisions under the head "Other Hindus" have to be counted by the hundred, it is not practicable to give details regarding the various castes or communities consisting it. There are included in it, those who do not come, or, are not usually brought under, the other three main heads amongst those professing the Hindu faith. In case this is considered unsuitable for any reason, I beg that necessary instructions may be kindly given now for my guidance in the matter.

2. The enclosure to your letter accompanies.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

D. Srinivasa Rao

Assistant to the Inspector-General of Registration for Inspector-General of Registration in Mysore, absent from station.

16.9.15

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by								
	Hindus.				Christians.		Mahamadans.	Others.	Total.
	Brahmins.	Kshytriyas.	Vaisyas.	Others.	European & Eurasian.	Indians			
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs. 50/-, and above.	35	,,	1	3	,,	,,	1	,,	40
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-,	157	2	2	7	,,	2	3	,,	173
Total	192	2	3	10	,,	2	4	,,	213

P. Raghavendra Rao
11.12.14
Inspector-General of Registration
in Mysore,
BANGALORE.

11.12.14

B.K.
10-12-'14.

D. no 333.

No. 191
Enc. one.

Office of the Commissioner of
Stamps in Mysore,
Dated, Bangalore, 16th Sept. 1915.

From

P. Raghavendra Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Commissioner of Stamps in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of H. H.
the Maharaja of Mysore,
General Department, Bangalore.

Sir,

Adverting to your letter No. 399/ E. A., dated the 1st instant calling for the early submission of detailed information re the castes or communities to which those entered under the column "Others" belong, I have the honor to invite kind reference to my letter No. 661 dated 15th September 1915, addressed to you in my capacity as Inspector-General of Registration in Mysore.

I have the honor to be,
S i r,
Your most obedient servant,

D. Srinivasa Iyengar

Assistant to the Commissioner
of Stamps for Commissioner
of Stamps absent from station.

15-9-15

Statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Stamp Department, Mysore Government.

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by									Remarks.
	Hindus.				Christians					
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaisyas.	Others.	Europeans or Eurasians.	Indians.	Mahomedans.	Others.	Total.	
(a) Non-Gazetted. on R.50 and above.	.	.	.	1.	.	.	.	.	2.	The post of Supervisor in the Stamp Manufactory on the pay which is 50-5-75, is vacant.
(b). Non-Gazetted, below R.50/-.	8.	1.	2.	5.	.	1.	1.	.	18.	

P. Raghavendra
30.11.14
Commissioner of Stamps.

30.11.14

Dated Bangalore
30th November 1914.

G. R. S. 26]

File No.

Serial No.

Diary No. of letter replied to

No. 665-6-7
E.A

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, the 191 .

To
1) The Excise Commr 665
2) The Stamp Commr 666
3) The I. G. of Registration 667

Date of issue 5-10-15

Signed by Mr. N. Madhava Rao,

With reference to your letter no
dated stating that
it is not practicable to give the
details regarding the various com-
munities to which the men shown
under other Hindus' in the statement
showing the representation of com-
munities in the public service, and
~~seeking~~ asking for further instructions, I

over.

SUBJECT.

I am directed to request you to give details
~~information under the headings in~~ general
the appended statement early under
the heads noted in the accg statement

I have be

NEL
For Secretary.

NW
24/9/13

List of enclosures

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—25,000—4-8-13

Statement shewing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service.

.....Department.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by																					Total	Remarks if any
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Banajiga	Baniya	Beda	Besta	Darzi	Ganiga	Golla	Holeya and Madiga	Mahratta	Modali	Naidu	Panchala (all smiths)	Pillay	Reddy	Tigala	Vokkaliga	~~[illegible]~~	Others not enumerated above.		
Non-Gazetted-Rs 50 & above																							
Non-Gazetted below Rs 50																							
Total																							

GPB—3,210—1-6-15

Edn. 15]

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF EDUCATION IN MYSORE.

No. 5619/253 Enc. 1

Bangalore, 21st September *191* 5

From

Rao Bahadur
M. SHAMA RAO, ESQ., M.A.,
Inspector-General of Education in Mysore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao, ESQ., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
General *Department.*

SIR,

With reference to your letter No.401/E.A. dated 31st August 1915/1st September 1915, I have the honour to submit a fresh statement showing the representation of the various communities in service in this Department. The statement submitted with my letter No.9287/394 dated 30th November 1914 and which has been returned, was prepared at a time when the schedules could not be properly classified for want of necessary information. Some additions had also to be made to them. The fresh statement herewith submitted has been prepared on the basis of the printed schedules as they stood on 1st July 1914 and it gives complete and correct information now.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

M. Shama Rao

Inspector General.

TNR.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE SEVERAL COMMUNITIES ARE REPRESENTE

IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE. (EDUCATION DEPARTMENT).

Number of appointments held by

No.	Community.	Non-Gazetted on Rs.50 and above.	Non-Gazetted below Rs.50	T o t a l.
1	Brahmins	116	2,953	3,069
2	Kshatriyas	2	20	22
3	Vaisyas	1	12	13
4	Mohomedans	6	597	603
5	Christians	3	22	25
6	Jains	-	11	11
7	Mahrattas	-	31	31
8	Sudras	-	9	9
9	Devangas	1	25	26
10	Koramas	-	2	2
11	Reddies	-	3	3
12	Modaliars	-	10	10
13	Akkasales	-	12	12
14	Vokkaligas	-	50	50
15	Lingayets	3	226	229
16	Kurubas	-	23	23
17	Banajigas	1	58	59
18	Vadders	-	2	2
19	Naidus	1	9	10
20	Bedas	-	12	12
21	Agasas	-	5	5
22	Areru	-	2	2
23	Satanis	-	22	22
24	Sadars	-	3	3
25	Holeya	-	17	17
26	Nayaka	-	16	16
27	Ediga	-	1	1
		134	4153	4287

	134	4153	4287
28 Halikar	--	1	1
29 Golla	--	3	3
30 Rajaput	--	3	3
31 Tigala	--	1	1
32 Alagamatha	--	1	1
33 Madiga	--	2	2
34 Toreya	----	1	1
35 Parivara	--	3	3
36 Hajama	--	1	1
37 Bilemagga	--	3	3
38 Uppara	--	6	6
39 Besta	--	5	5
40 Sameraya	--	2	2
41 Byragi	--	1	1
42 Kunchiga	--	4	4
43 Darji	--	9	9
44 Sonagar	--	4	4
45 Badagi	--	1	1
46 Numadhari (Nagarathas)	--	3	3
47 Togata	--	1	1
48 Palegar	--	3	3
49 Joge	--	1	1
50 Chitragar	1	2	3
51 Bhattaraju	--	1	1
52 Sale	--	3	3
53 Bhudist	2	-	2
54 Pillays	1	3	4
55 Sutakula	-	1	1
56 Sowrastra	1	-	1
57 Panchama	-	4	4
58 Lambani	-	1	1
59 Potter	-	1	1
60 Ganiga	-	1	1
	139	4229	4368

	139	4229	4368
61. Malla	-	1	1
62. Mochi	-	1	1
63. Koranvanji	-	1	1
Total..	139	4,232	4,371

Bangalore,
21st September 1915.

INSPECTOR GENERAL OF EDUCATION.

SAV.

U III
30/9/70

DIARY No. 358 359

19 - 19
GPB—8,210—1-6-1
SECTION E. D. B
FILE No. 3-14
SERIAL No.

Edn. 15]

From

Rao Bahadur
M. SHAMA RAO, Esq., M.A.,
Inspector-General of Education
in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
~~Edn & Agri~~ General ..... *Dept.*

No. 5619/253

Dated 21. 9. 1915

Received

No. of Enclosure. 1

Subject

Submitting a Castewise Statement of officers employed in the Education Department

DIARY No. 374/8.A-26.10.15.

1915-1916.
SECTION E.A
FILE No. 3-14.
SERIAL No.

1915.16.

From ~~The Secretary to the Govt, Genl~~ The Deputy Commissioner Bangalore Dt

To

The Secretary to the Govt, Genl. Department Bangalore

Dated

Despatched

Received 4-10-1915.

General No. S. 230.
No.

Enclosure No. 4.

Submitting revised statements showing the communal representation in public service

35 4/1

Deputy Commissioner'sOffice,

No. S.230/4.

Bangalore, 4th October 1915.

From

K.Chandy, Esq., B.A.,

Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District.

To

D.M.Narasinga Rao,Esq.,B.A.,B.L.,

Secretary to the Government of H.H.

the Maharaja of Mysore, General Department.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No.405/E.A.dated the 1st September 1915 and subsequent reminder thereon No.593-8/E.A.dated the -- 27th idem, I have the honor to submit herewith revised statements showing the communal representation in public service in this District, with the particulars called for duly entered. The two statements returned with your letter under reference are also retransmitted for reference.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant.

K Chandy

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

L.S.R.
1.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service. (Bangalore District)

Police Department -

(Bangalore District Police Force).

Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by :-																							
	Brahmin	Kshatriya	Vaisya	Lingayat	Vokkaliga	Reddiar	Naidoo	Nalayar	Jain	Banajiga	Maratha	Kumbar	Gollar	Coorgi	Poonasela	Raicheur	Christian	Muhammadan	Rajmahendra	Byatar	Eurasian	Parsi	Jews	Gothigan	Total
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	6
(b) Non-Gazetted ~~on~~ below Rs 50/-	46	.	.	1	4	.	1	.	.	2	4	1	1	.	.	.	.	16	1	1	1	1	3	3	86
Total	48	.	.	1	5	.	1	.	.	2	4	1	1	.	.	.	.	17	1	1	2	2	3	3	92

Dy Comr's office,
Bangalore,
1st October 1915

[illegible]
For Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore Dt.

(2)

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the Public Service - (Bangalore District).

Police Department -
(Bangalore City Police Establishment).

Class of appointment	Number of appointments held by;-																							
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisya	Lingayat	Vokkaliga	Arasu	Naidoo	Paleygar	Jains	Banajiga	Marata	Kumbar	Gollar	Coorgi	Madivala	Rachevar	~~[illegible]~~	Christians	Mahomedans					Total
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- & above	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1					4
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/-	20	-	-	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	1	1	-	4	9					50
Total	22	-	-	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	1	1	-	5	10					54

Dy Town's office,
Bangalore,
1st October 1915.

[illegible]
for Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore Dt.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service..

District Police Department. (Bangalore District)

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																			
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Lingayets	Vokkaliga	Mudaliars	Naidoo	Palegar	Jains.	Banajiga	Kumbaras	Marata	Christians	Mahomedans	Eurasians	Idigas	Gollas	Bettiyas	Other Hindus	Hindu Ty. Weavers	Total
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	6
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50/-	46	-	-	1	3	-	1	-	-	2	1	4	1	16	1	1	1	3	2 ×	3	86
Total:-	48	-	-	1	4	-	1	-	-	2	1	4	1	17	2	2	1	3	2	3	92

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 10th December '14.

K. Chandy

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service..

Police Department. (City Police)

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																	
	Brahmins	Kshetriya	Vaisya	Lingayets	Vokkaliga	Mudaliars	Naidoo	Palegar	Jains.	Banajiga	Other Hindus	Marata	Christians	Mahomedans	Kumbars	Fishermen Soldiers	Total	Remarks if any.
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs.50/- and above.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1			4	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs.50/-	20	-	-	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	3	3	4	9	1	1	50	
Total:-	22	-	-	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	3	3	5	10	1	1	54	

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 10th December '14.

K. Mandy

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

From

The Senior Surgeon,
Mysore Govt., Bangalore.

To

The Secretary
to the Govt. of Mysore,
General Deptt.,
Bangalore.

Dated 6 - 10 - 1915.

No. G. 197

Encls. 1

Subject.

Furnishes certain particulars called for by Government regarding the statement of communal representation in the Medical Department.

No. G. 197
Encls. 1

Office of Senior Surgeon, Mysore Govt.

Dated, Bangalore, Oct. - 6 1915 191

DIARY No. 38/
SECTION E.A.B
FILE No. 3-14
SERIAL No.

From

Rao Bahadur T. V. Arumugum Mudaliar, Esq., M. B., C. M.,
Senior Surgeon with the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

To

The Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
General Deptt., Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honor to resubmit the statement received with your letter No.400/E.A., dated, the 31st August 1915, with the particulars called for noted in the remarks column thereof.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T V Arumugum

Senior Surgeon.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public services.

Mysore Medical Depth.,

2.

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by:—																																	
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Vellalars	Banajigas	Kunbis	Marathas	Nuligis	Lingayats	Kurubas	Bedas	Vokkaliyas	Panchalas	Gollars	Reddis	Vaniyas	Kanakas	Parias	Pattis	Ati Valamas	Agamudiyas	Chettis	Pillays	Vaishnavas	Malayalees	Sidras	Europeans	Eurasians	Indian Christians	Mohamedans	Others	Total	Remarks.
(a) Non-gazetted. On Rs. 50/- & above	51	3	1	16	7	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	-	1	1	1	3	2	-	1	6	15	22	7	-	146	* 1 Rachewar 1 Patte Saligar
(b) do. Below Rs. 50/-	72	13	3	40	28	8	4	1	2	5	4	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	6	2	9	121	19	* 5	352	1 Davedy 2 Aleman.
Total.	123	16	4	56	35	9	4	2	2	5	4	3	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	4	4	1	7	8	24	143	26	5	498	

OFFICE OF SENIOR SURGEON & SANRY. COMMR. MYSORE GOVT.
2 - SEP 1915
BANGALORE

Office of the Senior Surgeon,
Mysore Government,
Dated, Bangalore, 27-11-1914.

Senior Surgeon,
Mysore Govt., Bangalore.

From

THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER
IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

To

To. the Secretary to Government
General Department,
Bangalore.

Dated
Despatched } 7 - OCT 1915
Received

General No. 1480
No.

Enclosure No. One Set.

SUBJECT.

Forwarding a revised statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the service in this Department.

3458
11

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the public service of the Public Health Department

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by																	Remarks
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Mahomedans	Christians	Rajputs	Marathas	Vakkligars	Sathanis	Devangas	Gollars	Vellals	Padmasalas	Kurubars	Lingayets	Baliyigars	Total	
(a) Non-gazetted on Rs. 50/- and above	2	1	.	3	-	-	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	-	.	8	
(b) Non-gazetted below Rs. 50/-	27	4	.	40	13	6	3	7	2	1	1	4	1	5	4	4	122	
Total	29	5	-	43	13	6	4	7	2	1	1	5	1	5	4	4	130	

Office of Sanitary Commissioner
M.G.
Bangalore 5th October/15

Sd/- [illegible]

Sanitary Commissioner

OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER
WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

No. 1480
Enc. 1 Sa.

Bangalore, Dated the 7 15 October 1915.

DIARY No. 396

19	
SECTION	E.A.B.
FILE No.	
SERIAL No.	

From

RAO BAHADUR T. V. ARUMUGAM MUDALIAR, ESQ., M.B.C.M.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of His
Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General Department, Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No. 396-406 E.A. dated the 1st April last, I have the honor to forward herewith a revised statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the service in the Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T V Arumugam

Sanitary Commissioner.

P.H.

DIARY No. 385

369

19 - 9

SECTION E.A.B.

FILE No.

SERIAL No.

No. 226./Enc. one.

Office of the Commissioner of
Stamps in Mysore,
Dated, Bangalore, 11th October 1915.
13th

From

P. Raghavendra Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Commissioner of Stamps in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of H. H. the
Maharaja of Mysore,
General Department, Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to correspondence ending with your letter No. 666/ E. A., dated the 4th instant, I have the honor to forward, herewith, a revised statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Stamp Department of the State, as it stood on 11th October 1915.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

D. Srinivasa Iyengar

Assistant to the Commissioner
of Stamps for Commissioner of
Stamps absent from station.

12/10/15

B.K.
12-10-15.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Stamp Department, Mysore Government.

Class of appointment.	Number of appointments held by																							Total	Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	~~Banajigas.~~ Vaisya Banajiga	Bania.	Beda.	Besta.	Darzi	Ganiga	Golla	Holeya and Madiga	Lingayata	Mahratta	Modaliar	Naidu	Panchala (all smiths.)	Pillay	Reddy	Tigala	Vokkaliga	Mohomedans	Christians. European or Eurasian.	Christians. Indians	Others not enumerated above.		
(a) Non-Gazetted Rs. 50 & above.	% 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	---	-	--	1	--	--	-	-	-	-	-	--	-	---	2	% Includes the appointment of Mr. C.N. Krishna Murti, B.A. as Supervisor of the Stamp Manufactory, Vide G.O. No. Fl. 5181-2/S.R. 19-14-17 dated 18th March 1915.
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-.	@ 9	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	---	-	1	-	3	--	-	-	-	1	1	--	1	---	19	@ Includes the appointment of B.Krishna Iyengar, as Stamp Clerk of the Stamp Commissioner's Office, approved by Government in their letter No. Fl. 372 dated 21st July 1915.

D. Krishna Murthy

Assistant to the Commissioner of Stamps for Commissioner of Stamps absent from station.

12-10-15

370

VIII

GPB—50,000—30-7-15

1915-16

371

From P. Raghavendra Rao Esq: B.A. B.L.
D.G. of Registration in Mysore

To D. M. Narasinga Rao Esq: B.A. B.L.,
Secretary to the Govt of H. H.
the Maharaja of Mysore,
General Depo:

Dated 14th October 1915

Despatched 16th

Received

General No. 887
No.

Enclosure No. one

Forwarding a Statement of the various castes or communities to which the officials of this Department belong.

D. 20. 399/E.D
20-10-15

372

Office of the Inspector-General of
Registration in Mysore,
Dated Bangalore, 11th October 1915.
16th

No. 887
Enclosure

From

P. Raghavendra Rao Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
Inspector-General of Registration
in Mysore,Bangalore.

To

D.M. Narasinga Rao Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore,
General Department.

Sir,

As requested in your letter No.667/E.A. dated the 4th Instant, I have the honor to forward herewith, a statement giving details in the form required of the various castes or communities to which the officials of this Department belong.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

D. Sreenivasa Rao

Assistant to the Inspector-General of
Registration for Inspector-General of
Registration absent from station.

12 10 15

M.N.R.

373

Statement Showing the extent to which the Several Communities are represented in the Public Service - Registration Department.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by.													
	Hindus									Christians		Mahomadans	Others	Total
	Brahmins	Chettiyars	Vaidyas	Sivagyas	Mudaliars	Balajiga	Vellalas	Pongali	Rajulu	European and Eurasian	Indians			
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50/- and above	35	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	40
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50/	157	2	2	3	-	-	2	1	1	-	2	3		173
Total	192	2	3	4	1	1	2	1	1	-	2	4	-	213

D. [illegible]
for Inspector General
of Registration
12 10 15

IV 20/10 13/ 1915

From

The President, City Munl.
Council, Mysore.

To

The Secy. to Govt. of Mysore,
Genl. ~~Rev~~. Dept.

Dated 23rd
Despatched 26th } October 1915.

Received

General No. 112
No.

Enclosure No. one

Resubmitting the statement showing the representation of various communities in the service of this municipality with details as to the caste or nationalities of the number shown under other classes.

37

DIARY No. 414

19	
SECTION	E A B
FILE No.	3-14
SERIAL No.	

No. 112

THE CITY MUNICIPAL OFFICE, MYSORE,
Dated 23rd October *191* 5.

From T.G.Lukshmana Rao, Esquire., L.C.E.,
President, City Municipal Council,
Mysore.

To D.M.Narasinga Rao, Esquire., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
General ~~*Revenue*~~ *Department.*

SIR,

As desired in your letter No. 404 /E.A. dated the 1st September 1915, I have the honour to re-submit the statement showing the representation of various communities in the Municipal Service of this Mysore City, with details as to the caste or nationalities of the number shown under other classes noted thereon.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

President.

M.R.V.

376
11

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the public service in the Mysore City Municipality.

Class of appointments.	Number of appointments held by									Total
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Sudras. Vokkaligas.	Lingayets	Mahomedans	Mudaliar	Christians	Other classes	
(a) Non-gazetted on Rs.50 and above.	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	3
(b) Non-gazetted below Rs.50.	48	2	2	5	5	13	1	4	7	87
Total	49	2	3	5	5	14	1	4	7	90

City Municipal Office,

Mysore,

Dated the 27th November 1914.

Details for 7 shown under other classes

Oshtamagaste 1
Pillay 1
Naiyar 1
Bedar 1
Telugu Brangigar 1
Eurasian 1
Prapanna Vaishnava 1
Total 7

I Duk Srinivasa Rao

President.

377

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: *Statewoks.*

No. 11697

MYSORE P. W. DEPARTMENT.

CENTRAL OFFICE,

Bangalore 15th December 1915

From

Rajasabhabhushana KARPUR SHRINIVASRAO, ESQ., B.Sc., L.C.E.,

Chief Engineer of Mysore,

Bangalore.

DIARY No. 526 17.12.15

19 - 19	
SECTION	E-A
FILE No.	3-14
SERIAL No.	

To

The Secretary

to the Government of Mysore,

General Department,

BANGALORE.

Sir,

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter No.848/E.A. dated the 22nd November 1915, I have the honour to forward herewith a modified statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Works Department.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

R V Sundaramia

Assistant Chief Engineer of Mysore.

J.R.

Statement showing the extent to which the several communities are represented in the Public Service.

— Public Works Department. —

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by																									Total	Remarks, if any.
	Brahmins.	Kshatriyas.	Vaishyas.	Mudaliars.	Vaniyars.	Pillais.	Naidus.	Chettis.	Vakkaliyas.	Banajigas.	Karanigars.	Kshatriyas.	Lingayats.	Tailors.	Goldsmiths.	Salaris.	Naiks.	Bestas.	Oppars.	Sudras.	Jews.	Jains.	Muhammadans.	Native Christians.	Eurasians.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		
(a) Non-Gazetted on Rs 50 and above.	70	1	2	31	1	1	6	-	1	1	-	2	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	2	3	12	140	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs 50.	497	4	1	83	.	5	51	4	12	-	1	5	8	1	-	2	1	3	-	1	-	3	23	16	4	725	
Total.	567	5	3	114	1	6	57	4	13	1	1	7	10	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	1	3	25	19	16	865	

Bangalore,
15th December 1915.

R V Sundaraiyar
Assistant Chief Engineer of Mysore.

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GA 79.

OFFICE OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE.

No. 255

Bangalore, dated 11th January 1916.

FROM

P. Raghavendra Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General ~~and Revenue~~ Departments.
Bangalore.

Sir,

Adverting to your letter No. 665/E.A. dated 4th October 1915 and subsequent reminders thereon, I have the honor to forward herewith a revised statement showing the representation of communities in the Excise Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P Raghavendra Rao 11.1.16
Excise Commissioner.

MRG.

Statement showing the extent to which the several Communities are represented in the public service
Excise Department.

Class of appointments	Number of appointments held by																													Remarks if any
	Brahmins	Kshatriyas	Vaisyas	Banajigars	Bunia.	Beda	Bracta	Darji	Ganiga	Golla	Holeya & Madiga	Jangama	Kabaratta	Kurubar	Naidu	Panchala (all trades)	Pillay	Reddy	Sigala	Vokkaliga	Rajput	Coorgs	Mohammedans	Christians	Parsees	Brahmos	Portuguese	Persian		Total	
(a) Non-Gazetted Rs 50/- and above	24	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	1	4	-	-	-	-		38	
(b) Non-Gazetted below Rs. 50/-	252	11	1	6	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	4	6	8	-	1	-	-	11	7	1	43	18	1	1	1	1		378	
	276	12	2	6	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	4	7	10	-	4	-	-	11	8	1	44	22	1	1	1	1		416	

Excise Commissioner's Office,
Dated, Bangalore, 11th January 1916

P Raghavendra
11.1.16
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore